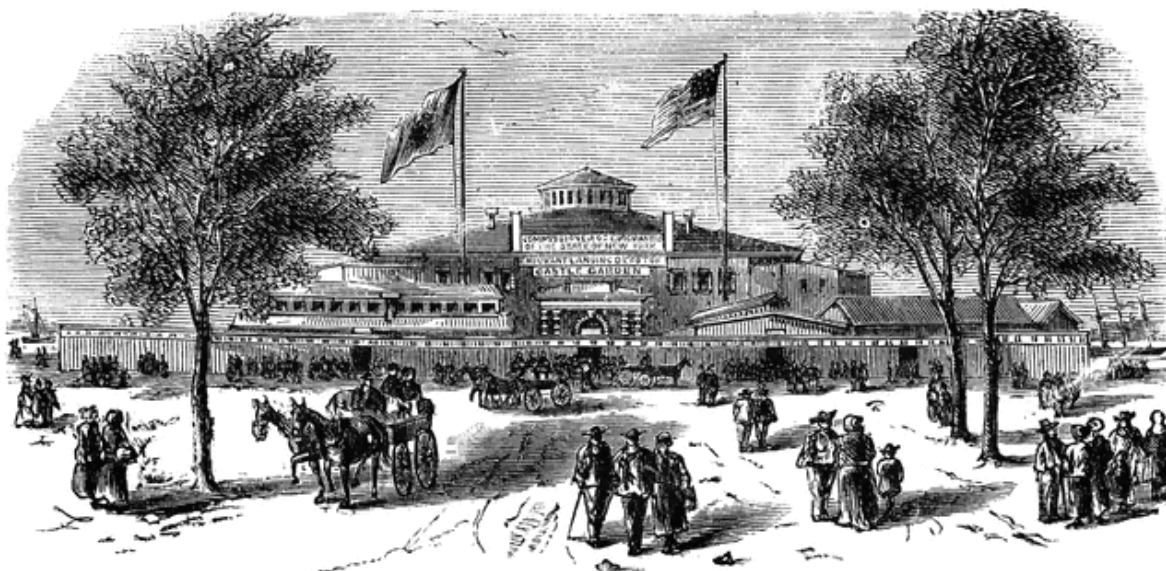


IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS-VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA 1874

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Castle Garden Immigration Station, Port of New York. Exterior view from the Battery, Harper's Weekly 1871, from the postcard collection of Maggie Land Blanck.
<http://maggieblanck.com/Immigration.html>

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INTRODUCTION:

It was in the settlements of the partitioned districts of the old Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth where our root families came together to form a cohesive group. The Swiss-Volhynian identity was thereby established for the most part in the settlements of Polish-Austria (Galacia) and Polish-Russia (Volhynia). It was from the latter that they immigrated to America in 1874.

Unlike many of the Mennonite groups from Russia, the Swiss Volhynians were a small group and it is generally stated that almost all of them left Russia in 1874 and came to America. There were however some who remained in Russia and other parts of Europe and some who immigrated later, but those are only a small number when compared to the whole [1].

This mass migration, unprecedented in the history of the Swiss-Volhynians, provides us with a rare opportunity to construct a genealogical snap-shot of the Swiss-Volhynian community at the specific points in time when they boarded the steam ships to cross the rough waters of the Atlantic Ocean. The Customs Passenger Lists or Manifests document the migration and serve as basis in fact to be compared with the available genealogical data and resources.

The principal focus of this study is the identification of the immigrants and whenever possible the conveyance of information related to their initial settlement in America.

An index of families is provided to aid the reader in navigating this document. If one knows the names of a husband and wife pair then the page location of those records can be determined. The passenger pages are ordered according to enumeration for each ship the same as they are in the original manifest.

Clips from the manifests are provided with each family discussion to invite the reader to judge for themselves the accuracy of the various transcriptions and correlations that are presented in this report.

All total this study presents information for 880 persons from 169 families from the four principle voyages of the Swiss Volhynians.

[1]: Schrag, Vernon C., 2017, "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874", 44 p., Swiss Mennonite Cultural and Historical Association (SMCHA), Historical Documents, <https://swissmennonite.org/index.html>

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

At the time of this study we find a wealth of genealogical data in the Swiss-Volhynian Database of Betty (Graber) Hartzler. It would have been a torturous exercise to attempt this project without that crucial resource. The Swiss-Volhynian Database organizes the massive genealogical resources that have been reported and compiled through the years, making these readily accessible via the Internet. It is a highly significant contribution to anyone researching Swiss-Volhynian history.

A special note of thanks is due Betty for her helpful suggestions, her help with some of the most difficult identifications and her efforts in proofing this document.

Also of great importance is the work of James W. Krehbiel (1995), "Swiss Russian Mennonite Families Before 1874". He provides, in printed form, an extensive compilation and indexing of pertinent Swiss-Volhynian data from the Russian era. The data of that period is by it's very nature incomplete and often riddled by contradictions. Krehbiel makes every effort to document the conflicts and to resolve these through reason and by weighing more heavily that information which can be derived from primary sources. In this study we seek to follow his example.

When we study the history of our ancestors, the Swiss-Volhynians, we do so with sincerity, with pride and with the utmost of respect and admiration.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: PREFACE:

STEAMSHIPS WHICH CARRIED SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS TO AMERICA:

Ship/Voyage	NY Arrival	#Persons	#Families	Generalized Surnames
SS City of Richmond (Liverpool/Queenstown/NY)	05/18/1874	59	11	Mueller, Schrag, Schwartz, Waltnr
SS City of Richmond (Liverpool/Queenstown/NY)	07/27/1874	94	15	Gering, Graber, Schrag, Schwartz, Sehner, Sutter
SS City of Chester (Liverpool/Queenstown/NY)	08/24/1874	301	65	Albrecht, Gering, Graber, Kaufman, Preheim, Ries, Schrag, Schwartz, Stucky
SS City of Richmond (Liverpool/Queenstown/NY)	08/31/1874	426	78	Albrecht, Dirks, Flickner, Gering, Graber, Kaufman, Krehbiel, Nachtigal, Ries, Schrag, Schroeder, Schwartz, Strausz, Stucky, Waltnr, Wedel, Voran, Zerger
SS Westphalia (Hamburg/Havre/NY)	11/13/1874	8	1	Gering
RMS City of London (Liverpool/NY)	11/18/1874	8	1	Wedel
SS City of Chester (Liverpool/Queenstown/NY)	04/26/1875	7	2	Gering, Graber
SS Weiland (Hamburg/Havre/NY)	09/07/1875	4	1	Gering, Waltnr
SS City of Montreal (Liverpool/NY)	09/22/1875	10	1	Waltnr
SS Frisia (Hamburg/Havre/NY)	06/26/1877	3	-	Gering, Kaufman
SS Switzerland (Antwerp/New York)	07/13/1877	2	1	Kaufman
SS Weiland (Hamburg/Havre/NY)	06/05/1878	9	1	Ortmann
SS Gellert (Hamburg/Havre/NY)	01/12/1880	3	1	Gering
SS Waesland (Antwerp/New York)	06/14/1883	12	1	Graber

[1]: Updated after Schrag, Vernon C., (2017), "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874", 44 p., Swiss Mennonite Cultural and Historical Association (SMCHA), Historical Documents, <https://swissmennonite.org/index.html>

PASSENGER LIST RESOURCES:

In 1819, the Federal Government passed legislation that required the Customs Service to monitor immigration and starting in 1820, Customs Passenger Lists or Manifests were filed by the ship's captain with the collector of customs at the port of arrival. Although the Customs Service began to stand-down from keeping these types of records in 1892 they continued to record passenger lists of vessels arriving at the Port of New York until as late as 1897 [1].

Indications are that the passenger lists were created at the port of departure (Liverpool). Special forms were required. At the time of the Swiss Volhynian immigration these were relatively simple asking only the immigrant's name, occupation, age, gender, country of origin, intended destination and the part of the ship occupied during the voyage. The manifests also provided various general information such as date of arrival and remarks related to any unusual events that might have occurred during the voyage.

The reader may notice that the transcribed certifications, later presented, state expressly that the manifests are "full and perfect" lists of all the passengers taken on-board the designated vessel "at Liverpool". In practice we find that the lists are not always full and perfect. There is good evidence that a few of our people were not recorded or were overlooked in some cases. Although it is unproven the opposite may also occur if a passenger is recorded who doesn't really exist, perhaps in the case of confusion over small children or infants? Luckily manifest errors such as these are only about one percent of the total.

It should be known that the time the steamship was in port at Liverpool can be learned from the marine intelligence reports that will be presented later [2]. It is also useful to learn that the emigrants were generally not allowed on-board ship until the day before, or more likely the actual day of departure [3]. These facts are helpful because from a genealogical perspective it is important to understand just where and when the manifests were composed. The reason is that from the passenger lists we can define family registers and given the time in port at Liverpool and the boarding routines we can date the family registers accordingly.

When viewing a manifest one finds that there are various annotations. The meaning of these in many cases is obscure. Check-marks are observed beside many (but not all) of the individual records. It is not understood why some persons are checked and others are not.

Any passenger documents predating 1890 which might have been written at Liverpool and retained in British archives were unfortunately destroyed in 1900 and are therefore unavailable for study [3].

[1]: The greater portion of the manifests from United States passenger ships have survived to the present day, being copied to micro-film (35mm) and preserved at the National Archives (NARA). These are found in National Archives Record Group 36 (RG036), sub-group M237, which consists of about 675 reels in total. Almost all of the reels pertinent to the Swiss Volhynian immigration are available at the Mennonite Library and Archives, Micro-form Area, Bethel College, North Newton, KS. Of special interest to us are the reels numbered 389, 392 and 393 where we find the microfilm copies of the hand-written passenger lists pertinent to the four principle movements of the Swiss-Volhynian Mennonites in 1874.

[2]: Most agencies of state and local authorities were required by law to publish information of public interest. In the case of the Customs Service at the Port of New York it was the New York Times that served as media for this purpose. News items related to this project are generally found in sections headed: "Marine Intelligence". Microfilm copies of the New York Times are available for viewing at the Wichita State University, Ablah Library, Wichita, KS., Micro-forms Area, Microfilm 38.

[3]: Liverpool and Emigration in the 19th and 20th Centuries, National Museums Liverpool, Maritime Archives and Library, Information Sheet 64, MMM/DOCS/LR/3.3.04/Rev JW/10.08, <http://www.liverpoolmuseums.org.uk/maritime/archive/sheet/64>

TRANSCRIPTIONS:

In this document the reader will find a considerable number of transcriptions from the primary sources. Transcription is the process of translating one form of script to another, and this procedure is tedious and can be difficult, especially when the source files are hand written as are the ship's manifests.

No two investigators can be expected to transcribe the hand-written information in precisely the same way in all cases. Familiarity with the names of the people of interest is much helpful. Luckily the identification of the immigrants does not depend entirely upon the transcriptions as genealogical information is also considered.

ENUMERATIONS:

Passengers are enumerated in the primary sources. In previously published ship-lists we find that the enumerations are either omitted entirely or are arbitrarily assigned.

The original enumerations are important in that these provide a means of addressing passengers to the primary Passenger-List or Manifest. In this report passenger enumerations are transcribed as found in the original micro-film sources.

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN:

The first Swiss Volhynians moved into Russian territory as early as 1790 and by the fall of 1837 all of those whom we designate as Swiss Volhynian were living under Russian rule. It follows that in most cases 'Russia' should be the country of origin declared in the various ship records. Even so there are a considerable number of our people whose country of origin is declared 'Germany' rather than 'Russia'. This is so for about seventy persons from the City of Chester group and a few others.

PASSPORTS:

Only two passport descriptions were found in the literature search for this study. No authentic passports or travel tickets could be examined. The Swiss Volhynians set about to obtain passports well ahead of the immigration. Meanwhile life went on and there were births and deaths during that period and some passports likely did not reflect the family structure precisely as it was at the time of immigration.

Jonas A. Stucky (1954) describes the passport of his grandfather: Jacob Stucky (1824-1876) who came to America on the City of Chester, #974. Jonas has the following to say:

"The author of this book still has his grandfather's passport, which is printed in the Russian, German and French languages. Several sheets are torn off on perforated lines. It was issued at Jhitomir (Zhitomir), and was signed and stamped by Rosenberg on June 20, 1874. On it are the names of Jacob and Elizabeth Stucky with the names of each of their children, and the signature of Jacob Stucky." [St54-13].

Names may be recorded differently in the passports as compared to the manifests. In following case, the child named "Franziska" in the passport was named "Freni" in the passenger list.

Harley J. Stucky (1999) published an English translation of a passport designated Document No. 2701, from the collection of one named Reuben Goetz of Freeman, SD. The passport relates to the family of Peter J. Schrag (1840-1919) which came to America on the City of Chester (#710-715). The translation reads as follows:

(Continued)

"This is given from the Volinskij Governmental Administration to certify that in accordance with its decision which was made on March 11, 1874, the colonist - Mennonite of the colony Desidorf, Novogradvolinskago uezda, Peter Josifov Schrag, as one descending from foreign subjects, is discharged with his family from Russian citizenship for the purpose of moving into a foreign country. The family of Schrag, according to the submitted information, is as follows: Wife Maria, Daughters: Katharine, Anna, Maria, and Franziska. This herewith is certified and also to the departure without hindrance of Peter Schrag and his family from the territory of the Russian Empire this present certificate is given with signatures and the application of the governmental stamp under condition that should he, Schrag, not have left the territory of Russia within one year and not have asked for a national passport for free dwelling in Russia, he then anew will be entered here as subject. March 23, 1874, Counselor K. Scliselev, Office Manager." [StAd-172].

PREVIOUS STUDIES:

Martin Schrag (1956) counted by surname the families found in the four Swiss Volhynian passenger lists [SgMa-68]. His tallies are referenced in later discussions.

Waltner (1960) examined the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester which docked in New York 08/24/1874. Krehbiel (1995) makes references to Mr. Waltner's work.

Heibert (1974), "Brothers in Deed to Brothers in Need," published partial passenger lists which included passengers judged to have Mennonite sounding names. The work is focused upon voyages which occurred prior to 1886 and all four of the principle voyages of the Swiss-Volhynians are included, [HiCl-161, 162, 167, 172]. This report was not without publication errors however and some of the Swiss Volhynian data is fragmented, misplaced and assigned to the wrong ship. In some cases these errors were reprinted by others in later works.

Stucky (1974) likely reviewed primary sources (microfilm) but being a Swiss Volhynian descendant himself, there was expertise regarding the Swiss Volhynian immigrants. He was able therefore to compile in some cases a more accurate and complete listing. The only exception is with the S.S. City of Chester where his list is short about 70 individuals who are thought in this study to be from the Swiss Volhynian settlements.

Haury (1986) expanded upon Heibert's work, providing 'Index to Mennonite Immigrants on United States Passenger Lists, 1872-1904'. Ships which arrived after 1886 were added. It would appear that much of the source data for Haury's work (at least with respect to the Swiss Volhynians) is reprinted from Heibert (1974). [HaDa-9, 15, 17, 23]

Thiesen (1995) has made available alphabetical listings of individuals by surname for a given ship. He provides an MSDOS program which queries by ship code and then outputs passenger names & data. The source for this work is Haury (1986). These files were found via the Internet at the following URL: <http://www.odessa3.org>

Krehbiel (1995) provides discussions and partial identifications of Swiss Volhynian immigrants scattered about in the 'Notes' section of his book [Kr95-190..309]. It would appear that his information came mostly from Waltner (1960) and Stucky (1974).

Prichard (1999), the Immigrant Ships Transcribers Guild, ISTG, accessed the NARA microfilm and transcribed the manifest of the SS City of Chester which arrived at the Port of New York, 24 Aug 1874. At this writing this is the only known attempt to provide a total transcription (that which includes non-Swiss Volhynians) of a passenger list that is related to the Swiss-Volhynian immigration.

Schrag (2017), "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874," provides discussion and identification of Swiss Volhynian immigrants who came on their own, some of them in late 1874 and others in later years. The paper is available via SMCHA.

THE PATHWAY TO AMERICA:

When the Swiss Volhynians came to America in 1874 they were processed through the Castle Garden Immigration Station at New York. This was a state operated center and was a forerunner of the federally operated Ellis Island Station that came into being years later when the federal government took charge.

At the time of the Swiss Volhynian immigration the harbor at Hamburg, Germany could not accommodate the giant ocean steamers that were required to transport large numbers of passengers across the Atlantic. Thus in 1874 Liverpool, England was the principle port of departure from Europe.

Over the years the conditions at various emigration ports improved from absolutely deplorable to more tolerable. There had been times when criminals, sponsored by slum lords and known as "runners", swindled the emigrants leaving them penniless on the streets. They sold fraudulent railroad tickets and bogus lodging accommodations which might direct the immigrants to a barn or a chicken house or nothing. There were also times when infectious disease among which were cholera and typhus (ship fever) threatened both the emigrants and the local people and thousands died in some cases.

After 1850 the immigration stations at the various ports were reorganized by local authorities and shipping companies to improve security so that these problems could be minimized. The runners were either side-stepped or brought under control. Medical management and quarantine facilities were put in place to control contagious disease.

By the 1870s rail networks were relatively well developed and steamships replaced sailing ships and this shortened travel times. Various agencies associated with the steamship companies situated representatives throughout Russia and it was possible to purchase a package contract which would route the emigrants from their closest rail station all the way to New York [6].

The Swiss Volhynian groups each traveled by wagon to their respective nearby rail station and from there they were routed through the main rail center of Lemberg, Austria. They usually spent about two days in Lemberg before changing trains and continuing through the cities of Krakow and Berlin before arriving at the seaport of Hamburg located on the Elbe River about 60 miles from the Baltic Sea coast [4].

Several days were spent at Hamburg. Just what the accommodations were like is unclear but there is evidence that they were able to rest and to move about freely during their stay. Small steamships, sometimes called "feeder ships" carried the emigrants through the Baltic Sea around Denmark, then across the North Sea to the port at Kingston on the Hull River of England. (No feeder ship information was found during the course of this study.)

A "waiting room" was built at Hull's Paragon Railway Station in 1871. It provided access to services, toilet, bathing facilities and protection from the weather. The time spent there would have been brief as most emigrants arrived and left Hull within twenty-four hours. The emigrant trains usually departed on Mondays at 11:00 am, arriving in Liverpool before 3:00 pm the same afternoon [5].

Unfortunately most of the records for emigrants at Liverpool which precede 1890 are either lost or were destroyed. So it is difficult to study the conditions at the Liverpool port during the time of the great Mennonite emigration [8]. It is understood that conditions were improved when the steamship companies took the initiative to provide representatives who would meet the emigrants when they arrived in Liverpool and direct them to reputable lodging houses and services [5].

The Swiss Volhynians would have spent about three or four days at Liverpool preparing for the voyage across the ocean. It is certain that there was some type of medical inspection. In addition to the usual contagious diseases medical inspectors were on the lookout for an eye infection known in the day as "red eye" and it is possible that some of the people, especially those from the City of Chester, may

(Continued)

have had this problem and may have been temporarily held back for treatment [GeJj - 26]. This may be the reason why the City of Chester group delayed one week in New York so that quarantined families from Horodyszcze and Waldheim could "catch-up". It may also explain why according to Schrag (1956) fourteen families from the Kutusovka group went to Dakota rather than Kansas? [SgMa-69].

The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steam-ship Company which was commonly known as the "Inman Line" was one of the most competitive carriers. Their newest steamships, the City of Richmond and the City of Chester were put into operation in late 1873. These were specially designed and built for the passenger trade and were among the largest passenger ships in the world at that time and could offer quick passage at low rates. They may have been the only ships that were worthy of being called 'passenger ships'. The others were mostly converted cargo ships with limited accommodations. This made the Inman Line a compelling choice of transport [7].

The City of Richmond and City of Chester were fast ships capable of steaming from Queenstown, Ireland to New York in just under eight days. They did not hold the world's record for the Atlantic crossing of that time but they did challenge it within a few hours. The passage measured from Liverpool to New York including the stop over at Queenstown required about ten days in all. It would appear that our people's choice of transport was the best possible.

At the time of the Swiss Volhynian emigration the steamships usually provided a first and second class accommodation for "cabin" passengers. This was expensive and the Swiss Volhynians invariably took "steerage" class tickets. It has been said that the steerage apartments aboard the Chester and the Richmond were large, airy, and well ventilated and this is in sharp contrast to the usual descriptions of others [7].

The following advertisement is transcribed from the New York Times 18 May 1874. Although it relates to passage from New York to Liverpool rather than Liverpool to New York it can give some idea of the costs involved in such a voyage. Keep in mind this is in 1874 dollars:

"INMAN LINE - SOUTHERLY COURSE. Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to (ani.) as follows: FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

RATES OF PASSAGE: CABIN, \$80 and \$90, gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at low rates. STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol, Cardiff, Belasi, Havre or Hamburg \$30. Prepaid certificates. \$32, currency. Passengers are forwarded to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and Paris, at reduced rates. Drafts issued at lowest rates. For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway. Steerage offices, at No. 33 Broadway and Pier No. 45 North River. John G. Dale, Agent."

Notice that the steerage rates are quoted \$30 or \$32 depending upon payment in gold draft or currency. This would explain the advice of Andreas D. Schrag, delegate and leader of the first group from the Zahoriz Congregation. He expresses by correspondence to those who were yet to follow:

"If any more of our people come, please have them take gold drafts the same as we did, and only get in Hamburg, as much greenbacks as they will need on the voyage".

When the passenger ship arrived at the Port of New York a landing party from Castle Garden would go on board to conduct preliminary inspections and to determine if the passengers could be safely landed. Once admitted to Castle Garden the immigration station was able to provide a number of helpful services including money changers, access to reputable railroad agents, lodging accommodations, communications, employment assistance and more. There would be quarantine of any individuals for whom there were symptoms of infectious disease. Health care (and also cemetery) was provided as needed at nearby Ward's Island which at the time may have been the largest hospital in the world [8]. No indications were found in this study that any Swiss Volhynians were held back in New York due to medical problems.

(Continued)

John G. Dale was the Inman Line's New York agent. The reader will find that Mr. Dale is also named in the marine intelligence reports that will be presented later. He obviously had a great deal to do with the travel arrangements of the Swiss Volhynians. In fact, we can show from study of the manifest that he along with his own family crossed the Atlantic Ocean on the City of Chester with the Horodyszcze and Waldheim congregations. And it would not be unreasonable to speculate that John G. Dale might have been with the landing party that met the Kutusovka group when they dropped anchor in New York Harbor one week later?

[1]: Evans, Nicholas J., (1999), Migration from Northern Europe to America via the Port of Hull, 1848-1914, University of Hull, Oriel Chambers, 27 High Street, Hull, HU1 1NE
<http://www.norwayheritage.com/articles/templates/voyages.asp?articleid=28&zoneid=6>

[2]: Weiss, Merv., (2017), Emigration Routes Out of South Russia, North Dakota State University Libraries, Germans from Russia Heritage Collection, Fargo, ND
https://library.ndsu.edu/grhc/history_culture/history/immigration_SouthRussia.html

[3]: Official Records of Passengers On Board Ship in Britain, National Museums Liverpool, Maritime Archives and Library, Information Sheet 31, MMM/DOCS/LR/17.2.04/Rev JW/10.08, SJS 08/2016

[4]: The Swiss Volhynian villages of Einsiedel, Falkenstein and Rosenberg were located about 18 miles south of Lemberg, East Galicia, Polish-Austria. Some of the Palatinate families that were resident there from 1784 to about 1796 were Albrecht, Krehbiel, Mueller, Mundleheim, Schrag, Sutter and Zerger. Lemberg later became known as L'vov after the first world war. [Kr95-4].

[5]: Evans, Nicholas J., (1999), Migration from Northern Europe to America via the Port of Hull, 1848-1914, Univ. of Hull, Oriel Chambers, 27 High Street, Hull, HU1 1NE
<http://www.norwayheritage.com/articles/templates/voyages.asp?articleid=28&zoneid=6>
Nicholas J. Evans has lived most of his life in the Hull vicinity.

[6]: Liverpool and Emigration in the 19th and 20th Centuries, National Museums Liverpool, Maritime Archives and Library, Information Sheet 64, MMM/DOCS/LR/3.3.04/Rev JW/10.08

[7]: The S.S. City of Richmond and the City of Chester were built, launched and conducted maiden voyages to New York in late 1873. These were of the largest steamships of the time, being about 444' long, 44' wide, 34' draught, and about 4607 and 4566 tons respectively. The sister ships were capable of 15 naughts per hour and could accomodate 205 cabin and 1310 steerage passengers. Norway-Heritage, Hands Across the Sea, S/S City of Chester, Inman Line, www.norwayheritage.com

INDEX OF FAMILIES:

The family index is the key to locating ancestors in this document. Given the name of the husband and wife for a particular family the index is used to determine the page number where the family information can be found.

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Graber, Jacob (Gr2.53) & Elisabeth Sehner (Se1.2)	105
Graber, Jacob (Gr2.75) & Anna Heitinger (Ht1.2)	65
Graber, Jacob (Gr3.751) & Elisabeth Gering (Ge2.8d)	70
Graber, Jacob J. (Gr3.831) & Maria Kaufman (Ka4.3341)	76
Graber, Johann (Gr2.82) & Freni Kaufman (Ka3.333)	63
Graber, Johann (Gr2.54) & *Liesa Sehner (Se1.3)	77
Graber, Johann B. (Gr3.544) & Maria Preheim (Pr2.21)	88
Graber, Johann B. (Gr3.561) & Maria Gering (Ge3.316)	60
Graber, Johann C. (Gr3.625) & Freni Stucky (St4.6413)	139
Graber, Johann C. (Gr3.511) & Christina Strausz (Ss1.4)	69
Graber, Johann C. (Gr3.813) & Maria Gering (Ge4.3122)	83
Graber, Johann G. (Gr4.5111) & Maria G. Sutter (Su3.235)	69
Graber, Johann J. (Gr3.823) & Freni Stucky (St4.623a)	63
Graber, Joseph (Gr2.57) & Theresia Sehner (Se1.5)	103
Graber, Joseph (Gr2.85) & Freni Graber (Gr3.543)	81
Graber, Joseph K. (Gr2.78) and Katharina Sehner (Se2.11)	56

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Graber, Peter (Gr3.821) & Freni Waltner (Wa2.4a)	48,	63, 150
Graber, Peter (Gr2.74) & Katharina Schrag (Sg2.78)	58	
Graber, Peter (Gr3.742) & Elisabeth Kaufman (Ka4.3421)	58	
Graber, Peter (Gr3.754) & Elisabeth Graber (Gr3.814)	65	
Graber, Peter A. (Gr2.56) & Katharina Sehner (Se2.41)	39	
Graber, Peter C. (Gr3.622) & Katharina Krehbiel (Kr2.62)	152	
Graber, Peter O. (Gr2.84) & Freni Gering (Ge3.351)	36	
Graber, Peter S. (Gr3.631) & Elisabeth Gering (Ge4.3121)	86	
Kaufman, Christian (Ka3.347) & Anna Stucky (St4.6414)	92	
Kaufman, Christian (Ka4.3112) & Anna Ries (Rs2.28)	162	
Kaufman, Christian (Ka4.3131) & Karolina Ries (Rs2.2a)	80	
Kaufman, Jacob (Ka3.345) & Anna Albrecht (Ac4.2341)	93	
Kaufman, Jacob A. (Ka4.3115) & Barbara Kaufman (Ka4.3322)	51	
Kaufman, Jacob P. (Ka3.334) & Magdalena Ries (Rs2.24)	48,	97, 183
Kaufman, Johann (Ka3.313) & Anna Krehbiel (Kr2.31)	80	
Kaufman, Johann (Ka4.3114) & Anna Schrag (Sg3.745)	115	
Kaufman, Johann P. (Ka3.343) & Freni Stucky (St3.645)	165	
Kaufman, Joseph (Ka4.3116) & Freni Graber (Gr3.743)	57	
Kaufman, Joseph (Ka3.371) & Freni Albrecht (Ac4.2333)	113	
Kaufman, Joseph N. (Ka3.346) & Barbara Graber (Gr3.572)	148	
Kaufman, Peter K. (Ka2.33) & Maria Gering (Ge1.a)	66	
Kaufman, Peter (Ka3.311) & Maria Preheim (Pr1.3)	51	
Kaufman, Peter (Ka4.3113) & Freni Strausz (Ss2.15)	140	
Kaufman, Peter P. (Ka3.332) & Maria Waltner (Wa2.2a)	66	
Krehbiel, Daniel (Kr2.34) & Freni Kaufman (Ka4.3122)	101	
Krehbiel, Heinrich (Kr2.43) & Anna Sutter (Su2.29)	37	
Krehbiel, Jacob (Kr2.24) & Freni Schrag (Sc3.422)	144	
Krehbiel, Jacob (Kr2.33) & Freni Graber (Gr3.575)	100	
Krehbiel, Johann J. (Kr2.32) & Anna Stucky (St3.646)	184	
Krehbiel, Johann P. (Kr2.25) & *Anna K. Stucky (St3.62b)	132	
Krehbiel, Peter (Kr2.23) & Margareta Strausz (Ss1.6)	186	
Krehbiel, Peter M. (Kr2.64) & Freni Preheim (Pr2.14)	123	
Krehbiel, Solomon (Kr2.34) & Katharina Preheim (Pr2.15)	186	
Mueller, Christian (Mr3.214) & Anna Schrag (Sg3.826)	22	
Mueller, Jacob (Mr3.213) & Maria Schrag (Sg3.823)	18	
Mueller, Johann (Mr3.211) & Maria Schrag (Sg2.87)	24	
Nachtigal, Julius (Ng0) & Freni Albrecht (Ac4.2328)	180	
Preheim, Jacob (Pr2.22) & Anna Schrag (Sg3.465)	61	
Preheim, Karl (Pr1.4) & Katharina Graber (Gr3.532)	99	
Preheim, Peter (Pr1.2) & Maria Graber (Gr2.76)	61	
Preheim, Peter P. (Pr2.23) & Barbara Strausz (Ss2.17)	61	
Ries, Jacob (Rs2.27) & Freni Graber (Gr3.812)	82	
Ries, Jacob (Rs1.2) & Karolina Tesmer (Ts0)	163	
Ries, Karl (Rs2.25) & Freni Kaufman (Ka4.3111)	136	
Schrag, *Andreas (Sg2.44) & Barbara Gering (Ge2.34)	110	
Schrag, *Andreas (Sg3.444) & Maria Gering (Ge3.841)	126	
Schrag, Andreas D. (Sg2.86) & Barbara Mueller (Mr3.212)	26	
Schrag, Christian (Sg3.448) & Anna S. Schrag (Sg3.855)	110	
Schrag, Christian (Sg3.743) & Katharina Schrag (Sg3.447)	90	
Schrag, Christian A. (Sg3.755) & Maria Graber (Gr3.772)	159	
Schrag, Daniel (Sg3.445) & Katharina Stucky (St4.6281)	110	
Schrag, Daniel J. (Sg3.756) & Freni Graber (Gr3.773)	52	

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Schrag, Jacob (Sg3. 442) & Katharina Stucky (St4. 6232)	157
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Schrag, Jacob H. (Sg3. 466) & Maria Graber (Gr3. 753)	55
Schrag, Jacob J. (Sg3. 753) & Freni Ries (Rs2. 29)	164
Schrag, Jacob K. (Sg3. 852) & Katharina Gering (Ge3. 357)	16, 26
Schrag, Jacob R. (Sg3. 746) & Freni Graber (Gr3. 825)	59
Schrag, Johann (Sg2. 74) & *Anna Graber (Gr2. 65)	87
Schrag, Johann (Sg3. 441) & Freni Gering (Ge2. 87)	84
Schrag, Johann A. (Sg3. 754) & Freni Stucky (St4. 6246)	120
Schrag, Johann G. (Sg3. 853) & Anna Schrag (Sg3. 44a)	26
Schrag, Johann J. (Sg3. 742) & Freni Schrag (Sg3. 446)	43
Schrag, Joseph (Sg3. 443) & Anna Stucky (St4. 6234)	171
Schrag, Joseph (Sg3. 741) & Katharina Mueller (Mr4. 2111)	87
Schrag, Joseph (Sg3. 751) & Maria Kaufman (Ka4. 3123)	112
Schrag, Joseph R. (Sg3. 425) & Barbara Graber (Gr3. 564)	33
Schrag, Peter J. (Sg3. 752) and Maria Schrag (Sg3. 851)	54
Schroeder, Kornelius (Sd0) & Anna (maiden name unknown)	178
Schwartz, Andreas (Sw2. 17) & Elisabeth Graber (Gr3. 574)	104
Schwartz, Jacob (Sw2. 13) & Katharina Sutter (Su2. 34)	43
Schwartz, Jacob C. (Sw3. 122) & Maria Graber (Gr3. 733)	23
Schwartz, Johann (Sw3. 132) & Elisabeth Sehner (Se2. 245)	44
Schwartz, Johann (Sw2. 15) & Susanna Krehbiel (Kr2. 36)	71
Schwartz, Johann C. (Sw3. 113) & Katharina Krehbiel (Kr3. 241)	167
Schwartz, *Joseph (Sw3. 111) & Katharina Krehbiel (Kr3. 232)	118
Schwartz, Solomon (Sw3. 131) & Freni Sehner (Se2. 15)	46
Sehner, *Christian (Se2. 16) and Elisabeth Schrag (Sg3. 423)	29, 32
Sehner, Jacob (Se1. 1) & *Barbara Graber (Gr3. 28)	41
Sehner, Jacob W. (Se2. 42) & Katharina Sutter (Su3. 234)	38
Sehner, Wilhelm (Se1. 4) & Friederike Heiting (Ht1. 1)	45
Sehner, Wilhelm (Se2. 43) & Katharina Schrag (Sg3. 424)	42
Strausz, Friedrich (Ss1. 1) & Magdalena Schrag (Sg2. 45)	116
Strausz, Jacob (Ss2. 13) & Anna Graber (Gr2. 88)	116
Stucky, Benjamin C. (St4. 6236) & Freni Gering (Ge3. 319)	154
Stucky, Christian (St3. 641) & Barbara Graber (Gr2. 55)	106
Stucky, *Christian (St4. 6426) & Maria Kaufman (Ka4. 3134)	95
Stucky, Christian (St3. 623) & Anna Schrag (Sg2. 83)	154
Stucky, Jacob (St3. 644) & Elisabeth Ries (Rs2. 22)	98
Stucky, Jacob (St3. 628) & *Anna Waltner (Wa2. 25)	133
Stucky, Jacob J. (St4. 6245) & Elisabeth Kaufman (Ka4. 3324)	128
Stucky, *Johann (St2. 64) & Barbara Rupp (Ru1. 3)	53
Stucky, Johann (St3. 642) & *Anna Flickner (Fr1. 9)	94
Stucky, Johann (St3. 626) & Maria Archelus (Ar1. 2)	121
Stucky, Johann C. (St4. 6233) & Freni Voran (Vn2. 52)	149
Stucky, Joseph (St3. 624) & Katharina Waltner (Wa2. 22)	128
Stucky, Peter (St4. 6264) & Barbara Stucky (St4. 6446)	121
Stucky, Peter C. (St3. 629) & Maria Kaufman (Ka3. 371)	185
Stucky, Tobias R. (St4. 6283) & Freni Wedel (We2. 24)	133
Sutter, Jacob (Su3. 236) & Katharina Albrecht (Ac4. 2326)	35
Sutter, Johann (Su3. 231) and Freni Krehbiel (Kr2. 37)	31
Voran, Andreas (Vn1. 4) & Barbara Kaufman (Ka3. 344)	173
Voran, Andreas C. (Vn2. 55) & Karolina Stucky (St4. 6239)	142
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Wal tner, Andreas (Wa2. 29) & Kathari na Stucky (St4. 6262)	119
Wal tner, Andreas (Wa2. 48) & Freni Kaufman (Ka4. 3342)	25
Wal tner, Jacob (Wa2. 23) & Kathari na Archelus (Ar1. 3)	145
Wal tner, Joseph (Wa2. 85) & Mari a Kaufman (Ka3. 34b)	177
Wal tner, *Joseph (Wa1. 4) and Mari a Graber (Gr3. 514)	19
Wal tner, Joseph (Wa2. 45) and Anna Prehei m (Pr2. 12)	16, 28
Wal tner, Wi l hel m (Wa1. 8) & *Mari a Bei er	179
Wedel , Johann P. (We1. 6) & Mari a Prehei m (Pr2. 4)	124
Zerger, Jacob (Zr3. 313) & Freni Wal tner (Wa2. 27)	182
Zerger, Joseph (Zr3. 312) & Kathari na Wal tner (Wa2. 81)	174
Zerger, Joseph J. (Zr4. 3121) & Eli sabeth Flickner (Fr2. 63)	130

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Flickner, Mari a (1854-?) (Fr2. 59)	176
Gering, Susanna (1850-1913) (Ge2. 8e)	74
Graber, Johann S. (1847-1907) (Gr3. 632)	86
Graber, Joseph G. (1865-1959) (Gr4. 5122)	78
Graber, Peter R. (1862-1934) (Gr4. 5121)	78
Kaufman, Andreas (1853-?) (Ka3. 34c)	92
Kaufman, Anna (1862-1946) (Ka3. 34f)	92
Kaufman, Dani el (1856-1929) (Ka3. 34d)	175
Kaufman, Freni (1859-1899) (Ka3. 34e)	92
Prehei m, Barbara (1853-1932) (Pr2. 17)	123
Prehei m, Eli sabeth (1850-1924) (Pr2. 16)	124
Prehei m, Magdal ena (1862-1920) (Pr2. 1a)	123
Schrag, Andreas (1851-1929) (Sg3. 757)	52
Schrag, Peter (1852-1878) (Sg3. 449)	110
Schwartz, Kathari na (1850-1918) (Sw3. 133)	35
Stucky, Joseph (1858-1928) (St4. 642b)	75
Sutter, Anna (1855-1889) (Su3. 239)	35
Sutter, Susanna (1852-1940) (Su3. 238)	35
Voran, Peter (1858-1874) (Vn2. 59)	173

INDEX OF UNIDENTIFIED PASSENGERS:

No compelling identification could be determined for the following passengers:

Graber?, Kath	60
Graber?, Peter or Mari a	36
Schrag?, Barbara	26
Schwartz?, Peter or Mari a	71
Wal tner?, Kath	19

INDEX OF CHILDREN BORN DURING TRANSIT:

Albrecht, Johann (1874-1888)	172
Graber, Tobias P. (1874-1955)	108, 152
Preheim, Joseph K. (1874-1954)	99
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Kaufman, Jacob (1873-1874)	108, 113
Kaufman, Peter (1873-1874)	49, 108
Schrag, Anna (1873-1874)	48, 90
Schrag, Katharina (1873-1874)	27
Stucky, Katharina (1871-1874)	154
Sutter, Jacob (1848-1874)	29, 35

INDEX OF THOSE NOT FOUND:

Although there is evidence that some of the following individuals immigrated with the main groups in 1874 ship records could not be found:

Albrecht, Johann (1874-1888)	172
Graber, Daniel J. (1846-1880)	187
Graber, Maria (1849-1921)	187
Graber, Tobias P. (1874-1955)	108, 152
Klassen, Agnetha	187
Preheim, Joseph K. (1874-1954)	99
Ries, David (1851-?)	163, 187
Schrag, Freni (1874-1901)	108, 110
Schrag, Freni K. (1873-1921)	16, 26
Schrag, Joseph (1816-1875?)	188
Schrag, Joseph K. (1870-1933)	16, 26
Waltnier, Freni (1871-1956)	16, 28
Waltnier, Jacob J.J. (1860-1921)	16, 28

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: PREFACE:

LIST OF FAMILIES WHO REMAINED OR CAME LATER:

These families either remained in Europe indefinitely or came to America apart from the main groups. For information the reader is directed to a previous study: "On The Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America after the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874" [Sg17].

Gering, Andreas (1824-1901) & *Freni Stucky (1828-1874)
Gering, Christian (1850-1907) & Maria Kaufman (1852-1900)
Gering, Jacob (1847-1915) & Katharina Schrag (1850-1938)
Gering, Jacob (1842-?) & Freni Schrag (Kaufman) (1833-1909)
Gering, *Joseph (1844-c. 1879) & Anna Nickel (1854-1898)
Gering, Peter (1839-1919) & Maria Ries (Graber) (1830-1907)

Graber, Jacob P. (1837-1918) & Maria Graber (1839-1913)
Graber, Johann J. D. (1848-1926) & Katharina Gering (1852-1934)
Graber, Peter (1805-1882) & Magdalena Archelaus (1819-1891)

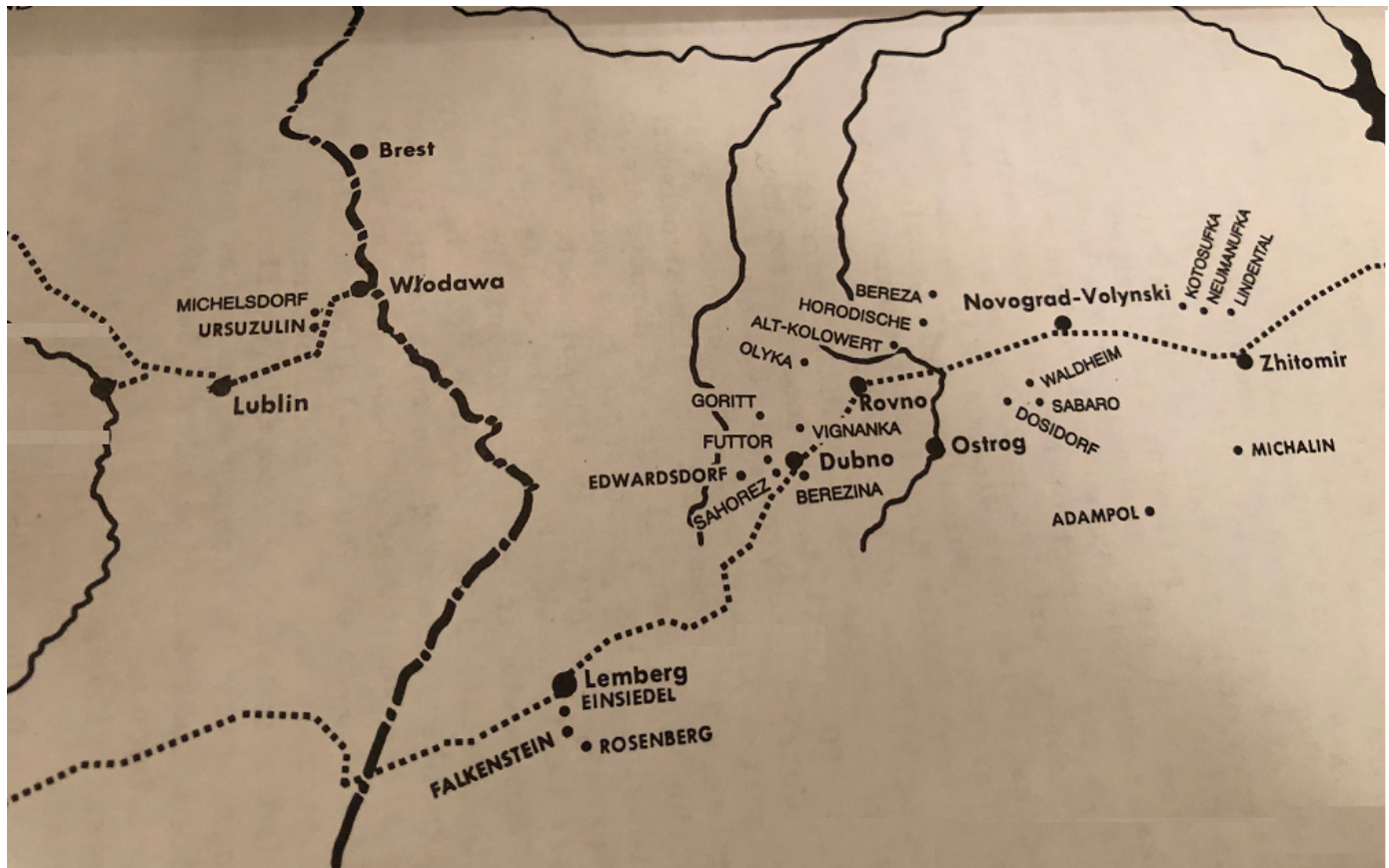
Kaufman, Joseph (1813-1896) & Katharina Gering (1811-1884)

Ortman, Friedrich (1834-1910) & Julianna Ortman (1837-1910)

Schrag, Jacob K. (1836-1911) & Freni Graber (1841-1895)

Wal tner, Johann (1832-1898) & Maria Krehbiel (1837-1907)

Wedel, Jacob B. (1825-1914) & Katharina Gering (1827-1890)



European settlements: After Martin H. Schrag (1956), "The European History of the Swiss Mennonites From Volhynia", p. 52. Political boundaries are not shown. Michelsdorf & Ursuzulin were situated in West Galicia, Polish-Austria. Falkenstein, Einsiedel & Rosenberg were located in East Galicia, Polish-Austria. Edwardsdorf, Kutusovka, Horodische, Waldheim, Zahoriz (Sahorez) and others were located in the district of Volhynia, Polish-Russia.

MANIFEST OVERVIEW: S.S. CITY OF RICHMOND 18 MAY 1874:

In the addendum "America Bound" to Martin Schrag's 'European History of the Swiss Mennonites From Volhynia,' reprinted by Harley J. Stucky in 1999 we read the following:

"Andreas Schrag assisted by Christian Miller, led 11 families - a group of 59 persons from Sahorez (Zahoriz) and Futter. They left April 10, 1874 and arrived in New York on the 'City of Richmond', May 18, 1874. This group went to Freeman-Marion area in Dakota Territory" [StAd-127].

A letter, dated 19 May 1874, written by Andreas D. Schrag (1821-1899) and cosigned by Christian Mueller (1842-1923), the leaders of this group, confirms their arrival on the 18th:

"I heartily rejoice to be able to inform you, that we arrived in New York yesterday at 5 o'clock, and are all in the enjoyment of good health ..." [SI Go-1], [StAd-128].

The transcription below is from a Marine Intelligence report taken from the New York Times May 19, 1874, the day after the S.S. City of Richmond reported to the Collector of the Customs (Castle Garden) at the Port of New York:

"ARRIVED. Steam-ship City of Richmond. (Br.,) Brook, Liverpool and Queenstown May 8, with mdse, and 1229 passengers to John G. Dale. May 14, 1:30 A.M., lat 44 19 N. lon 43 50 W., exchanged night signals with steamer City of Bristol, bound E.; same date, 8 A.M., lat 43 58, lon. 45 28, passed two ice bergs; 15th, 9 A.M. lat 41 58, lon 52 32, met a Cunard steamer bound E.; 16th, 5:50 A.M., lat. 41 24, lon. 58, met a German steamer bound E." [1], [3].

We learn from this article that the ocean steamer City of Richmond set sail from Liverpool, England on 8 May 1874 and docked at Queenstown, Ireland on the same day. This tells us that the Swiss Volhynian passengers would have boarded the steamship on 8 May 1874 and that the Atlantic crossing to New York required about ten days.

From correspondence of Andreas D. Schrag it appears that the group processed through customs at Castle Garden in good time:

"We took our tickets direct to Yankton and at four o'clock this afternoon (19th) we are to embark for the west, and by Saturday evening (23rd) are to be in Yankton." [SI Go-1], [StAd-128].

Assuming that the date of departure from the Russian settlement, 10 Apr 1874, is a Julian calendar date it can be reckoned that the difficult journey to the Dakota frontier by 23 May 1874 would have required about 32 days in all. In this regard one should note that the obituary of Andreas D. Schrag's wife, Barbara, states their arrival in Dakota four days later, 27 May 1874 [2].

With respect to this group, Martin Schrag (1956) tallies eleven (11) families based on surname as follows: Mueller-3, Schrag-4, Schwartz-1 and Waldner-3 [SgMa-69]. Notice that he counts only 1 Schwartz family and 4 Schrag families. An examination of the ship-lists published in the past may lead one to count 2 Schwartz families and only 3 Schrag families [SI Go-2].

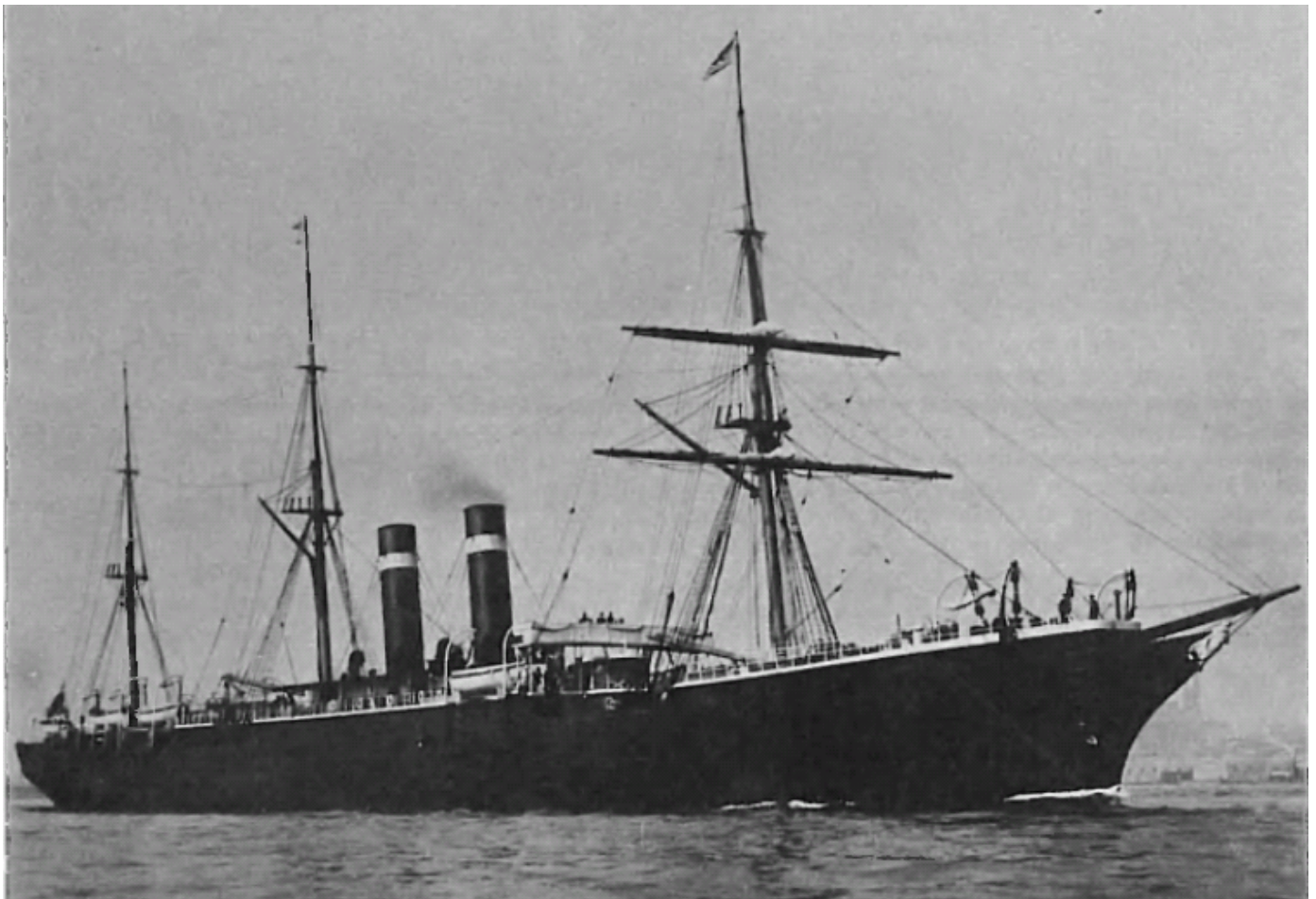
In the case of Jacob D. and Maria (Kaufman) Schrag family (#893-896) the previously published ship-lists indicate the surname as "Schwarz" [SI Go-2] and not "Schrag". However a close look at the hand written manifest reveals that the writing of "Schwarz" could be a scrawled writing of the name "Schrag". If one accepts this interpretation then the tally of Martin Schrag (1956) and the tally of families reckoned in this study are in exact agreement.

It should be mentioned that a study of the original manifest yields only 55 persons that can be correlated to Swiss Volhynian records. This is 4 short of the number reported by Stucky (1999) [StAd-127]. Orpha V. Schrag recognized the discrepancy, presumably from study of the ship-list published by Dr. Stucky in 1974. She suggested in correspondence with Dr. Stucky that two children of the Jacob and Katharina Schrag family (#923-924) and two children from the Joseph and Anna Waltner family (#925-929) are missing from the ship-list. Her opinion is supported by genealogical evidence and one would certainly expect that these young children would have accompanied their parents to America. So it is very likely that the children in question were overlooked when the original manifest was composed. The consideration of these 4 children would bring the head count into agreement at 59 persons. [StAd-161].

[1]: New York Times; New York, N.Y., H.J. Raymond & Company; 1852-1957; v. iii; 59cm. Abiah Library, Microforms Area Microfilm 38, Wichita State Univ., Wichita, KS.

[2]: Schrag, Barbara Müller (1826-1909), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1909 Mar 4 p. 6

[3]: John G. Dale was the Inman Line's New York agent, named in the above newspaper article, who likely had a great deal to do with the travel arrangements of the various passengers, including the Swiss Volhynians.



The S.S. City of Richmond, from Mennonite Life, June 1873, Vol 28, No. 2, Quarterly, "Across the Atlantic by Steam and Sail", Cover photo, <https://ml.bethelks.edu/archive/>

CERTIFICATION:

The following is transcribed from the microfilm copy of the original manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond [1]:

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.
PORT OF NEW YORK.

I, Samuel Brooks Master of the S.S. City of Richmond do solemnly, sincerely and truly swear that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect List of all the passengers taken on Board the said S.S. City of Richmond at Liverpool from which port the said S.S. City of Richmond has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died.

Sworn to this 18th day of May 1874 }
Before me, Samuel Brooks }
List or Manifest of ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the S.S. City of Richmond }
Samuel Brooks is Master from Liverpool burthen 2823 tons whereof

NAME.	AGE.		SEX.	OCCUPATION.	The country to which they severally belong.	The country to which they intend to become inhabitants.	Died on the Voyage.	Part of the Vessel occupied by each passenger during the Voyage.
	Years.	Months.						
<u>Lt. Wm. J. J.</u>								

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
PORT OF NEW YORK

I, (Samuel Brooks), Master of the (S.S. City of Richmond), do solemnly, sincerely, and truly (swear) that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs, of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect list of all the passengers taken on Board the said (S.S. City of Richmond) at (Liverpool) from which parts the said (S.S. City of Richmond) has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died. So Help me God. (Samuel Brooks)

Sworn to this (18th May) 18(74)
Before me, _____ **

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the (S.S. City of Richmond) whereof (Samuel Brooks) is Master from (Liverpool & Queenstown) burthen (2823) tons.

[1]: Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond, NY Arrival, 05/18/1874, Bethel College Mennonite Library & Archives, 300 East 27th Street, North Newton, KS 67118, Microforms Area, Record Group 36, Microfilm, 35 mm., Reel 389.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 05/18/1874:

THE JACOB MUELLER and MARIA (SCHRAG) MUELLER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following reproduction from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

5	Jacob	Mueller	41	M	Laborer	Russia	
6	Maria	do	28	F	Wife	"	
7	Johan	do	12	F*	Child	"	✓
8	Peter	do	10	M	do	"	✓
9	Jonathan	do	1	M	do	"	✓
880	Kath.	do	17	F	Spinster	"	✓
881	Anna	do	7*	F	Child	"	✓
882	Elizabeth	do	1	F	do	"	✓

Transcription:

875	Jacob	Mueller	41	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
876	Maria	"	28*	F	Wife	"	"
877	Johan	"	12	F*	Child	"	"
878	Peter	"	10	M	"	"	"
879	Jonathan	"	1	M	"	"	"
880	Kath.	"	17	F	Spinster	"	"
881	Anna	"	7*	F	Child	"	"
882	Elizabeth	"	1	F	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#875	Jacob Mueller (1833-1911)	father, age 40 (Mr3.213)
#876	Maria (Schrage) Mueller (1839-1919)	mother, age 35 (Sg3.823)
#877	Johann J. Mueller (1859-1943)	son, age 14
#878	Peter J. Mueller (1864-1949)	son, age 9
#879	Jonathan A. Mueller (1869-1961)	son, age 4
#880	Katharina Mueller (1857-1944)	daughter, age 16
#881	Anna J. Mueller (1867-1949)	daughter, age 7
#882	Elizabeth Mueller (1873-1939)	daughter, age 1

The initial settlement in Dakota Territory is documented in the obituary of son Jonathan A. (#879): "In 1874, at the age of five years he with his parents, brothers and sisters migrated to America, settling in the East Freeman community in Turner County, S. D." [1].

The Dakota settlement is also stated in the obituary of son Peter J. (#878): "He came to the Dakotas in the Mennonite migration of 1874 and had lived in the Freeman community ever since." [2].

Other family members:

Jacob Mueller (1861-1865)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Mueller (1871-1872)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Miller, Jonathan A. (1869-1961), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1961 Feb 2 p. 8

[2]: Miller, Peter J. (1864-1950), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1950 May 11 p. 3

THE *JOSEPH WALTNER and MARIA (GRABER) WALTNER FAMILY:

Maria (Graber) Waltner immigrated to America as a widow with eight children. They came with the first portion of the Zahoriz Congregation from the Dubno vicinity in Russia to settle in Dakota Territory. The following reproduction from the ship manifest documents their passage and defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool, England:

3	Maria Waltner	48	F	Wife	✓
4	Jacob	25	M	Farmer	✓
5	Jonathan	18	M	do	✓
6	Barbara	50	F	Wife	✓
7	Peter	11	M	Child	✓
8	Anna	16	F	do	✓
9	Elizabeth	15	F	do	✓
890	Maria	9	F	do	✓
1	Caroline	6	F	do	✓
2	Kath	1	F	do	✓

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
883	Maria	Wal dner	48	F	Wi fe	"
884	Jacob	"	25	M	Farmer	"
885	Jonathan	"	18	M	"	"
886	Barbara	"	50	F	Wi fe	"
887	Peter	"	11	M	Chi ld	"
888	Anna	"	16*	F	"	"
889	El izabeth	"	15	F	"	"
890	Maria	"	9	F	"	"
891	Caroline	"	6	F	"	"
892	Kath	"	1	F	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#883	Maria (Graber) Waltner (1828-1896)	mother, age 46 (Gr3.514)
#884	Jacob J. Waltner (1849-1914)	son, age 25
#885	Jonathan Waltner (1856-1919)	son, age 17
#886	Barbara Graber (1823-1900)	sister, age 51 (Gr3.513)
#887	Peter M. Waltner (1861-1940)	son, age 12
#888	Anna Waltner (1858-1920)	daughter, age 16
#889	Elisabeth Waltner (1859-1938)	daughter, age 14
#890	Maria Waltner (1863-?)	daughter, age 10
#891	Karolina Waltner (1867-1943)	daughter, age 6
#892	Kath ?	unknown child ?

The parents both had family members who were disabled by blindness. These were a daughter, Katharina, from the late Joseph Waltner's first marriage and there was Maria (Graber) Waltner's sister, Barbara (#886).

Krehbiel (1995) suspected wrongly that Barbara (#886) might be Joseph's blind daughter, Katharina, named erroneously [Kr95-301]. Further research disproves this as Katharina can be identified on the S.S. City of Montreal 09/22/1875 #034 with the family of her brother, Johann Waltner [1]. The conclusion here is that #886 Barbara is #883 Maria's sister. (The Montreal information was not available at the time of Krehbiel's study.)

(continued)

There is also a problem which involves the identity of passenger 'Kath' (#892). The obituary of son Jacob J. (#884) states: 'soon' after the death of his father, he came with his mother, 4 sisters and 2 brothers to America and in August settled in Dakota Territory:

"Schon in seinen Jugendjahren verlor er seinen Vater, und mußte daher für das Wohlergehen der Familie sorgen. Bald nach dem Tode seines Vaters reihte sich die Familie ein in die Auswanderungsscharen und er kam mit seiner Mutter, 4 Schwestern und 2 Brüdern nach Amerika. Im Monat August ließen sie sich nieder in Hutchinson Co., S. Dak.," [2].

Notice that the obituary counts four sisters and not five. The four sisters are undoubtedly passengers #888 thru #891. Therefore the identification of 'Kath' (#892) is further complicated. She is not assigned to the family by Krehbiel (1995) as apparently no records for her were found [Kr95-176,302].

We might also note that the obituary states that the immigration of the family took place soon after the death of the father which is uncertain in genealogical records. Thus it is presumable that Joseph Waltnr died before 10 Apr 1874j when the family departed the Russian settlement?

Other members of the Joseph Waltnr and Maria (Graber) Waltnr family:

Joseph Waltnr (1806-?)	father, died in Russia (Wa1.4)
Freni (Waltnr) Graber (1850-1879)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #769
Anna Waltnr (1851-c.1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Maria Waltnr (1853-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Christian Waltnr (1866-1866)	son, died in Russia

Members of the Joseph Waltnr and Freni Gering family (his first marriage):

Freni (Gering) Waltnr (1810-1848)	mother, first wife, died in Russia
Katharina Waltnr (1829-1919)	daughter, Montreal 09/22/1875, #034
Johann Waltnr (1832-1898)	son, Montreal 09/22/1875, #032
Jacob Waltnr (1834-1840)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Waltnr (1836-1838)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Waltnr (1839-1923)	son, Richmond 05/18/1874, #925
Jacob Waltnr (1841-1843)	son, died in Russia
Anna Waltnr (1843-1846)	daughter, died in Russia
Andreas J. Waltnr (1846-1929)	son, Richmond 05/18/1874, #914

[1]: Schrag, Vernon C., (2017), "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came To America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874", p. 7

[2]: Waltnr, Jakob J. (1849-1914), Christlicher Bundesbote: 14 May 1914 p. 6

Ship-list References: #9-18 [SI Go-2], [Kr95-301].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 05/18/1874:

THE JACOB D. SCHRAG and MARIA (KAUFMAN) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory [Kr02-34]. The following data taken from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of the family and defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

3	Jacob Schrag	55	M	Farmer	✓
4	Maria do	18	F	Spinster	
5	Andrew do	7	M	Child	
6	Francisca do	15	F	Spinster	

Schwarz

Schrag

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
893	Jacob	Sch-ra-g*	55	M	Farmer	"
894	Maria	"	18	F	Spinster	"
895	Andrew	"	7	M	Child	"
896	Francisca	"	15	F	Spinster	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#893 Jacob D. Schrag (1818-1895)	father, age 55 (Sg2.85)
#894 Maria (Kaufman) Schrag (1844-1879)	step-mother, age 29 (Ka4.3321)
#895 Andreas G. Schrag (1866-1950)	son, age 8
#896 Freni Schrag (1860-1937)	daughter, age 13

The surname for this family is transcribed 'Schwarz' in various ship-lists [SI Go-2], [HaDa-11]. The interpretation here is that it is a botched writing of the name 'Schrag'. The writing of the names 'Schrag' and 'Schwarz' from other parts of this same manifest are provided for comparison. The interpretation is strengthened by comparison of the ages and gender of the family with the available genealogical data. There is no Jacob Schwartz family that can be found in Swiss Volhynian sources with appropriate family structure that can be correlated here and this profile best fits the Jacob D. Schrag family. This family should not be confused with the Jacob C. Schwartz family which is also identified on this same ship, City of Richmond 05/18/1874, #901-907.

The mother of these children (We1.3) Katharina (Wedel) Schrag (1827-1873) passed away in Russia and the father remarried prior to immigration. With exception of the two children listed here, the older children of Katharina's are married at the time of immigration and are identified with their own families elsewhere. No children are known from the second marriage to step-mother Maria (#894) at the time of immigration.

The Dakota settlement is reported by Krehbiel (2002) in a discussion of the son Andreas (#895) [Kr02-34].

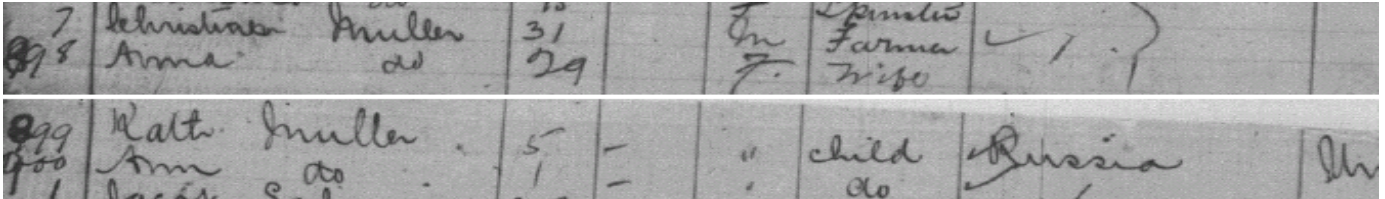
Other family members (from Jacob's first marriage):

Katharina (Wedel) Schrag (1827-1873)	first wife, died in Russia (We1.3)
Maria (Schrag) Schrag (1844-1927)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #711
Jacob K. Schrag (1846-1896)	son, Richmond 05/18/1874, #923
Johann G. Schrag (1848-1930)	son, Richmond 05/18/1874, #919
Andreas Schrag (1852-1863)	son, died in Russia
Anna S. (Schrag) Gering (1855-1947)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #006
Katharina Schrag (1858-1867)	daughter, died in Russia
Elisabeth Schrag (1863-1867)	daughter, died in Russia

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 05/18/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN MUELLER and ANNA (SCHRAG) MUELLER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of the family and defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they went aboard the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>					<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
897 Christian	Mueller	31	M	Farmer	"	"
898 Anna	"	29	F	Wife	"	"
899 Kath	Mueller	5	"	Child	<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
900 Ann*	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#897 Christian Mueller (1842-1923)	father, age 31 (Mr3.214)
#898 Anna Schrag (1847-1928)	mother, age 26 (Sg3.826)
#899 Katharina Mueller (1869-1941)	daughter, age 5
#900 Anna Mueller (1871-1953)	daughter, age 2

The birth of child Karolina Mueller (1874-1960) is stated 12 Dec 1874 in Turner Co., Dakota Territory [Kr95-108]. Thus it is likely that the family came directly to Dakota Territory?

Christian Mueller (#897) was ordained minister in 1878 [Kr95-107]. He was the son of Minister Johann Mueller (1800-1848). He is known to have assisted Andreas D. Schrag with leading this group to America as he is cosigner of the correspondence sent back to Russia upon arrival in New York [SgMa-128].

Stucky (1974) mentions Christian Mueller as one of the leaders involved with organizing the Salem Church in 1876 [SI Go-10].

Ship list References: #23-26 [SI Go-3].

THE JACOB C. SCHWARTZ and MARIA (GRABER) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and is thought to have immigrated directly to Dakota Territory? The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of the family and defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Profession	Russia	United States
1	Jacob Schwarz	35	M	Laborer	"	"
2	Maria do	31	F	Wife	"	"
3	Johanna do	1	"	Child	"	"
4	Jos* do	11	M	"	"	"
5	Marja do	6	F	"	"	"
6	Anne do	1	"	"	"	"
7	Jacob do	7	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
901 Jacob	Schwarz	35	M	Laborer	"	"
902 Maria*	"	31	F	Wife	"	"
903 Johana	"	1	"	Child	"	"
904 Jos*	"	11	M	"	"	"
905 Marja	"	6	F	"	"	"
906 Anne	"	1	"	"	"	"
907 Jacob	"	7	M	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#901 Jacob C. Schwartz (1839-1917)	father, age 34 (Sw3.112)
#902 Maria (Graber) Schwartz (1842-1919)	mother, age 31 (Gr3.733)
#903 Johann J. Schwartz (1870-1958)	son, age 3
#904 Joseph Schwartz (1872-1938)	son, age 17 mo.
#905 Maria Schwartz (1862-1942)	daughter, age 12
#906 Anna Schwartz (1868-1926)	daughter, age 5
#907 Jacob J. Schwartz (1864-1954)	son, age 10

Although the names of the children correlate reasonably well their manifest ages do not compare with the genealogical data. At the same time Krehbiel (1995) reports that the Eduardsdorf-Kutusovka and Michelsdorf-Horodyszcze Church Books do not agree on the birth records for the children of this family [Kr95-282].

In a discussion of the oldest daughter, Maria (#905), Krehbiel (2002) states that she immigrated in 1874 to the Yankton, Dakota Territory area [Kr02-37] presumably with her parents and siblings.

Stucky (1954) lists a Jacob Schwartz and a Jacob J. Schwartz as coming to Pretty Prairie, KS from Dakota in 1884-1885 [1]. Both of these men are interned at Salem-Zion Cem. and so if they did move to Pretty Prairie then they apparently moved back to South Dakota for the long run.

Other family members:

Johann Schwartz (1865-1866)	son, died in Russia
Freni Schwartz (1874-1947)	daughter, born in America 1 Nov 1874

[1]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

THE JOHANN MUELLER and MARIA (SCHRAG) MUELLER FAMILY:

This family immigrated with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten manifest table. The table has several columns. The first column contains numbers 908 through 913. The second column contains names: John, Maria, Jacob, Peter, Kath, and Fein. The third column contains surnames: Muller, do, do, do, do, and do. The fourth column contains ages: 50, 49, 18, 15, 73, and 11. The fifth column contains marital status: M, F, M, M, F, and M. The sixth column contains occupations: Laborer, Wi fe, Laborer, do, Spinster, and child. The seventh column contains the word 'Russia'. The eighth column contains the word 'United States'. There are checkmarks in the eighth column for all entries except the last one.

22 27 7

Transcription:			M		Russia	United States
908 John	Muller	50	"	Laborer	"	"
909 Maria	"	49	F	Wi fe	"	"
910 Jacob	"	18	M	Laborer	"	"
911 Peter	"	15	"	"	"	"
912 Kath	"	73*	F	Spinster	"	"
913 Fein*	"	11	"	Child	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#908 Johann Mueller (1824-1909)	father, age 50 (Mr3.211)
#909 Maria (Schrage) Mueller (1825-1916)	mother, age 49 (Sg2.87)
#910 Jacob J Mueller (1854-1892)	son, age 20
#911 Peter Mueller (1859-1942)	son, age 15
#912 Katharina (Schrage) Mueller (1801-?)	grandmother, age 73 (Sg2.21)
#913 Freni Mueller (1862-1942)	daughter, age 12

The age for 'Kath' (#912), is transcribed as '23' in various ship-lists published by others [Sigo-3], [HaDa-11]. This created a considerable difficulty in the effort to identify her. The final opinion in this study is that her age could be transcribed '73' which compares exactly with the genealogical age in 1874 of Katharina (Schrage) Mueller, Johann Mueller's mother. Other writings of digits '2' and '7' from the same microfilm are provided for comparison.

No date of death for grandmother Katharina (#912) was found in the available genealogical information and so there is no evidence to show that she died in Russia. Therefore she could have immigrated. Given that interpretation and the fact that there is no remark indicating that she died at sea it is presumable that she would have died after arrival in America. It follows that she could have been buried in Dakota Territory?

The initial settlement in Dakota Territory is documented in the obituary of daughter, Freni (#913): "1874 kam sie mit Eltern und Geschwister [sic] nach Amerika auf eine Farm in Childstown Township, Turner County, South Dakota," [1].

The settlement in Dakota is confirmed by the obituary of son Peter (#911): "1874 kam er mit seinen Eltern und Geschwistern nach Turner County, Süd Dakota." [2].

Other members of the family:

Katharina (Mueller) Schrage (1844-1896) daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #913.

[1]: Waltner, Freni Mueller (1862-1942), Christlicher Bundesbote: 11 Aug 1942 p. 15

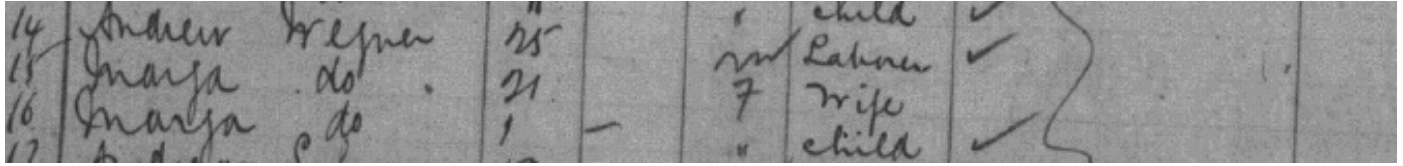
[2]: Miller, Peter (1859-1942), Christlicher Bundesbote: 28 Apr 1942 p. 14

Ship-list References: #34-39 [Sigo-3], #39 [Kr95-254].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 05/18/1874:

THE ANDREAS WALTNER and FRENI (KAUFMAN) WALTNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the first group of the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool, England:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
914 Andreas	Walner	25	M Laborer	"	"
915 Maria*	"	21	F Wife	"	"
916 Maria	"	1	" Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#914 Andreas Waltnr (1846-1929)	father, age 27 (Wa2.48)
#915 Freni (Kaufman) Waltnr (1854-1936)	mother, age 20 (Ka4.3342)
#916 Maria Waltnr (1872-1954)	daughter, age 15 mo.

* The mother, Freni (#915), is logged as 'Maria' in the manifest and although it could be a nickname it is possibly an error of some kind? Notice that the name 'Maria' is repeated.

Their settlement in Dakota Territory is documented in the obituary of the father, Andreas (#914):

"in 1874 kamen sie nach Amerika und richteten ihre Heimstätte auf etwa drei Meilen süd von dem jetzigen Freeman, S. D." [1].

[1]: Waltnr, Andreas (1846-1929), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1 Aug 1929 p. 7

Shiplist References: #40-42 [SlGo-3], [Kr95-304].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 05/18/1874:

THE ANDREAS D. SCHRAG and BARBARA (MUELLER) SCHRAG FAMILY:
 THE JOHANN G. SCHRAG and ANNA G. (SCHRAG) SCHRAG FAMILY:
 THE JACOB K. SCHRAG and KATHARINA (GERING) SCHRAG FAMILY:

These families make up the registration group of Andreas D. Schrag (delegate) who led the first part of the Zahoriz Congregation to America. They settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription defines family registers as of 8 May 1874 the day they boarded the City of Richmond at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten document, likely a ship's passenger list or family register. The text is written in cursive ink on aged paper. It lists names, ages, and occupations for several individuals, including Andreas Schrag, Barbara, Jno, Ann, Andria, Barbara, Jacob, and Katharine. The document is organized into columns, with some entries marked with checkmarks or initials.

Transcription:					Russia	United States
917 Andreas	Schragg*	53	M	Farmer*	"	"
918 Barbara	"	48	F	Wi fe	"	"
919 Jno	"	34*	M	Farmer	"	"
920 Ann	"	22	F	Spinster	"	"
921 Andria	"	1	M	Child	"	"
922 Barbara	"	27	F	Spinster	"	"
923 Jacob	"	24	M	Laborer	"	"
924 Katharine	"	24	F	Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#917 Andreas D. Schrag (1821-1899)	husband/uncle, age 53 (Sg2. 86)
#918 Barbara (Mueller) Schrag (1826-1909)	wi fe, age 48 (Mr3. 212)
#919 Johann G. Schrag (1848-1930)	married nephew, age 25 (Sg3. 853)
#920 Anna G. (Schrag) Schrag (1853-1928)	wi fe, age 20 (Sg3. 44a)
#921 Andreas Schrag (1872-1874)	son, age 21 mo.
#922 Barbara ?	?
#923 Jacob K. Schrag (1846-1896)	married nephew, age 28 (Sg3. 852)
#924 Katharina (Gering) Schrag (1853-1880)	wi fe, age 20 (Ge3. 357)
#--- Joseph K. Schrag (1870-1933)	son, age 3
#--- Freni K. Schrag (1873-1927)	daughter, age 1

The identification of passenger #922, Barbara, is problematical. No compelling theory of identification was determined by this study. Since she is a part of the Andreas D. Schrag travel group it is suspected that she is a close relative of Andreas D. Schrag?

There are two Barbara Schrags found in Swiss Volhynian records who are listed as sisters of Andreas D. (Sg2. 81) Barbara (Schrag) Schwartz (1809-?) and Barbara Schrag (1827-?). The latter is not recognized by Krehbiel (1995, p130) and probably does not exist being nothing more than a data mix-up. The former would have been age 65 at immigration time. The ship record age seems to clearly be 27 and that does not match.

(continued)

Johann G. (#919) and Jacob K. (#923) are brothers, sons of Jacob D. Schrag (1818-1895) who is also identified on City of Richmond (#893-896). Jacob D. was older brother of Andreas D. (#917).

The child Andreas (#921) died 11 Sep 1874 [Kr95-143], about the time that the settlers from the City of Chester joined those already in Dakota. This was also the time when children were ill and dying in large numbers at Halstead and Peabody, KS.

Johann G. (#919) and his wife also had a daughter, Katharina Schrag (1873-1874) who died in Russia on the day of departure (from the Russian settlement) their 4 month old daughter died and was left without a proper burial [1]. This would indicate her death was 10 Apr 1874j.

The children of Jacob K. (#923), Joseph K. and Freni K. (no enumerations), are known to have immigrated but are not listed in the manifest. If the proposed identification of their parents is accepted then it follows that they were young at the time of immigration and it would be difficult to believe that they were left behind. It can only be proposed that they were overlooked and not listed when the ship's manifest was written in 1874. Their absence in the ship-list was recognized by Orpha V. Schrag who states, in correspondence to Harley J. Stucky: "Jacob and Catharine Schrag's children, Joseph and Francisca, were omitted from the passenger's list" [StAd-161].

Joseph K. Schrag (#923) was father of Otto Joseph Schrag (1902-?), a veterinarian, who was the author of "The Locusts" an account of the 1874 grasshopper plague [2].

It is well known that Andreas D. Schrag was the Swiss Volhynian representative in the delegation that was sent to America in 1873 to tour the Great Plains in search of land suitable for settlement. On that mission he arrived in New York from Hamburg 05/28/1873 on the steamship S.S. Frisia.

The obituary of Andreas' wife, Barbara (Mueller) Schrag (#918) states that with 10 other families they arrived at Yankton, Dakota Territory on 27 May 1874: "Mit 10 andern Familien kamen sie am 27. Mai 1874 als die ersten Schweizer Mennoniten in Yankton, S. D." [3]

The obituary suggests that they were the first Swiss Mennonites to settle in the Yankton area.

The obituary of Johann G. (#919), documents his family's initial settlement in Dakota Territory: "in 1874 he came with the large Mennonite Immigration group to America. He established a pioneer home in the state of South Dakota where he also joined the Zion Church at that place" [4]. They later moved to Kansas in 1882 [Kr02-34].

[1]: The Goering Gazette, 'Schrag roots part II', posted Apr 19, 2011 by Roberta Goering, taken from SgJn: The Johann and Anna Schrag Family Record, 1848-1976.

[2]: Schrag, Otto; (1943); The Locusts; translated from the German by Richard Winston; Farrar & Rinehart, New York; 5 p. l., 3-565 p. 22 cm. Wichita State Univ., Ablah Library: PT2638.R33-H413x.

[3]: Schrag, Barbara Müller (1826-1909), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1909 Mar 4 p. 6

[4]: John Schrag, Mennonite Weekly Review: 1930 Apr 23 p. 4

Ship-list References: #43-50 [SI Go-3], #43-48 [Kr95-273], #49-50 [Kr95-279].

THE JOSEPH WALTNER and ANNA (PREHEIM) WALTNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 8 May 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

The first photograph shows the top of the manifest entries for Joseph and Anna Waltner. The second photograph shows the entries for their children: Johanna, Peter, and Joseph.

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
925	Joseph Waltner	35	M	Laborer	"	"
926	Anna do	34	F	Wife	"	"
927	Johanna Waltner	11	F	Child	"	"
928	Peter do	7	M	"	"	"
929	Joseph do	4	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
925	Joseph Waltner	35	M	Laborer	"	"
926	Anna Waltner	34	F	Wife	"	"
927	Johanna Waltner*	11	F	Child	"	"
928	Peter Waltner	7	M	"	"	"
929	Joseph Waltner	4	M	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#925 Joseph Waltner (1839-1923)	father, age 35 (Wa2.45)
#926 Anna (Preheim) Waltner (1840-1875)	mother, age 33 (Pr2.12)
#927 Johann J. Waltner (1863-1947)	son, age 11
#928 Peter J. Waltner (1865-1944)	son, age 9
#929 Joseph J. Waltner (1869-1952)	son, age 4
#--- Jacob J.J. Waltner (1860-1921)	son, age 14
#--- Freni Waltner (1871-1956)	daughter, age 2

The children, Jacob J.J. and Freni (no enumerations) are known to have immigrated but are not found registered in the ship's manifest. Being minor children it is unlikely that they would have immigrated apart from their parents and this is confirmed in the obituary of Freni Waltner where it is stated: "Freni Graber, daughter of Joseph and Anna Preheim Waltner, was born on August 13, 1871, in Volhynia [sic Volhynia], Russia. In the summer of 1874 she emigrated with her parents to America. The following spring her mother died." [3].

It can only be proposed that these children were overlooked and not listed when the ship's manifest was written in 1874. In correspondence to Harley J. Stucky, Orpha V. Schrag states: "Jacob and Catharine Schrag's children, Joseph and Francisca, were omitted from the passenger's list, as well as the children of Joseph and Anna Waltner, Jacob (14) and Freni (2)." [StAd-161].

The obituary of son Peter J. (#928) states that in 1874 he came with his parents to Childstown Township, Turner Co., Dakota Territory one year later his mother died:

"1874 kam er mit seinen Eltern auf einer Farm in Childstown Twp., Turner County, South Dakota. Ein Jahr nachdem starb seine Mutter." [1]

The obituary of child Johann J. (#927) states: "In 1874, at the age of 11, he came with his parents to South Dakota during the great Mennonite immigration." [2].

Other family members:

Maria Waltner (1861-1862)	daughter, died in Russia
Andreas Waltner (1867-1870)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Waltner, Peter J. (1865-1944), Christlicher Bundesbote: 8 Aug 1944 p. 14

[2]: Waltner, John (1863-1947), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1947 Sep 11 p. 3

[3]: Graber, Freni Waltner (1871-1956), Mennonite Weekly Review: 23 Feb 1956 p. 8

MANIFEST OVERVIEW: S. S. CITY OF RICHMOND 27 JUL 1874:

In the addendum titled 'America Bound' to Martin Schrag's 'European History of the Swiss Mennonites From Volhynia,' edited and reprinted by Harley J. Stucky (1999), we read the following:

"A second group of 90 persons, 14 families, left in June 1874 from the villages of Garriitt, Futter, Heker & others in the Sahorez-Dubno {sic Zahoriz-Dubno} area. They arrived in New York on the 'City of Richmond' on July 27, 1874 and joined their friends and family members in the Freeman-Marion area in Dakota Territory." [StAd-128]

In the microfilm copy of the manifest of the City of Richmond which docked 07/27/1874 we find listed 94 persons that can be identified in Swiss Volhynian records. This is 4 in excess of the number quoted above. Of these 3 are a widow and two children that were apparently missed in previously published ship-lists. Elisabeth (Schrag) Graber Sehner (1841-1925) and her children are passengers #527-529. A child from the family of Johann Sutter (1839-1905), passengers #487-494, is also found lacking in previously published lists.

On the basis of surname, Martin Schrag (1956) tallied the number of families that were part of this group as follows: Georing-1, Graber-2, Krehbiel-1, Schrag-1, Schwartz-2, Senner-4, Sutter-2 [SgMa-69]. He tallies only 13 families. In this study we count 15 families. The difference is apparently due to definition. In at least 2 cases a young couple is registered in the same sequence as a parent family and these may not have been previously counted as a family in their own right? Doing that would bring the number of Schrag families to 2 and the number of Schwartz families to 3 for a total of 15.

It is generally stated that these families settled in Dakota Territory but initially at least we find that the majority delayed in the east (Ohio) for several months or a year or two before moving to Dakota. There is evidence that only two or three of the families from this second half of the Zahoriz congregation actually went directly to Dakota Territory. In a couple of cases the families delayed for several years and then moved to Kansas instead of Dakota Territory. Lack of funds could well be the probable reason for delays in the east?

Although it is a complicated matter, one person, Jacob Sutter (1848-1874), is thought to have died during the voyage over the Atlantic Ocean. He is passenger #566 [1].

The country of origin for steerage passengers enumerated 1-496 are England, Ireland, United States and Germany. These are judged not to be a part of the Swiss Volhynian group and so are omitted from this study. In the case of a German origin one must be aware that Germany is the country of origin that was wrongly put down for some Swiss Volhynian passengers on the various passenger lists. Passengers numbered 495-526, although originating from Russia have unfamiliar surnames and are also judged not to be a part of the Swiss Volhynian group. These are also ignored. The same is so for passengers enumerated 530-554.

Marine Intelligence was not found in the New York Times for the S. S. City of Richmond 07/27/1874. It is known that the manifest was submitted to the Port Authority at Castle Garden on Monday, 27 Jul 1874. Assuming that this group required about the same amount of travel time as the first group it can be reckoned that the Swiss Volhynians would have registered on ship at Liverpool, England on or about 16 Jul 1874 and that they would have left the Russian settlements on or about 19 Jun 1874j (basis the Julian calendar).

[1]: Schrag, Vernon C., (2015), "Who Really Died on the City of Richmond and What Happened to Jacob Sutter", <https://swissmennonite.org/index.html>

CERTIFICATION:

The following is transcribed from the microfilm copy of the original manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond which reported to the Collector of the Customs, Port of New York, 27 Jul 1874:

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.
PORT OF NEW YORK.

I, Samuel Brooks Master of the S.S. City of Richmond do solemnly, sincerely and truly swear that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect List of all the passengers taken on Board the said S.S. City of Richmond at Liverpool from which port the said S.S. City of Richmond has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died.

Sworn to this 17th day of July 1874 } So HELP ME GOD.

Before me, Samuel Brooks List or Manifest of ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the S.S. City of Richmond whereof Samuel Brooks is Master from Liverpool burthen 2823 tons

NAMES.	AGE.		SEX.	OCCUPATION.	The country to which they severally belong.	The country to which they intend to become inhabitants.	Died on the Voyage.	Part of the Vessel occupied by each passenger during the Voyage.
	Years.	Months.						
<u>1st</u>								

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
PORT OF NEW YORK

I, (Samuel Brooks), Master of the (S. S. City of Richmond), do solemnly, sincerely, and truly (swear) that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs, of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect list of all the passengers taken on Board the said (S. S. City of Richmond) at (Liverpool) from which parts the said (S. S. City of Richmond) has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died. So Help me God. (Samuel Brooks)

Sworn to this (27 July) 18(74)
Before me, _____ **

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the (S. S. City of Richmond) whereof (Samuel Brooks) is Master from (Liverpool) burthen (2923) tons. [1].

[1]: Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond, NY Arrival, 07/27/1874, Bethel College Mennonite Library & Archives, 300 East 27th Street, North Newton, KS 67118, Microforms Area, Record Group 36, Microfilm, 35 mm., Reel 392.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JOHANN SUTTER and FRENI (KREHBIEL) SUTTER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

7	Johanna	Sutter	37	F	Laborer	Germany	United States
8	Faine	do	37	F	Wife	"	"
9	Anna	do	11	F	Child	"	"
40	Maria	do	9	F	"	"	"
1	Freni	do	7	F	"	"	"
2	Eliza	do	3	F	"	"	"
3	Henrich	do	1	M	"	"	"
4	Laspeth	do	5	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

487 Johann	Sutter	37	F	Laborer	Germany	United States
488 Faine*	"	37	F	Wife	"	"
489 Anna	"	11	F	Child	"	"
490 Maria*	"	9	F	"	"	"
491 Freni	"	7	F	"	"	"
492 Eliza	"	3	F	"	"	"
493 Henrich	"	1	M	"	"	"
494 Laspeth*	"	5	M	"	"	"

There are 8 members in this family but only 7 are listed by Stucky (1974). The child Maria (#490) is missing from Stucky's listing. Passenger #488 is transcribed as "Adina" [SI Go-5] even though the first letter is clearly "F" and the name appears to be something akin to Freni or Fanie.

The child #494 is transcribed "Joseph" [SI Go-5]. Comparisons show that the first letter appears to be an 'L' and not a 'J'. It is not clear exactly what is written there.

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#487 Johann Sutter (1839-1905)	father, age 35 (Su3.231)
#488 Freni (Krehbiel) Sutter (1841-1917)	mother, age 33 (Kr2.37)
#489 Anna Sutter (1862-1904)	daughter, age 11
#490 Maria Sutter (1864-?)	daughter, age 10
#491 Freni Sutter (1865-1907)	daughter, age 8
#492 Elisabeth L. Sutter (1871-1959)	daughter, age 3
#493 Heinrich Sutter (1873-?)	son, age 7 mo.
#494 Katharina Sutter (1867-?)	daughter, age 6

Given the children that are assigned for this family in 1874 there remains only one choice and on that basis Katharina is identified as passenger #494.

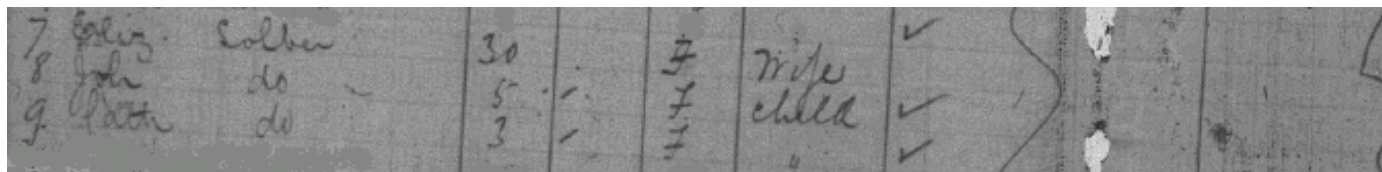
This family came to America with the second half of the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. It is not known in this study if they may have delayed in the east for a period of time before coming to Dakota Territory?

The family of Johann's brother, Jacob Sutter (1848-1874), and two of his sisters are also identified on this ship, passengers #566-571.

Ship-list References: #1-7 [SI Go-5], [Kr95-298]. This family is not found in the listings of Hiebert (1974) [Hi Cl-162] and Haury (1986) [HaDa-15].

THE *CHRISTIAN SEHNER and ELISABETH (SCHRAG) GRABER SEHNER FAMILY:

Elisabeth (Schrage) Graber Sehner immigrated as a widow with two small children. She came to America with the Zahoritz Congregation and settled in Ohio before moving to Dakota Territory. The following transcription documents her immigration and defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day she and her children boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

				Russia	United States
527 Eliz.	Sohner	30	F	Wife	"
528 Joh	"	5	F	Child	"
529 Cath.	"	3	F	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#527 Elisabeth (Schrage) Graber Sehner (1841-1925)	mother, 33 (Sg3.423)
#528 Anna Sehner (1868-1929)	daughter, 6
#529 Katharina Sehner (1870-1938)	daughter, 3

Although, Anna #528 is registered as "Joh" or "John" (or perhaps Johanna) she is clearly indicated as female and her age compares well with genealogical records.

According to the obituary of the mother, Elisabeth (#527), she settled in Ohio for a period of time before moving to Dakota Territory:

"Im Jahre 1874 kam auch sie mit ihren Kindlein nach Amerika. Sie blieb etliche Jahre in Ohio, wo sie für sich und ihre Kinder suchte ihren Lebensunterhalt zu erwerben. Nach etlichen Jahren zog sie zu ihren Verwandten und Bekannten nach Süddakota" [1].

Elisabeth married a third time in 1880 in Dakota Territory to Karl Preheim (1828-1914). In 1884 they moved to the pioneer settlement at Pretty Prairie, KS and later to the settlement at Kingman Co., KS. Both were buried at Bethany Mennonite Church Cemetery, Kingman Co., KS. [2], [3].

other members of the family:

Johann Graber (1840-1864)	first husband, died in Russia (Gr3.732)
Christian Sehner (1846-c.1872)	second husband, died in Russia (Se2.16)

[1]: Priheim, Elisabeth Schrage Graber Sener (1841-1925), Christ. Bundesbote, 16 Apr 1925 p. 7

[2]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

[3]: "A History of the First Mennonite Church, Pretty Prairie, Kansas", coedited by Arthur Walther, Mrs. Frances Schrage, W.W. Graber and Tim Stucky, 1983, Prairie Publications, Pretty Prairie, KS, MLA: 289.778183 H629, p.15

Ship-list References: none were found.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JOSEPH R. SCHRAG and BARBARA (GRABER) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten manifest entry. The text is written in cursive ink on a lined paper. It lists four family members: Joseph Schragg, Barbara do, Maria do, and Francisca do. Next to each name are their ages (29, 27, 3, and 1 respectively) and their genders (M, F, F, and F). To the right of the ages are their occupations: Farmer, Wife, and Child. There are checkmarks in the rightmost column for each entry.

Name	Age	Gender	Occupation	Checkmark
Joseph Schragg	29	M	Farmer	✓
Barbara do	27	F	Wife	✓
Maria do	3	F	Child	✓
Francisca do	1	F		✓

Transcription:

555 Joseph	Schragg	29	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
556 Barbara	"	27	F	Wife	"	"
557 Maria*	"	3	F	Child	"	"
558 Francisca	"	1	F	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#555 Joseph R. Schrag (1844-1888)	father, age 29 (Sg3.425)
#556 Barbara (Graber) Schrag (1846-1911)	mother, age 27 (Gr3.564)
#557 Maria Schrag (1870-1888)	daughter, age 3
#558 Freni Schrag (1874-c. 1879)	daughter, age 1

The family settled in Ohio before moving to Dakota Territory (possibly in 1875). The child Freni (#558) died in Dakota about 1879. They were with the group that left Dakota in 1882 to settle near Dallas, OR. A daughter, Lizzie, born 1879 died in 1883. In 1888, during a three week period, the father and two daughters, Maria (#557) and a baby born in 1888, Nellie Mae, all died. The four of them were buried in a private cemetery on their homestead which is cared for by their descendants [1].

Barbara (#556) and four of the surviving children (all girls) moved to Dallas, OR where she remarried [1]. A granddaughter, Mildred Schrock, is author of the book "For His Sake" which is based on stories from Russia told to her by Barbara.

Other family members:

Johann Schrag (1866-c. 1870)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Schrag (1869-dy)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Correspondence with descendant Mike Yoder, Dallas, OR.

Ship-list References: #8-11 [SI Go-5], [Kr95-273].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JACOB GERING and SUSANNA (KREHBIEL) GERING FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

The first photograph shows the top of a manifest entry for Jacob Gering (age 59, Farmer) and his wife Susanna (age 50). The second photograph shows the bottom of the same entry, listing their children: Josephus (age 29, Laborer), Dan (age 16), Marie (age 18, Spinster), Cath (age 8, Child), and Francisca (age 5).

Transcription:				Russia	United States
559 Jacob	Gering	59* M	Farmer	"	"
560 Susanna	"	50* F	Wife	"	"
561 Josephus	Gering	29 M	Laborer	Russia	United States
562 Dan	"	16* M	"	"	"
563 Marie	"	18* F	Spinster	"	"
564 Cath	"	8 F	Child	"	"
565 Francisca	"	5 M*	"	"	"

* The manifest ages appear to be subject to erasures and overwrites and are somewhat difficult to transcribe.

Identification with age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#559 Jacob Gering (1819-1906)	father, age 54 (Ge2.36)
#560 Susanna (Krehbiel) Gering (1827-1878)	mother, age 47 (Kr2.41)
#561 Joseph Gering (c. 1845-1878)	son, age 29?
#562 Daniel J. Gering (1856-1940)	son, age 17
#563 Maria Gering (1858-1940)	daughter, age 15
#564 Katharina Gering (c. 1866-1878)	daughter, age 8?
#565 Freni Gering (c. 1869-1878)	daughter, age 5?

According to Krehbiel (2002) they settled about 5 miles east of Marion on the banks of the Vermilion River. On 23 Jul 1878 a flood destroyed their home. The mother (#560) and three of the children: Joseph (#561), Katharina (#564) and Freni (#565) drowned [Kr02-15].

The surviving members of the family moved to Pretty Prairie, KS [Kr02-15], probably in 1884-1885 [2], to a homestead located at section 9-26s-6w in Reno Co. [3]. After the father died the surviving children, Daniel and Maria, moved to Washington state [Kr02-15].

Some circumstances concerning the Vermilion River Flood are discussed in "The History of Dakota Territory", by Kingsbury & Smith (1915). It is said that in only minutes the water rose to a height from ten to thirty feet, filling the houses to their eaves and destroying them [1].

[1]: Kingsbury, George W. and Smith, George M., 1915, "History of Dakota Territory"

[2]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

[3]: "A History of the First Mennonite Church, Pretty Prairie, Kansas", coedited by Arthur Walther, Mrs. Frances Schrag, W.W. Graber and Tim Stucky, 1983, Prairie Publications, Pretty Prairie, KS, MLA: 289.778183 H629

Ship-list References: #12-18 [SI Go-5], [Kr95-210].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JACOB SUTTER and KATHARINA (ALBRECHT) SUTTER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation. Their immigration was not without difficult circumstances. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

6	Jacob Sutter	32	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
7	Cath do	28	F	Wife	died of collapse 19th July 1874	
8	Jacob do	1	M	Child	Russia	
9	Cath do	26	F	Spinster		
10	Susan Sutter	18	F	do		
11	Anna do	16	F	Spinster		

Notice the cross annotation

Continuation of death remark →

died 19 July 1874

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
566	Jacob	Sutter	32	M	Farmer	"
567	Cath	"	28	F	Wife	died of collapse 19th July 1874
568	Jacob	"	1	M	Child	Russia
569	Cath	"	26	F	Spinster	"
570	Susan	Sutter*	18	F	"	"
571	Anna	"	16	F	Spinster	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#566	Jacob Sutter (1848-1874)	father, age 26 (Su3. 236)
#567	Katharina (Albrecht) Sutter (1844-1917)	mother, age 30 (Ac4. 2326)
#568	Johann Sutter (1873-1964)	son, age 16 mo.
#569	Katharina Schwartz (1850-1918)	cousin, age 24 (Sw3. 133)
#570	Susanna Sutter (1852-1940)	sister, age 21 (Su3. 238)
#571	Anna Sutter (1855-1889)	sister, age 18 (Su3. 239)

The mother, Katharina (#567) was wrongly logged as 'died at sea' in the manifest. It is believed that it was her husband, Jacob Sutter (#566) who actually died and the death notes were written on Katharine's line instead. The details are reported in "Who Really Died on the City of Richmond and What Happened to Jacob Sutter", SMCHA website.

Katharina Schwartz (#569) is identified here rather than with her birth family which is found on the same voyage, City of Richmond 07/27/1874 #516-625. The reason she is registered with the Sutters rather than her own family is unknown. Her family settled in Ohio and it is likely that she went there with them and later to Dakota Territory.

Passengers #570 and #571 are Jacob Sutter's (#566) orphan sisters. Their father, Christian Sutter (1816-1856) died in Russia when the girls were yet very young and their mother Anna (Schwartz) Sutter (?-?) is presumed deceased before immigration. At some point these girls went to Dakota Territory.

The child Johann (#568) is named Jacob in the manifest. According to genealogical records he had an older sibling named Jacob who died not long before immigration.

No evidence to determine the place of settlement for Katharina (Albrecht) Sutter and her son Johann (#568) was found but it is presumable that she may have gone to Ohio with the Schwartz family? She later moved to Moundridge, KS, perhaps when the Schwartz family moved to Dakota? There is no evidence to show that she ever went to Dakota Territory.

Other family members:

Christian Sutter (1871-dy)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Sutter (1872-dy)	son, died in Russia

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE PETER O. GRABER and FRENI (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
2	Peter Graber	44	M	Farmer	"	"
3	Francis Graber	36	F	Wife	"	"
4	Joseph Graber	15	M	none	"	"
5	Jacob Graber	12	M	Child	"	"
6	Anna Graber	10	F	"	"	"
7	Francis Graber	8	M	"	"	"
8	Eliz Graber	7	F	"	"	"
9	Marie Graber	5	F	"	"	"
10	Johan Graber	1	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

	Graber	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
572 Peter	Graber	44	M	Farmer	"	"
573 Francis	"	36	F	Wife	"	"
574 Joseph	"	15	M	none	"	"
575 Jacob	"	12	M	Child	"	"
576 Anna	"	10	F	"	"	"
577 Francis	"	8	M	"	"	"
578 Eliz	"	7	F	"	"	"
579 Marie*	"	5	F	"	"	"
580 Johan	"	1	M	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#572 Peter O. Graber (1830-1897)	father, age 44 (Gr2.84)
#573 Freni (Gering) Graber (1838-1875)	mother, age 36 (Ge3.351)
#574 Joseph C. Graber (1857-1941)	son, age 17
#575 Jacob K. Graber (1860-1942)	son, age 14
#576 Anna Graber (1862-1938)	daughter, age 12
#577 Freni Graber (1864-1939)	daughter, age 10
#578 Elisabeth Graber (1868-1887)	daughter, age 6
#579 Peter or Maria ?	?
#580 Johann P. O. Graber (1873-1954)	son, age 17 mo.

No child named Maria (#579) is assigned to this family in the 1874 database. At the same time a child, Peter P. Graber (1871-1888), who froze to death in the Dakota blizzard of 1888, is assigned [Kr95-69] but is not named in the manifest. Krehbiel (1995) suggests that the name 'Marie' could have been written in error for Peter [Kr95-227]?

The obituary of daughter Freni (#577) conveys the Dakota settlement of this family:

"Mit ihren Eltern kam sie im Herbst 1874 in Yankton, S. Dak an. Schon das nächste Jahr verlor sie ihre Mutter durch den Tod, und die Pionierbeschwerden wurden jetzt doppelt schwer. Sie mußte auch für den Unterhalt der großen Familie sorgen helfen."
 [2]. The settlement is confirmed in the obituaries of her siblings [3], [4].

After a harsh winter the mother, Freni (#573), died in the spring of 1875. Peter O. remarried and later moved with his second wife to Pretty Prairie, KS. 1891 [1], [2].

[1]: Graber, Peter D. (1830-1897), Christlicher Bundesbote: 10 Jun 1897 p. 8
 [2]: Waltnr, Freni Graber (1864-1939), Christlicher Bundesbote: 11 Apr 1939 p. 15
 [3]: Graber, Joseph C. (1857-1941), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1941 Feb 18 p. 13
 [4]: Graber, Jakob K. (1860-1942), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1942 Jun 18 p. 5
 [5]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE HEINRICH KREHBIEL and ANNA (SUTTER) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz congregation and settled in Ohio. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents their immigration and defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
1	Heinrich Cravel	42	M	Farmer	✓	✓
2	Anna do	37	F	Wife	✓	✓
3	Marie do	11	F	Child	✓	✓
4	Peter do	10	M	"	✓	✓
5	Johan do	8	M	"	✓	✓
6	Anna do	6	F	"	✓	✓
7	Johnathan do	4	M	"	✓	✓
588	Anna do	2	F	"	✓	✓

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
581	Heinrich	Cravel	42	M	Farmer	" "
582	Anna	"	37	F	Wife	" "
583	Marie	"	11	F	Child	" "
584	Peter	"	10	M	"	" "
585	Johan*	"	8	M	"	" "
586	Anna	"	6	F	"	" "
587	Johnathan	"	4	M	"	" "
588	Anna	"	2	F	"	" "

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#581	Heinrich Krehbiel (c. 1832-1884)	father, age 42 (Kr2. 43)
#582	Anna (Sutter) Krehbiel (1832-1915)	mother, age 42 (Su2. 29)
#583	Maria Krehbiel (1861-1954)	daughter, age 13
#584	Peter B. Krehbiel (1863-1937)	son, age 11
#585	Johann H. Krehbiel (1869-?)	son, age 5
#586	Katharina Krehbiel (1865-1944)	daughter, age 9
#587	Jonathan Krehbiel (1867-1939)	son, age 7
#588	Anna Krehbiel (1872-1889)	daughter, age 2

Notice that both #586 and #588 are named 'Anna' in the manifest listing. This is interpreted as a name error and on the basis of age #586 is identified as daughter, Katharina Krehbiel.

The obituary of the mother, Anna (#582), states that she came with her husband and children to Putnam Co., OH in 1874:

"Im Herbst des Jahre 1874 wanderte sie mit Gatten und Kindern mit Glaubensgenossen nach Amerika aus und siedelte sich in Putnam Co., Ohio," [1].

Anna's obituary also states that her husband died in autumn 1884 and that she moved to Kansas with her children in 1888:

"Im Herbst 1884 starb ihr Gatte daselbst, und im Jahre 1888 kam sie mit ihren Kindern nach Kansas," [1].

Other family members:

Maria Krehbiel (1858-1858)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Krehbiel (1859-1866)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Wedel, Anna Sutter Krehbiel (1832-1915), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1915 Jul 1 p. 6

Ship-list References: #34-41 [SI Go-6], [Kr95-252].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JACOB W. SEHNER and KATHARINA (SUTTER) SEHNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

589 Jacob Lohner	34	1	Farmer	Russia	United States
90 Cath do	25	1	Wife	Russia	United States
1 Marie do	7	1	Child	Russia	United States
2 Christian do	6	1		Russia	United States
3 Peter do	2	1		Russia	United States

Sutter

Sutter

Sutter

Sutter

Sehner

Sehner

Transcription:

589 Jacob	Sohner	34	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
590 Cath	"	25	F	Wife	"	"
591 Marie	"	7	F	Child	"	"
592 Christian	"	6	M	"	"	"
593 Peter	"	2	M	"	"	"

Some ship-lists transcribe the surname as 'Lohner'. It is not clear that the first letter should be transcribed as an 'L'. Other writings of names with capital "S" from the same microfilm are presented for comparison. The same ship-lists wrongly list four Graber children who do not belong to this family. This is due to a publication error in the ship-lists of Hiebert (1974) which was reprinted by Haury (1986) [HiCl-162], [HaDa-15]. Stucky (1974) transcribes correctly [SiGo-6].

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#589 Jacob W. Sehner (1840-1921)	father, age 34 (Se2.42)
#590 Katharina (Sutter) Sehner (1844-1920)	mother, age 30 (Su3.234)
#591 Maria S. Sehner (1865-1955)	daughter, age 9
#592 Christian Sehner (1867-1954)	son, age 7
#593 Peter J. Sehner (1872-1923)	son, age 19 mo.

It is possible that this family settled in Ohio with other close relatives before moving to Dakota Territory?

Other family members:

Jacob Sehner (1870-dy) son, died young in Russia

Ship-list References: #42-46 [SiGo-6], [Kr95-285].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE PETER A. GRABER and KATHARINA (SEHNER) GRABER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Zahoriz congregation and settled in Ohio. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

4	Peter	Graber	52	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
5	Cath	do	36	F	Wife	"	"
6	Jacob	do	21	M	Laborer	"	"
7	Maria	do	18	F	Spinster	"	"
8	Franz	do	14	M	none	"	"
9	Anton	do	16	M	"	"	"
600	Joseph	do	11	M	Child	"	"
1	Cath	do	9	F	"	"	"
2	Johana	do	5	F	"	"	"
3	Daniel	do	2	M	"	"	"
4	Johan	do	1	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
594	Peter	Graber	52	M	Farmer	"
595	Cath	"	36	F	Wife	"
596	Jacob	"	21	M	Laborer	"
597	Maria*	"	18	F	Spinster	"
598	Franz	"	14	M	none	"
599	Anton	"	16	M	"	"
600	Joseph	"	11	M	Child	"
601	Cath	"	9	F	"	"
602	Johana	"	5	F	"	"
603	Daniel	"	2	M	"	"
604	Johan	"	1	M	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#594	Peter A. Graber (1816-1889)	father, age 58 (Gr2.56)
#595	Katharina Sehner (1838-1921)	mother/step-mother, age 36 (Se2.41)
#596	Jacob B. Graber (1853-1911)	step-son, age 21
#597	Maria Graber (1855-1909)	daughter, age 19
#598	Freni Graber (1858-1921)	daughter, age 16
#599	Peter A. Graber (1857-1938)	son, age 17
#600	Joseph J. Graber (1862-1927)	son, age 12
#601	Katharina Graber (1864-1951)	daughter, age 10
#602	Anna Graber (1868-1948)	daughter, age 6
#603	Daniel P. Graber (1871-?)	son, age 3
#604	Jonathan P. Graber (1874-1954)	son, age 1

Step-son Jacob B. (#596) is the youngest child from Peter's first marriage to (Ss1.3) Maria (Strausz) Graber (1815-1854). The other children from the first marriage are identified elsewhere with their own families.

Son Peter A. (#599) is named 'Anton' in the manifest. Perhaps this has some relation to his middle initial 'A'?

(continued)

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

Hiebert (1974) wrongly lists members #594-600 with the S.S. Frisia 07/22/1874 ship-list and the younger members #601-604 with the S.S. City of Richmond 07/27/1874 but under the family name "Lohner" {Sehner} instead of Graber [HiCl-162]. The misprint was repeated by Haury (1986) [HaDa-15]. These errors led Krehbiel (2006) to think mistakenly that the family came to America on the Frisia [Kr06-2]. Stucky (1974) lists the family correctly [SiGo-6].

The obituary of son Peter A. (#599) states the following: "Mr. Graber had emigrated from Russia, and had successively lived at Bluffton, Ohio, Marion, S. D., and Pretty Prairie, Kansas." [1]

Other members of the Peter A. and Katharina (Sehner) Graber family:

Joseph Graber (1861-1861)	son, died in Russia
Daniel Graber (1867-1867)	son, died in Russia

Other members of the Peter A. and Maria (Strausz) Graber family:

Johann B. Graber (1840-1920)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #743
Peter Graber (1842-1844)	son, died in Russia
Christian P. Graber (1844-1917)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #819
Barbara (Graber) Schrag (1846-1911)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #556
Peter Graber (1849-1854)	son, died in Russia
Maria Graber (1851-1854)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Graber, Peter A. (1857-1938), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1938 Jan 26 p. 1

Ship-list References: #47-57 [SiGo-6], [Kr95-222], [Kr06-2], [HiCl-162], [HaDa-15]

THE JACOB SEHNER and *BARBARA (GRABER) SEHNER FAMILY:

Jacob Sehner immigrated to America as a widower with four of his youngest children and settled in Ohio. The following transcription defines a family register as of about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

1	Jacob Seener	67	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
2	Maria do	20	F	Spinster	"	"
3	Anna do	18	F	"	"	"
4	Peter do	15	M	none	"	"
5	Johan do	9	M	Child	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
605	Jacob	Seener	67	M	Farmer	"
606	Maria*	"	20	F	Spinster	"
607	Anna	"	18	F	"	"
608	Peter	"	15	M	none	"
609	Johan	"	9	M	Child	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#605 Jacob Sehner (1806-1884)	father, age 68 (Se1.1)
#606 Maria Sehner (1852-1931)	daughter, age 22
#607 Anna Sehner (1855-?)	daughter, age 19
#608 Peter Sehner (1858-1933)	son, age 16
#609 Johann Sehner (1863-1940)	son, age 11

The obituary of son, Johann #609, states: "He was one of the charter group who organized the Pretty Prairie Mennonite church and his father, who died the following year, was the first to be buried in the cemetery there"[2]. The death of Jacob Sehner (#605) is also mentioned by Jonus Stucky (1954): "Jacob Senner Sr., died in 1884, and was the first adult burial here" [3-69]. His death occurred 29 Oct 1884 and dates the origin of the First Mennonite Church Cemetery of Pretty Prairie, KS.

According to the obituary of daughter Maria (#606) she came with her father and siblings to America, spending the first three years in Logan Co., Ohio before moving to Dakota Territory in about 1877:

"In 1874 zog sie mit ihrem Vater und Geschwistern nach Amerika. Ihre ersten 3 Jahre brachte sie als Dienst-Mädchen zu in Logan Co. Ohio. Dann zogen sie nach Marion, S. Dak., wo sie sich auf einer Farm ansiedelten." [1]

Before the families from Dakota Territory relocated at Pretty Prairie, KS they sent scouts to reconnoiter. Among a group of four young men was Johann "John" Senner (#609) who would have been about 20 years old at the time. They visited several south central Kansas counties, probably in 1883 and, favoring Reno Co., reported back to Dakota. [3].

Other family members:

Barbara (Graber) Sehner (1815-c.1868)	wife/mother, died in Russia
Katharina (Sehner) Graber (1833-?)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #725
Christian Sehner (1835-1838)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Sehner (1838-1867)	son, died in Russia
Elisabeth Sehner (1841-1845)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni (Sehner) Schwartz (1844-1908)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #634
Christian Sehner (1846-1874)	son, died in Russia
Elisabeth (Sehner) Albrecht (1849-1872)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Flickinger, Maria Senner (1852-1931), Mennonite Weekly Review: 16 Dec 1931 p. 4

[2]: Saner, John (1863-1940), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1940 Jul 10 p. 3

[3]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10, 69

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE WILHELM SEHNER and KATHARINA (SCHRAG) SEHNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten manifest entry on a grid. The entry lists five family members: Wilhelm (32, Farmer), Katharina (32, Farmer's wife), Maria (7, Child), Franz (5, Child), and Jacob (3, Child). Peter (1, Child) is also listed. The names are written in cursive, and the ages and occupations are in print. There are checkmarks in the rightmost column for each entry.

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Notes
10	Wm	32	M	Farmer	✓
11	Kath	32	F	Farmer's wife	✓
12	Maria	7	F	Child	✓
13	Franz	5	F	Child	✓
14	Jacob	3	M	Child	✓
15	Peter	1	M	Child	✓

Transcription:	Seener				Russia	United States
610 Wm	"	32	M	Farmer	"	"
611 Kath	"	32	F	Wife	"	"
612 Maria	"	7	F	Child	"	"
613 Franz*	"	5	F	"	"	"
614 Jacob	"	3	M	"	"	"
615 Peter	"	1	M	"	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#610 Wilhelm Sehner (1842-1902)	father, age 32 (Se2.43)
#611 Katharina (Schrage) Sehner (1843-1911)	mother, age 31 (Sg3.424)
#612 Maria Sehner (1866-1960)	daughter, age 8
#613 Freni Sehner (1869-1932)	daughter, age 5
#614 Jacob W. Sehner (1871-1938)	son, age 3
#615 Peter W. Sehner (1874-1929)	son, age 6 mo.

The name 'Franz' for #613 is interpreted as a mis-writing intended to be 'Frani' ?
Notice that the child is logged as female.

Although no direct evidence can be presented it is presumable that this family, along with other close relatives, settled in Ohio before moving to Dakota Territory ?
Wilhelm's parents are passengers #626-627, his brother is #589 and his uncle is #605.

Ship-list References: #63-68 [SI Go-6], [Kr95-285].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JACOB SCHWARTZ and KATHARINA (SUTTER) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

616	Jacob Schwartz	50	M	Farmer	Russia	United States
617	Kath Schwartz	52	F	Wife	Russia	United States
618	Francisca do	20	F	Spinster	"	"
619	Jacob do	16	M	none	"	"
620	Maria do	14	F	"	"	"
621	Anders do	9	M	"	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
616	Jacob	Schwartz	50	M	Farmer	"
617	Kath	Schwartz	52	F	Wife	Russia
618	Francisca	"	20	F	Spinster	"
619	Jacob	"	16	M	none	"
620	Maria	"	14	F	"	"
621	Anders	"	9	M	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#616	Jacob Schwartz (c. 1817-1918)	father, age 57? (Sw2. 13)
#617	Katharina (Sutter) Schwartz (1822-1882)	mother, age 52 (Su2. 34)
#618	Freni Schwartz (1853-1943)	daughter, age 21
#619	Jacob D. Schwartz (1857-1932)	son, age 17
#620	Maria Schwartz (1860-?)	daughter, age 14
#621	Andreas Schwartz (1864-1933)	son, age 10

An unmarried daughter, Katharina Schwartz (1850-1918), is not found listed here with her birth family. However, she can be identified as passenger #569, also on City of Richmond 07/27/1874, registered with the Jacob Sutter Family (#566-571).

According to Krehbiel (2002), daughter Katharina Schwartz (#569) immigrated with her parents to Ohio before settling in Dakota Territory in 1879 [Kr02-37].

Other family members:

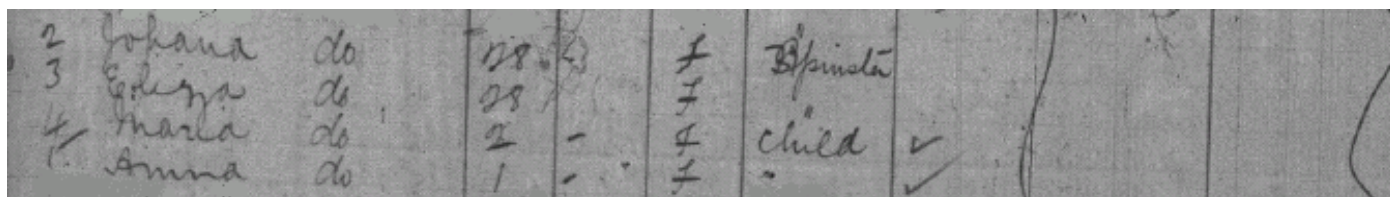
Solomon Schwartz (1844-1909)	son, Richmond 07/27/1874, #633
Johann Schwartz (1847-1928)	son, Richmond 07/27/1874, #622
Katharina Schwartz (1850-1918)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #569

Ship-list References: #69-78 [SI Go-6, 7], #69-74 [Kr95-280, 282].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE JOHANN SCHWARTZ and ELISABETH (SEHNER) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>	<i>Schwartz</i>				<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
622 Johana	"	28	F	Spinster	"	"
623 Eliza	"	28	F	"	"	"
624 Maria*	"	2	F	Child	"	"
625 Anna	"	1	F	"	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#622 Johann Schwartz (1847-1928)	father, age 27 (Sw3.132)
#623 Elisabeth (Sehner) Schwartz (1847-1893)	mother, age 27 (Se2.245)
#624 Katharina Schwartz (1871-1943)	daughter, age 3
#625 Anna Schwartz (1874-?)	daughter, age 6 mo.

No child named 'Maria' is known to this family in 1874 and the use of that name for #624 is interpreted as an error or a nickname. On that basis passenger #624 is identified as Katharina Schwartz.

According to the birth records of their children Johann and Elisabeth Schwartz settled in Ohio before moving to Dakota Territory presumably by 1880. [SVdb]

Ship-list References: #75-78 [SI Go-6, 7], [Kr95-282].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 07/27/1874:

THE WILHELM SEHNER and FRIEDERIKE (HEITINGER) SEHNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

626 Wm	62	M	Labourer	✓
627 Fred	58	M	"	✓
628 Anna	28	F	Wife	✓
629 Francis	24	M	Labourer	✓
630 Maria	19	F	Spinster	✓
631 Barbara	16	F	"	✓
632 Christian	12	M	none	✓

Transcription:				Russia	United States
626 Wm	Senner	62	M Laborer	"	"
627 Fred	"	58	M "	"	"
628 Anna	"	28	F Wi fe	"	"
629 Francis	"	24	M Laborer	"	"
630 Maria	"	19	F Spi nster	"	"
631 Barbara	"	16	F "	"	"
632 Christi an	"	12	M none	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#626 Wilhelm Sehner (c. 1815-1893)	father, age 59? (Se1.4)
#627 Friederike (Heitinger) Sehner (1817-1895)	mother, age 57 (Ht1.1)
#628 Anna E. Sehner (1849-1928)	daughter, age 25
#629 Freni Sehner (1850-1919)	daughter, age 24
#630 Maria Sehner (1855-1941)	daughter, age 19
#631 Barbara Sehner (1857-1937)	daughter, age 17
#632 Christian Sehner (1860-1951)	son, age 14

The obituary of daughter, Barbara (#631) documents the family's initial settlement: "She came to America in 1874. First settled in Ohio and later in Marion County, S. Dakota." [1].

Other family members:

Katharina (Sehner) Graber (1838-1921)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #595
Jacob W. Sehner (1840-1921)	son, Richmond 07/27/1874, #589
Wilhelm Sehner (1842-1902)	son, Richmond 07/27/1874, #610
Peter Sehner (1844-1846)	son, died in Russia
Elisabeth (Sehner) Schwartz (1847-1893)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #623
Maria Sehner (1852-1853)	daughter, died in Russia
Peter Sehner (1859-1862)	son, died in Russia
Andreas Sehner (1863-1864)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Dirks, Barbara Senner (1858-1937), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1937 Jul 28 p. 2

Ship-list References: #79-85 [SlGo-7], [Kr95-284].

THE SOLOMON SCHWARTZ and FRENI (SEHNER) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register on or about 16 Jul 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten manifest entry on a piece of paper. The entry lists family members with their names, ages, genders, occupations, and marital status. The names are written in cursive, and there are checkmarks in the right margin.

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Married
3	Solomon Schwartz	30	M	Farmer	✓
4	Francis do	30	F	Wife	✓
5	Maria do	5	F	Child	✓
6	Francis do	4	M	"	✓
7	Jacob do	1	M	"	✓

Transcription:				Russia	United States
633	Soloman	Schwartz	30 M Farmer	"	"
634	Francis	"	30 F Wife	"	"
635	Maria	"	5 F Child	"	"
636	Francis	"	4 M "	"	"
637	Jacob	"	1 M "	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#633 Solomon Schwartz (1844-1909)	father, age 30 (Sw3.131)
#634 Freni (Sehner) Schwartz (1844-1908)	mother, age 30 (Se2.15)
#635 Maria Schwartz (1867-1886)	daughter, age 7
#636 Freni C. Schwartz (1869-1948)	daughter, age 5
#637 Jacob S. Schwartz (1873-1949)	son, age 14 mo.

According to the birth records of children born in America the family probably moved from Ohio to Dakota by 1879 [SVdb].

Ship-list References: #86-90 [SI Go-7], [Kr95-282].



Immigrants leaving their Russian homes by Wagon: Harper's Weekly, October 25, 1873, from the postcard collection of Maggie Land Blanck.
<http://maggieblanck.com/Immigration.html>

MANIFEST OVERVIEW: S.S. CITY OF CHESTER 24 AUG 1874:

In the addendum titled "America Bound" to Martin Schrag's 'European History of the Swiss Mennonites From Volhynia,' reprinted by Harley J. Stucky in 1999 we read the following:

"A third group of 342 persons, 60 families left in July of 1874 from Horodische and Waldheim and arrived in New York on the City of Chester on August 24, 1874" [StAd-128].

In the ship-list published by Stucky (1974) only 260 persons are listed for the City of Chester group. This is much short of the number stated above. Of these 30 are omitted from this report on the basis that they could not be identified from Swiss Volhynian genealogy. Those omitted are from 9 families as follows: #861-863 Goertz, #864-867 Block, #1002-1005 Kliever, #1010-1011 Baer, #1012-1014 Gerber (Goertz?), #1026-1028 Goertz, #1029-1031 Ewert, #1032-1036 Kilme and #1041-1043 Schroeder [SgMa-69], [SI Go-11]. The remainder are 230 persons from the City of Chester manifest, listed by Stucky (1974), which can be identified from Swiss Volhynian sources.

In this study we find 70 persons, with country of origin wrongly logged as Germany rather than Russia, which can be correlated to Swiss Volhynian genealogy. These folks were not included in the listing of Stucky (1974). Along with the 230 Swiss Volhynians listed by Stucky we then have a total of 300 persons from 61 families which are identified in this report.

Also omitted from this report are steerage passengers with unfamiliar surnames and countries of origin such as England, Ireland, Norway, Sweden and Germany. These are enumerated #1-496, #722-723, #731, #761-762, #772-783 and #1044-1046.

It is well documented in numerous studies that these families are predominantly from the Horodyszcze and Waldheim Congregations which were situated in the district of Volhynia, Russia (modern day Ukraine).

Schrag (1956) names (#697) Rev. Peter Kaufman (1815-1884), (#932) Christian Schrag (1842-1925) and (#941) Christian Kaufman (1840-1906) as leaders from the Horodyszcze congregation and he names (#909) Johann Schrag (1813-1898) and (#881) Christian Graber (1818-1902) as leaders from the Waldheim congregation. [SgMa-69].

The following transcription is taken from a newspaper article published in the New York Times, 24 Aug 1874 (p.8), the same day that the S.S. City of Chester reported to the Collector of Customs (Castle Garden) at the Port of New York:

"MARINE INTELLIGENCE. NEW YORK MONDAY, Aug. 24. ARRIVED. Steam ship City of Chester, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool Aug 13, and Queenstown 14th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale. Aug 22, 100 miles E. from Sandy Hook, exchanged night signals with a White Star steamer bound E." [1]

We learn from this article that the Swiss Volhynian group would have registered on the steamship City of Chester on 13 Aug 1874, the day the ship was docked at Liverpool, England and that it would have required about ten days to cross the Atlantic Ocean. Notice that the City of Chester was just 100 miles from Sandy Hook on 22 Aug 1874. This is in close proximity to New York. The steamship was capable of traveling at 14 or 15 naughts full speed and could have covered the distance in about eight hours. Thus it is possible that they could have docked at New York on 23 Aug 1874. That being a Sunday it is likely that the passengers would not have been able to process through Castle Garden nor would the captain have been able to deliver the manifest to the Collector of Customs until Monday, 24 Aug 1874.

The journey from the Russian settlements to the port at Liverpool, England is described in the writings of John J. Gering (1924):

The group traveled from the Russian villages by wagon to the train station at Slavuti, Russia which was located about 50 miles from the Austrian border. (This would have probably taken about two days.) The train ride to the Russian border town, Razavill, required several hours and from there they transferred to the Austrian border town, Brodde. They spent two days in the depot at Brodde before going on to Lemberg, Austria where they again stayed over for two days. From there they went by rail to Breslau (Wroclaw) where they spent the night in an annex to a big saloon. There were no beds and they were disturbed and insulted nearly all night by belligerents. The next morning they left Breslau continuing through Berlin during the night before arriving at the port of Hamburg, Germany. It is said that they spent about seven days in Hamburg, staying in an immigrant house which allowed them a chance to rest. From Hamburg small transport vessels carried them across the channel to Hull, England. Finally, they again traveled by train across England to the port at Liverpool where there was some type of medical examination before they went aboard the ocean steamer S. S. City of Chester. [GeJ -25], [SI Go-9], [StAd-128].

It would appear that the time needed to reach Liverpool would have been about 16 days. Gering (1924) does not say how long they stayed in Liverpool but this can be estimated knowing that the immigrant trains generally left Hull on Mondays at 11:00 am, arriving in Liverpool the same afternoon [3]. This would date the arrival at Liverpool on Monday, 10 Aug 1874, 3 days before departure. The total time amounts to about 19 days in all and from that it can be estimated that they would have left their Russian homes on or about 13 Jul 1874 (basis the Julian Calendar).

It may be that some who left the Russian settlements with this group did not complete the journey to America. John J. Gering (1924) mentions that at Lemberg, Austria a few of the group decided to abandon the trip and settle there. He does not give names. [GeJ -25].

One member of the group, Peter Graber (1843-1929) was contacted by Russian officials at the Austrian border town, Brodde. He was compelled (voluntarily) to return to Russia to settle a legal dispute concerning a real estate transaction. His wife and children (#769-771) continued with the main group. Peter was able to resolve the matter and come to America one week later with the Kutusovka congregation (#237) and presumably rejoin his wife and children in New York [GeJ -25].

There is no guarantee that all of the Horodyszcze and Waldheim families who intended to come to America on the City of Chester were able to do so. In fact, there is reason to suspect that some may have been quarantined at Liverpool due to eye trouble [2]. Gering (1924) gives no specifics or names but suggests that these persons continued to America with a group destined for Kansas, some of whom they knew. He identifies the later group as being the same group that Peter Graber joined and thereby points to the Kutusovka Congregation [GeJ -26].

It is apparent from a study of the original manifests that the family of Jacob P. Kaufman (1830-1880) was also divided between the two groups. While the mother and all but one of the children continued on the City of Chester (#968-973), Jacob and one of his sons, Joseph J. Kaufman, came to America a week later on the City of Richmond (#414-415) with the Kutusovka congregation.

It is sometimes suggested in Swiss Volhynian literature that the City of Chester group waited in New York before setting out for the Dakota frontier until the City of Richmond arrived one week later. Schrag (1956) estimates that fourteen families from the City of Richmond went to Dakota Territory rather than to Kansas with the Kutusovka Congregation [SgMa-69]. P. P. Wedel (1929) suggests that these families were from Zhitomir and had close relatives from Horodyszcze and Waldheim [WePp-60]. It is possible that their delay might have been due to the quarantine of some families?

Gering (1924) states that steerage accommodations were not the best but that the voyage ended without any serious mishaps other than the death of one small child that was buried at sea [GeJ -26]. Gering does not name the child but there is a child, (#936) Anna Schrag (1873-1874), daughter of Minister Christian Schrag (1842-1925), who is the only passenger recorded "died at sea" in the City of Chester manifest.

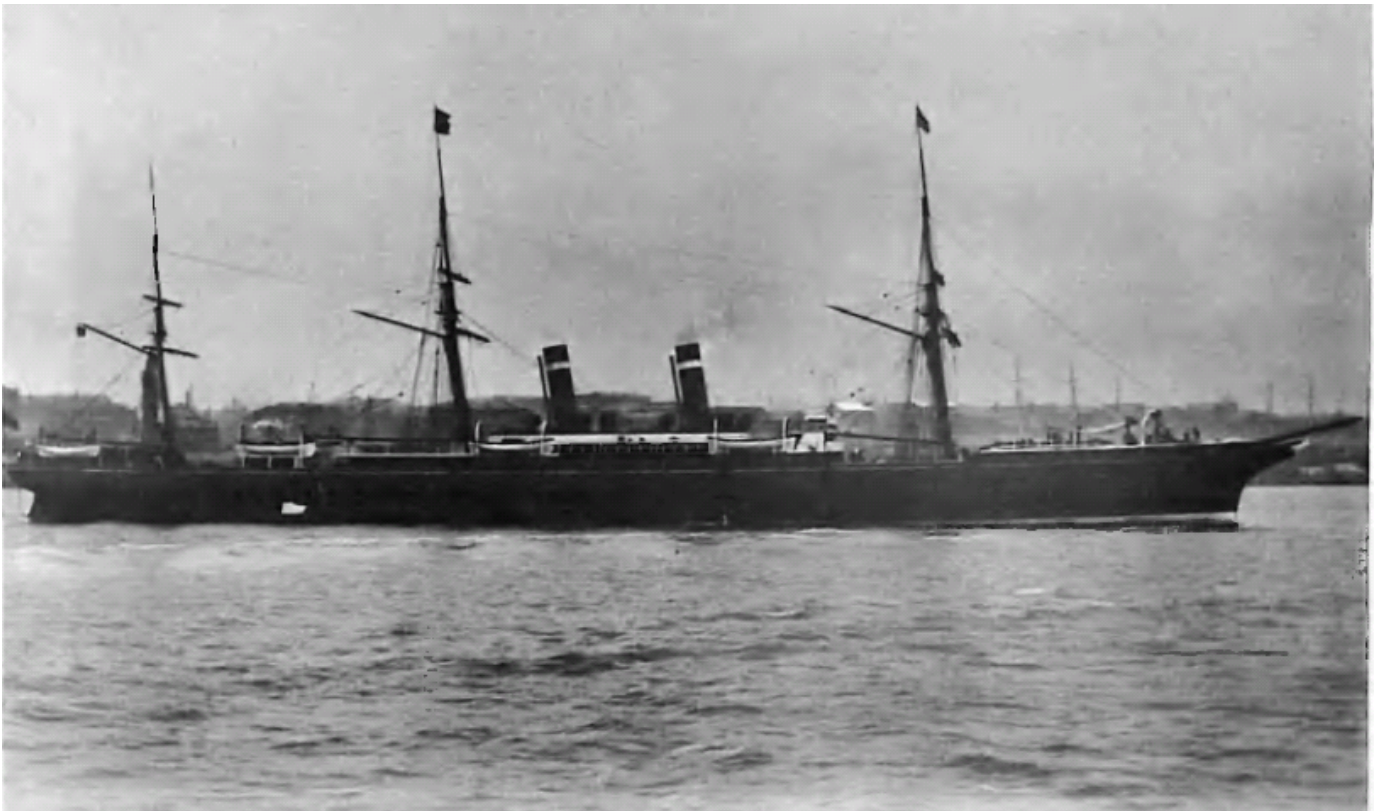
IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

In 'The Children's Blizzard', David Laskin (2004, p. 21) states that Peter Kaufman (1873-1874), son of Johann and Anna Kaufman of Waldheim, died aboard the City of Chester and was buried at sea. This could not be confirmed in this study as that family is identified on City of Richmond (#025-028) with the Kutusovka congregation and the child's death more likely occurred after arrival in New York [Kr95-92]. The family, believed to be from Waldheim, may have intended to come on City of Chester and may have been among those held back due to eye trouble?

[1]: New York Times; New York, N.Y.; H.J. Raymond & Company; 1852-1957; v. iii; 59cm., Wichita State Univ., Wichita, KS, Ablah Library, Microforms Area Microfilm 38.

[2]: "Red-eye" was an infectious disease which was closely monitored by immigration officials. Weiss, Merv., (2017), Emigration Routes Out of South Russia, North Dakota State University Libraries, Germans from Russia Heritage Collection, Fargo, ND https://library.ndsu.edu/grhc/history_culture/history/immigration_SouthRussia.html

[3]: The immigrant trains at Hull took precedence over all other train services because of their length and usually left Hull on Monday mornings around 11.00 a.m., arriving in Liverpool between 2.00 and 3.00 pm. Evans, Nicholas J., (1999), Migration from Northern Europe to America via the Port of Hull, 1848-1914, University of Hull, Oriel Chambers, 27 High Street, Hull, HU1 1NE, <http://www.norwayheritage.com/articles/templates/voyages.asp?articleid=28&zoneid=6>



The S.S. City of Chester, from Mennonite Life, June 1973, Vol 28, No. 2, Quarterly, "Across the Atlantic by Steam and Sail", Cover photo, <https://ml.bethelks.edu/archive/>, p. 48.

CERTIFICATION:

The following is transcribed from the microfilm copy of the original manifest of the S. S. City of Chester:

**DISTRICT OF NEW YORK,
PORT OF NEW YORK.**

I, *James Kennedy*, Master of the *S.S. City of Chester*, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly swear that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect List of all the Passengers taken on board the said Vessel at *Liverpool & Queenstown* from which Port the said Vessel has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex, and the occupation of each of said Passengers, the part of the Vessel occupied by each during the passage, the Country to which each belongs, and also the Country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that the said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said voyage, and the names and ages of those who died.

Sworn to this *August 24th* 187*4*
Before me, *R. F. Wyman*, D. C. So Help Me God.

List or Manifest of ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the *S.S. City of Chester* whereof *James Kennedy* is Master, from *Liverpool via Queenstown*, burthen *2712* tons

NAME	Age		Sex	Occupation	The Country to which they are bound to become Inhabitants	The Country to which they belong to become Inhabitants	Died on the Voyage	Part of the Vessel occupied by each Passenger during the Voyage
	Years	Months						
<i>Emily Watson</i>	<i>34</i>		<i>f</i>	<i>Wife</i>	<i>Switzerland</i>	<i>Switzerland</i>		

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
PORT OF NEW YORK

I, (James Kennedy), Master of the (SS City of Chester), do solemnly, sincerely and truly swear that the following List or Manifest subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect list of all the passengers taken on board of the said Vessel at (Liverpool & Queenstown) from which port said Steamship has now arrived; and that on said list is truly designated the age, sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said passengers who have died on said voyage, and the names and ages of those who died. So help me God. (James Kennedy)

Sworn to this (August 24th) 18(74)
Before me (R. F. Wyman, D. C.)

List or Manifest of all the Passengers taken on board the (SS City of Chester) whereof James Kennedy is Master, from (Liverpool via Queenstown), burthen (2712) tons. [1].

[1]: Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester, NY Arrival, 08/24/1874, Bethel College Mennonite Library & Archives, 300 East 27th Street, North Newton, KS 67118, Microforms Area, Record Group 36, Microfilm, 35 mm., Reel 393.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER KAUFMAN and MARIA (PREHEIM) KAUFMAN FAMILY and
THE JACOB A. KAUFMAN and BARBARA (KAUFMAN) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This is the family of Elder Peter Kaufman who led the Horodyszczce Congregation to America [SgMa-69]. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

697	Peter Kaufman	59	M	Laborer	✓
698	Maria	56	f	Wife	✓
699	Jacob	30	M	Laborer	✓
700	Barbara	29	f	Spinster	✓
701	Peter	Inft	M	Inft	✓
702	Dani *	23	"	Laborer	✓
703	Andreas	20	"	"	✓
704	Anna	16	f	Spinster	✓

Transcription:

				Germany	United States
697	Peter Kaufman	59	M Laborer	"	"
698	Maria	56	f Wife	"	"
699	Jacob	30	M Laborer	"	"
700	Barbara	29	f Spinster	"	"
701	Peter	Inft	M Inft	"	"
702	Dani *	23	" Laborer	"	"
703	Andreas	20	" "	"	"
704	Anna	16	f Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 determined from genealogical records:

#697 Peter Kaufman (1815-1884)	father, age 58 (Ka3.311)
#698 Maria (Preheim) Kaufman (1814-1907)	mother, age 60 (Pr1.3)
#699 Jacob A. Kaufman (1848-1876)	married son, age 26 (Ka4.3115)
#700 Barbara Kaufman (1846-1930)	daughter-in-law, age 28 (Ka4.3322)
#701 Peter J. Kaufman (1871-1948)	grandson, age 3
#702 Daniel Kaufman (1852-1931)	son, age 22
#703 Andreas P. Kaufman (1854-1901)	son, age 20
#704 Anna Kaufman (1856-1936)	daughter, age 18

According to the obituary of Peter Kaufman (#697), while still in Russia, he suffered from a stroke, which impaired his speech. He ministered only occasionally after arrival in Dakota Territory:

"In Rußland wurde er vom Schlag etwas getroffen, wodurch ihm die Sprache ziemlich erschwert wurde. Im Jahre 1874 kam er mit seiner Gemeinde nach Amerika, wo er noch durch zwei Jahre manchmal predigte, doch nicht oft, denn das Sprechen fiel ihm schwer." [1].

Other family members:

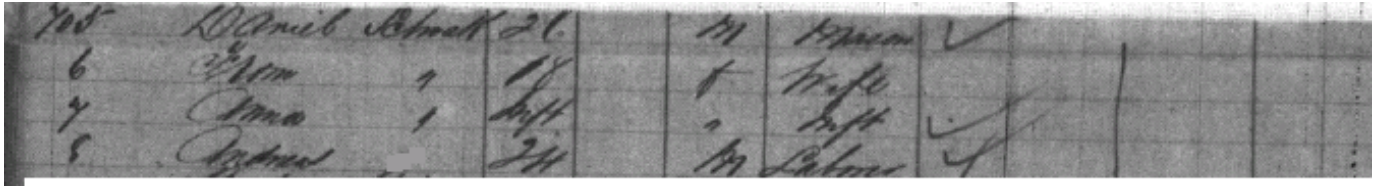
Freni (Kaufman) Ries (1838-1918)	daughter Richmond 08/31/1874, #150
Christian Kaufman (1840-1929)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #305
Peter Kaufman (1843-1911)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #174
Johann Kaufman (1845-1890)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #025
Joseph Kaufman (1850-1926)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #732
Unnamed Kaufman (c. 1870-c. 1873)	grand-daughter, died in Russia
Maria Kaufman (1873-1874)	grand-daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Kaufmann, Peter (1815-1884), Christlicher Bundesbote, 15 Oct 1884 p. 158

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE DANIEL J. SCHRAG and FRENI (GRABER) FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day the family boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Germany	United States
705 Daniel	Schrak	26	M Mason	"	"
706 Freni	"	18	f Wife	"	"
707 Anna	"	Inft	" Inft	"	"
708 Andreas	"	24	M Laborer	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#705 Daniel J. Schrag (1848-1926)	father, age 26 (Sg3.756)
#706 Freni (Graber) Schrag (1853-1936)	mother, age 21 (Gr3.773)
#707 Anna Schrag (1874-1956)	daughter, age 5 mo.
#708 Andreas Schrag (1851-1929)	brother, age 23 (Sg3.757)

(Sg2.75) Joseph Schrag (1816-1875), age 58, Daniel J. Schrag's father, remains unidentified in ship records even though based upon his genealogical date of death it is presumable that he could have immigrated. If so it would be reasonable for him to be registered with this family. At the same time it should be recognized that passenger #710, Peter J. Schrag (presented on next page) is also a son of Joseph Schrag (Sg2.75).

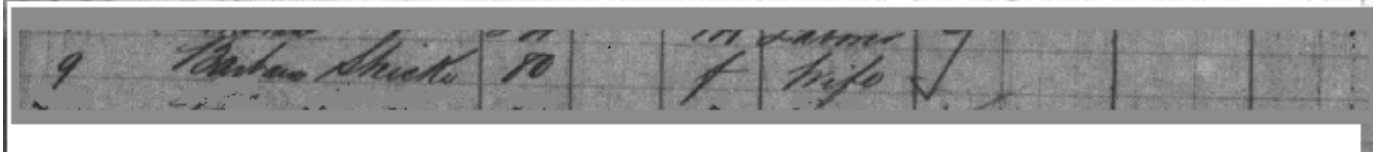
The settlement in Dakota Territory is stated in the obituary of the wife, Freni (#706): "Several years after their marriage the young couple migrated to America and settled in So. Dakota." [1].

[1]: Schrag, Frenie Graber (1853-1936), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1936 Sep 2 p. 5

Ship-list References: WaGa-52 [Kr95-271], WaGa-56 [Kr95-278].

THE *JOHANN STUCKY and BARBARA (RUPP) STUCKY FAMILY:

This woman came to America as a widow. She appears to have registered on ship apart from her close family members. Although she is registered among some Schrag families she does not appear to be closely related to them.



Transcription:

*709 Barbain Shieki

80 f Wife

Germany United States

" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#709 Barbara (Rupp) Stucky (1793-1874)

Widow, age 81, (Ru1.3)

If Barbara died after arrival in late 1874 [KrSp-78], [Kr95-124] she would have lived to age 81 years. Her manifest age is 80 years. She is certainly one of the oldest immigrants in Swiss Volhynian ship records.

She is a younger sister of Freni Rupp (Ru1.1) who married Paul Voran (Vn0).

Other family members:

Johann Stucky (1797-1856)

husband, died in Russia, (St2.64)

Christian Stucky (1815-1844)

son, died in Russia

Johann Stucky (1818-1887)

son, Chester 08/24/1874, #955

Maria Stucky (?-1861)

daughter, died in Russia

Jacob Stucky (1824-1876)

son, Chester 08/24/1874, #974

Freni Stucky (1830-1891)

daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #321

Anna Stucky (1833-aft 1880)

daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #417

Barbara Stucky (1835-1859)

daughter, died in Russia

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER J. (or P.) SCHRAG and MARIA (SCHRAG) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

710	Peter Schrag	32	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
711	Maria	26	f	Wife	"	"
712	Cath*	8	"	Child	"	"
713	Anna	5	"	"	"	"
714	Maria	3	"	"	"	"
715	Freni	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Transcription:

710 Peter Schrag	32	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
711 Maria	26	f	Wife	"	"
712 Cath*	8	"	Child	"	"
713 Anna	5	"	"	"	"
714 Maria	3	"	"	"	"
715 Freni	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

An English translation of this family's passport (Document No. 2701) is published by Harley J. Stucky (1999). The names given in the translation compare well with those transcribed from the City of Chester manifest [SgMa-172].

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

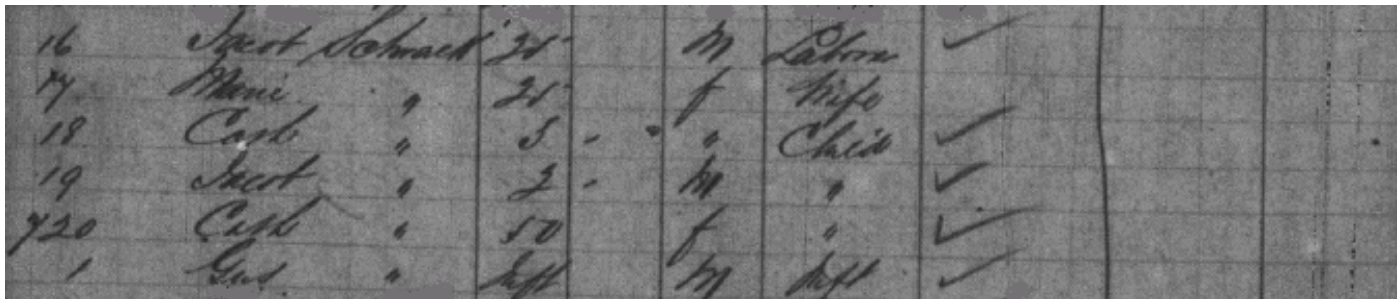
#710 Peter J. Schrag (1840-1919)	father, age 33 (Sg3.752)
#711 Maria (Schrag) Schrag (1844-1927)	mother, age 30 (Sg3.851)
#712 Katharina Schrag (1865-1913)	daughter, age 8
#713 Anna P. Schrag (1868-1943)	daughter, age 5
#714 Maria Schrag (1870-1907)	daughter, age 3
#715 Freni Schrag (1873-1948)	daughter, age 8 mo.

According to J.W. Krehbiel (2002) daughter, Katharina (#712) immigrated to America with her parents and settled at Childstown, Dakota Territory in 1874. [Kr02-34].

Ship-list References: WaGa-62 [Kr95-277].

THE JACOB H. SCHRAG and MARIA (GRABER) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The indications are that this family settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Germany	United States
716 Jacob Schrack	25	M	Laborer	"	"
717 Marie "	25	f	Wife	"	"
718 Cath* "	5	"	Child	"	"
719 Jacob "	2	M	"	"	"
720 Cath* "	50	f	"	"	"
721 Gus* "	Inft	M	Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#716 Jacob H. Schrag (1849-1917)	father, age 25 (Sg3.466)
#717 Maria (Graber) Schrag (1850-1935)	mother, age 24 (Gr3.753)
#718 Katharina Schrag (1871-1941)	daughter, age 3
#719 Jacob Schrag (c. 1872-?)	son, age 2
#720 Katharina (Strausz) Schrag (1813-?)	grandmother, age 61? (Ss1.2)
#721 Gustave Schrag (?-?)	son, age unknown

Katharina (Strausz) Schrag (#720) is mother of Jacob H. (#716). His father Johann Schrag (1812-1860) died in Russia. Her date of death is unknown and on the basis that she can be identified in ship records it is presumable that she died in America.

Both the obituary of the father and the mother state that there were 14 children born to them [1], [2]. At this writing, only 9 children are assigned to the family in the various genealogical literature [SVdb]. Here we have an opportunity to presume the identity of two additional Russian born children. Jacob (#719) and Gustave (or August perhaps) (#721) are not assigned to the family by Krehbiel (1995) [Kr95-139]. These can bring the count of known children for this family to 11.

The obituary of the father states that 6 children, 3 girls & 3 boys, preceded him in death, 27 Sep 1917 [1]. The 8 children that survived are well documented [SVdb]. A boy, Jonathan, died as an infant in 1882 [SVdb]. The children found here, Jacob (#719) and Gustave (#721) probably died young in America and that is the reason not much is known of them. This would account for the 3 boys who preceded. We can then expect that there are 3 girls unknown.

A child, Anna Schrag (1874-1947), is assigned to this family with birth 15 Aug 1874 [Kr95-139]. Notice that the date is two days after the family boarded the steamship on 13th indicating that she was born on ship. Krehbiel (1995) states that Anna is the third child in some records and the fourth in others [Kr95-275]. He does not give names. If she is the fourth child then there is room for both Jacob (#719) and 'Gus' (#721) in the child listings?

The obituary of child Katharina (#718) states: "At the age of 3 years she came to America and spent her youth near Freeman, South Dakota." [3].

[1]: Schrag, Jakob (1849-1917), Christlicher Bundesbote: 25 Oct 1917 p. 7
 [2]: Schrag, Maria Graber (1850-1935), Christlicher Bundesbote: 17 Dec 1935 p. 15
 [3]: Senner, Katherine Schrag (1871-1941), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1941 Dec 24 p. 2

Shiplist References: none were found.

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH K. GRABER and KATHARINA (SEHNER) FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

46	Joseph Graber	46	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
40	Cath	40	f	Wife	"	"
22	Josef	22	M	Laborer	"	"
18	Jacob	18	"	"	"	"
15	Marie	15	f	Spinster	"	"
12	Froni	12	"	Child	"	"
10	Anna	10	"	"	"	"

Transcription:

724	Joseph Graber	46	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
725	Cath	40	f	Wife	"	"
726	Josef	22	M	Laborer	"	"
727	Jacob	18	"	"	"	"
728	Marie	15	f	Spinster	"	"
729	Froni	12	"	Child	"	"
730	Anna	10	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#724 Joseph K. Graber (1826-1913)	father, age 48 (Gr2.78)
#725 Katharina (Sehner) Graber (1833-*)	mother, age 40 (Se2.11)
#726 Joseph Graber (1852-1884)	son, age 21
#727 Jacob K. Graber (1858-1944)	son, age 15
#728 Maria Graber (1855-1944)	daughter, age 18
#729 Freni Graber (1861-1939)	daughter, age 13
#730 Anna Graber (1863-1925)	daughter, age 10

The manifest ages of Jacob K. (#727) and Maria (#728) are switched.

The mother, Katharina (#725) is recorded in some sources as having died six years prior to immigration. Her date of death, 1 Nov 1868 [Kr95-148], is identical to the date of death reported for her youngest child, Peter, who died in Russia at the age of two years [Kr95-67]. No children younger than Peter are known.

The manifest name, age and family position compare quite well to Katharina's genealogy. Her husband, Joseph (#724) is not known to have remarried until 1881 in America (to Freni Schwartz), thirteen years after Katharina's reported death [Kr95-59].

The obituary of daughter Freni (#729) states that she came to America at 14 years of age in 1874 with her parents and settled near Yankton, SD and that she was orphaned soon after arrival: "Im 14. Lebensjahr verpflanzte die große Auswanderung der Mennoniten in 1874 sie mit ihren Eltern nach Yankton, S. D. Ihre Ausbildung beschränkt, verwaist bald nachdem die Familie hier ankam," [1].

Observe that Freni's father, Joseph K. (#724), did not die until 1913 [Kr95-59], almost forty years after arrival. Thus the statement that Freni was orphaned soon after arrival may be referring to her mother's death which in that case would have occurred in America (not Russia) and possibly in 1874 or 1875 (not 1868).

Other family members:

Unnamed Graber (1857-?)	presumed deceased in Russia
Peter Graber (1866-1868)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Buller, Freni Graber (1860-1939), Christlicher Bundesbote: 30 May 1939 p. 13

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH KAUFMAN and FRENI (GRABER) GRABER KAUFMAN FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day the family boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

2	Joseph Kaufman	23	M			✓
3	Freni	20	f	Wife		✓
4	Cath*	2	"	Child		✓
5	Peter	4	Inf			✓

<i>Transcription:</i>		<i>M</i>		<i>Germany</i>	<i>United States</i>
732 Joseph Kaufman	23	"	Laborer	"	"
733 Freni "	20	f	Wife	"	"
734 Cath* "	2	"	Child	"	"
735 Peter "	Inf	"	Inf	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#732 Joseph Kaufman (1850-1926)	father/step-father, age 23 (Ka4.3116)
#733 Freni (Graber) Graber Kaufman (1853-1917)	mother, age 21 (Gr3.743)
#734 Katharina Graber (1870-1924)	daughter/step-dau., age 4
#735 Peter J. Kaufman (1872-1953)	son, age 23 mo.

Katharina (#733) is from Freni's first marriage to (Gr3.822) Jacob C. Graber (1848-1870) who died in Russia.

Presumably the family settled in Dakota Territory however it is not known from this study if they may have delayed in the east?

Freni's father is passenger #736 listed next page. Joseph Kaufman's father is passenger #697. His siblings: Christian, Johann, Peter and Freni are passengers on City of Richmond 08/31/1874.

Ship-list References: WaGa-40 [Kr95-246].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER GRABER and KATHARINA (SCHRAG) GRABER FAMILY and
THE PETER P. GRABER and ELISABETH (KAUFMAN) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

6	Peter Graber	60	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
7	Cath*	51	f	Wife	"	"
8	Peter	22	M	Laborer	"	"
9	Elizth*	20	f	Spinster	"	"

Transcription:

736 Peter Graber	60	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
737 Cath*	51	f	Wife	"	"
738 Peter	22	M	Laborer	"	"
739 Elizth*	20	f	Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#736 Peter Graber Sr. (1813-1898)	father, age 61 (Gr2.74)
#737 Katharina Schrag (1822-1892)	mother, age 51 (Sg2.78)
#738 Peter Graber Jr. (1850-1929)	married son, age 23 (Gr3.742)
#739 Elisabeth Kaufman (1850-1886)	daughter-in-law, age 24 (Ka4.3421)

Krehbiel (1995) wrongly associates the older couple with the ship-list of the S.S. Frisia which docked in New York 22 Jul 1874 [Kr95-225]. The confusion originates with the scrapbook of Hiebert (1974) which listed in error a Graber family with that ship.

Although no direct evidence can be presented it is probable that this family settled directly in Dakota Territory?

Other Family Members:

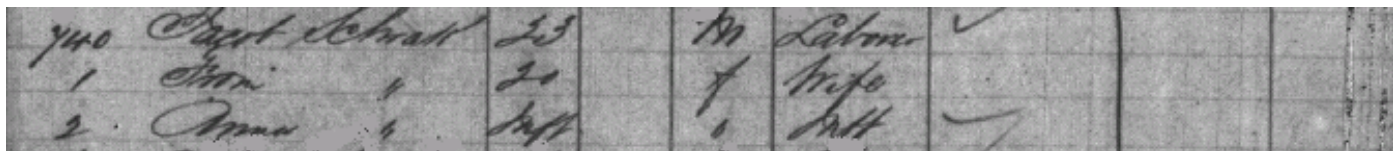
Maria (Graber) Schrag (1848-?)	daughter, remained in Europe
Freni (Graber) Graber Kaufman (1853-1917)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #733

Ship-list References: [Kr95-219,225], [HiCl-162], [HaDa-16], [DuSd-5].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB R. SCHRAG and FRENI (GRABER) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>				<i>Germany</i>	<i>United States</i>
740 Jacob Schrack	23	M	Laborer	"	"
741 Freni "	20	f	Wife	"	"
742 Anna "	13	f	Infant	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#740 Jacob R. Schrag (1852-1922)	father, age 22 (Sg3.746)
#741 Freni (Graber) Schrag (1854-1927)	mother, age 20 (Gr3.825)
#742 Anna Schrag (1873-1874)	daughter, age 13 mo.

According to the obituary of Jacob R. (#740) the family settled in Dakota Territory: "Im Jahre 1874 verließ er mit seiner Gattin nebst vielen andern das Heimatsland und zogen aus nach Amerika. Zuerst ließen sie sich in Freeman, S. Dak., nieder." [1]

Both Jacob and Freni's parents are also identified on City of Chester 08/24/1874: Johann Schrag is #909 and Johann Graber is #763.

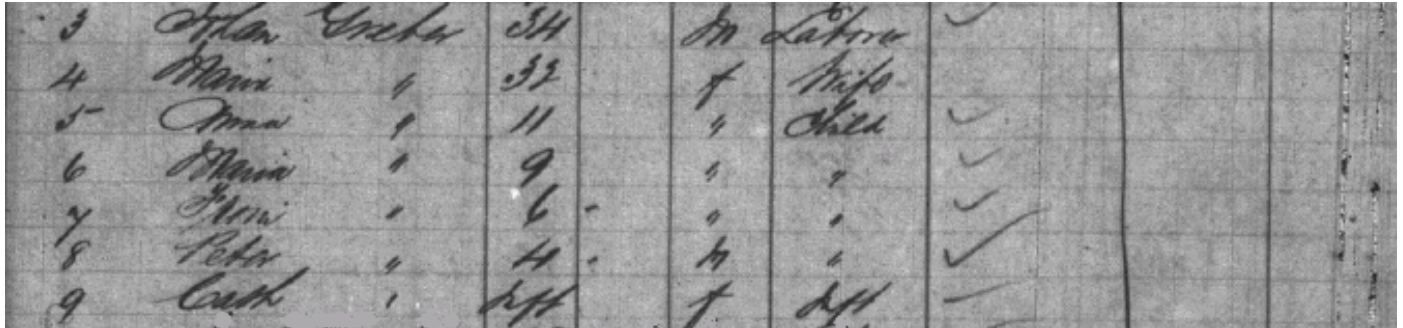
[1]: Schrag, Jakob R. (1852-1922), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1922 Aug 31 p. 6

Ship-list References: WaGa-58 [Kr95-276].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN B. GRABER and MARIA (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			Germany	United States
743 Johan Greber	34	M Laborer	"	"
744 Maria "	32	f Wi fe	"	"
745 Anna "	11	" Child	"	"
746 Maria "	9	" Child	"	"
747 Froni "	6	" Child	"	"
748 Peter "	4	M Child	"	"
749 Cath* "	Inft	f Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#743: Johann B. Graber (1840-1920)	father, age 34 (Gr3.561)
#744: Maria (Gering) Graber (1841-1917)	mother, age 32 (Ge3.316)
#745: Anna Graber (1862-1930)	daughter, age 12
#746: Maria Graber (1863-1941)	daughter, age 11
#747: Freni B. Graber (1866-1995)	daughter, age 7
#748: Peter J. Graber (1870-1942)	son, age 3
#749: Katharina Graber (c. 1874-?)	daughter, age unknown

The infant (#749), Katharina Graber, is not found in the genealogical record base. Krehbiel (1995) makes no mention of this child [Kr95-71,230]. She was obviously born prior to 13 Aug 1874 the day the family registered on ship and on the basis that she is not labeled 'died at sea' in the manifest it is presumable that she died after arrival in America. The family had another child, Katharina, 2 May 1884 and so it is most likely that this child died prior to that birth [SVdb].

The obituary of the father, Johann B. (#743), states that there were 13 children born to this family but only 10 are found in this study. The child #749 would bring the count to 11. [1]

The family settled in Dakota Territory and later moved to Pretty Prairie, KS: "Im Jahre 1874 kamen auch sie herüber und wohnten in Süddakota bis sie 1885 in Pretty Prairie ansiedelten, wo sie denn auch wohnten bis zu ihrem Ende." [1].

[1]: Graber, John B. (1840-1920), Christlicher Bundesbote: 29 Jul 1920 p. 7

Ship-list References: WaGa-19 [Kr95-230].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER PREHEIM and MARIA (GRABER) PREHEIM FAMILY and
 THE JACOB PREHEIM and ANNA (SCHRAG) PREHEIM FAMILY and
 THE PETER P. PREHEIM and Barbara (STRAUSZ) PREHEIM FAMILY:

They came to America with the Horodyszczce Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines family registers for the extended family of Peter Preheim as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

750	Jacob Prenhesia	28	M	Laborer	Germany	United States	
1	Anna	26	F	Wife	"	"	
2	Peter	7	M	Child	"	"	
3	Jacob	5	"	"	"	"	
4	Johan	Inft	"	Inft	"	"	
5	Peter	55	"	Laborer	"	"	
6	Maria	42	F	Wife	"	"	
7	Froni	20	"	Spinster	"	"	
758	Peter	25	M	Laborer	"	"	
759	Barbara	23	F	Spinster	"	"	
760	Anna	Inft	"	Inft	"	"	

Transcription:				Germany	United States
750	Jacob Prenhesia	28	M Laborer	"	"
751	Anna "	26	F Wife	"	"
752	Peter "	7	M Child	"	"
753	Jacob "	5	" "	"	"
754	Johan "	Inft	" Inft	"	"
755	Peter "	55	" Laborer	"	"
756	Maria "	42	F Wife	"	"
757	Froni "	20	" Spinster	"	"
758	Peter "	25	M Laborer	"	"
759	Barbara "	23	F Spinster	"	"
760	Anna "	Inft	" Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#750 Jacob Preheim (1845-1925)	married son, age 28 (Pr2.22)
#751 Anna (Schrage) Preheim (1847-1877)	daughter-in-law, age 27 (Sg3.465)
#752 Peter J. Preheim (1868-1922)	grandson, age 6
#753 Jacob J. Preheim (1870-1954)	grandson, age 4
#754 Johann (Jonas) Preheim (1872-?)	grandson, age 2
#755 Peter Preheim (1813-1899)	father, age 61 (Pr1.2)
#756 Maria (Graber) Preheim (1820-1889)	mother, age 54 (Gr2.76)
#757 Freni Preheim (1851-1881)	daughter, age 22
#758 Peter P. Preheim (1848-1937)	married son, age 25 (Pr2.23)
#759 Barbara (Strausz) Preheim (1849-1934)	daughter-in-law, age 25 (Ss2.17)
#760 Anna P. Preheim (1872-1960)	granddaughter, age 2

The child Johann (#754) apparently died very soon after arrival in America as the birth of a younger sibling, also named Johann, is recorded variously 6 Dec 1874 and 25 Dec 1874 [Kr95-260]. It should be mentioned that the date of birth 6 Dec 1874 is also recorded for Johann P. Preheim a child of Peter (#755) and Maria [Kr95-118] and may indicate a possible mismatch?

(Continued)

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

The obituary of son, Peter P. (#758) states the following: "In the year 1874, when the great migration of Mennonites from Russia to America took place, Mr. Preheim with his wife and one child also came across and settled down in So. Dakota," [1].

Other Members of the Peter Preheim Family:

Maria (Preheim) Graber (1842-1929) daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #920

Other Members of the Jacob Preheim Family:

Johann Preheim (1866-1867) son, died in Russia

Johann J. Preheim (1874-1901) son, born in America 6 or 25 Dec 1874

Other Members of the Peter P. Preheim Family:

Johann P. Preheim (1874-1953) son, born in America 6 Dec 1874

[1]: Preheim, Peter (1848-1937), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1937 Mar 10 p. 5

Ship-list References: WaGa-48 [Kr95-259], WaGa-50 [Kr95-260].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN GRABER and FRENI (KAUFMAN) GRABER FAMILY and
 THE JOHANN J. GRABER and FRENI (STUCKY) GRABER FAMILY and
 THE PETER GRABER and FRENI (WALTNER) GRABER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Waldheim Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. Their immigration was not without complications. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

3	Johan Graber	52				
4	Freni	48	F	Wife	"	"
5	Johan	18	M	Laborer	"	"
6	Freni	27	F	Spinster	"	"
7	Christian	10	"	Child	"	"
8	Josef	6	M	"	"	"
9	Freni	5	"	"	"	"
770	Johan	25	"	Laborer	"	"
771	Freni	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Transcription:

763	Johan	Graber	52	M	Laborer	Germany	United States
764	Freni	"	48	F	Wife	"	"
765	Johan	"	18	M	Laborer	"	"
766	Freni	"	27	F	Spinster	"	"
767	Christian	"	10	"	Child	"	"
768	Josef	"	6	M	"	"	"
769	Freni	"	5	"	"	"	"
770	Johan	"	25	"	Laborer	"	"
771	Freni	"	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#763 Johann Graber (1821-1875)	father, age 53 (Gr2.82)
#764 Freni (Kaufman) Graber (1825-1900)	mother, age 49 (Ka3.333)
#765 Johann J. Graber (1848-1895)	married son, age 26 (Gr3.823)
#766 Freni (Stucky) Graber (1854-1898)	daughter-in-law, age 20 (St4.623a)
#767 Christian J. Graber (1864-1929)	son, age 10
#768 Anna Graber (1868-1926)	daughter, age 6
#769 Joseph P. Graber (1868-1936)	grand-son, age 6
#770 Freni (Waltner) Graber (1850-1879)	daughter-in-law, age 24 (Wa2.4a)
#771 Freni Graber (1872-1956)	grand-daughter, age 20 mo.

The manifest ages for Johan J. (#765) and his wife Freni (#766) are switched.

The listing for 'Josef' (#768) is interpreted as erroneous entry for daughter Anna Graber. The age compares well with her genealogy and she is known to have immigrated as a small child, and undoubtedly did so with her parents. At the same time there is no child 'Joseph' assigned to this family in the 1874 database [Kr95-67]. On that basis Anna is identified as #768.

The names for daughter-in-law Freni (#770) and her son Joseph P. (#769) are also switched in the manifest listing.

(Continued)

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

Passengers #769-771 are the wife and children of the oldest son, Peter Graber (1843-1929) who after crossing the Austrian border on the way to America was called back to Russia to settle a legal dispute. Peter managed clear his name in time to come to America with the Kutusovka Congregation on City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #237. J.W. Krehbiel (2006) discusses the situation in some detail [Kr06-3] as does Martin Schrag (1956) [SgMa-128].

According to J.W. Krehbiel (2002), in a discussion of Johann J. and his wife Freni (#765-766), it is stated that they immigrated from Waldheim to Hutchinson Co., Dakota Territory in 1874 [Kr02-23].

Other Members of the Johann Graber Family:

Maria (Graber) Gering (1851-1917)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #239
Freni (Graber) Schrag (1854-1927)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #741
Jacob C. Graber (1848-1870)	son, died in Russia

Other Members of the Johan J. Graber Family:

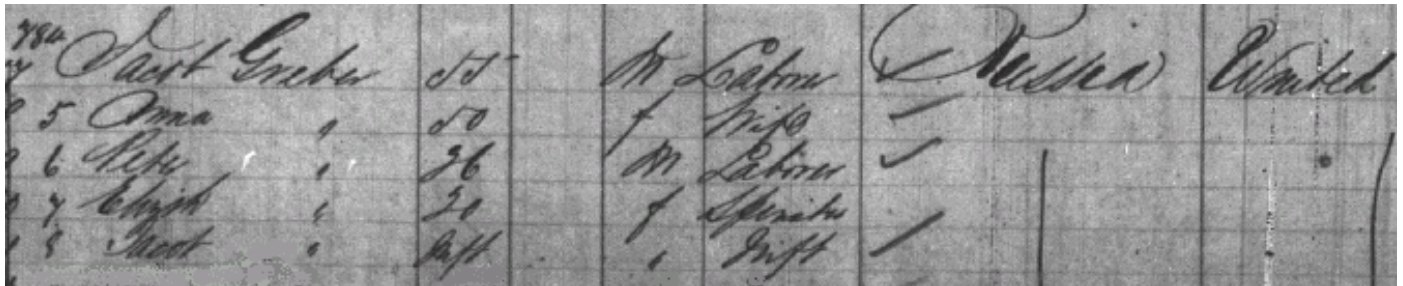
Christina Graber (1873-1874)	daughter, died in Russia [SVdb].
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Ship-list References: [Kr06-3], [SgMa-128], [HaDa-17].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB GRABER and ANNA (HEITINGER) GRABER FAMILY and
THE PETER GRABER and ELISABETH (GRABER) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

784 Jacob Greber	55 M Laborer	Russia	United States
785 Anna "	50 F Wife	"	"
786 Peter "	26 M Laborer	"	"
787 Elizabeth* "	20 F Spinster	"	"
788 Jacob "	Inft " Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#784 Jacob Graber (1818-1897)	father, age 55 (Gr2. 75)
#785 Anna (Heitinger) Graber (1820-1889)	mother, age 54 (Ht1. 2)
#786 Peter Graber (1851-1887)	married son, age 22 (Gr3. 754)
#787 Elisabeth (Grabers) Graber (1855-1931)	daughter-in-law, age 19 (Gr3. 814)
#788 Jacob Graber (1874-1875)	grand-son, age 3 mo.

Other Members of the Jacob Graber Family:

Jacob Graber Jr. (1845-1885)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #808
Peter Graber (1847-1849)	son, died in Russia
Maria (Grabers) Schrag (1850-1935)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #717

Ship-list References: #1-5 [SI Go-11], WaGa-14, 15 [Kr95-225],

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER P. KAUFMAN and MARIA (WALTNER) KAUFMAN FAMILY:
THE PETER K. KAUFMAN and Maria (GERING) Kaufman Family:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool. The family settled in Dakota Territory:

Passenger	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation
789	Peter Kaufmann	87	M	Farmer
790	Peter	50	M	"
791	Maria	30	F	Wife
792	Froni	24	F	Spinster
793	Peter	25	M	Laborer
794	Anne	20	F	Spinster
795	Cath	18	F	"
796	Caroline	6	F	Child
797	Madalina	4	F	"
798	Jacob	Inft	F*	Inft

Transcription:				Russia	United States
789	Peter	Kaufmann	87 M	Farmer	"
790	Peter	"	50 M	"	"
791	Maria	"	30 F	Wife	"
792	Froni	"	24 F	Spinster	"
793	Peter	"	25 M	Laborer	"
794	Anne	"	20 F	Spinster	"
795	Cath*	"	18 F	"	"
796	Caroline	"	6 F	Child	"
797	Madalina	"	4 F	"	"
798	Jacob	"	Inft F*	Inft	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#789 Peter K. Kaufman (1796-1881)	grandfather, age 78 (Ka2.33)
#790 Peter P. Kaufman (1823-1887)	father, age 50 (Ka3.332)
#791 Maria (Waltner) Kaufman (1845-1893)	mother/step-mother, age 29 (Wa2.2a)
#792 Freni Kaufman (1852-1899)	step-daughter, age 22
#793 Peter Kaufman (1848-?)	step-son, age 26
#794 Anna Kaufman (1855-1881)	step-daughter, age 19
#795 Katharina Kaufman (1858-1913)	step-daughter, age 15
#796 Karolina Kaufman (1868-1942)	daughter, age 5
#797 Magdalena Kaufman (1870-1947)	daughter, age 3
#798 Jacob P. Kaufman (1873-1966)	son, age 1

The manifest age for grandfather Peter K. (#789) '87' is transposed.

Passengers #792-795 are children of Maria (Stucky) Kaufman (?-1861) the first wife of Peter P. Kaufman.

The obituary of daughter, Karolina (#796), states: "When the great migration from Russia took place in 1874, she at the age of six years accompanied her parents to America ... They at first established their home near Yankton, S. Dak." [1].

According to Krehbiel (1995) the family moved to Moundridge, KS in 1884 [Kr02-26].

(Continued)

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

Other members of the Peter P. Kaufman Family:

Maria (Stucky) Kaufman (?-1861)	first wife, died in Russia, (St3.643)
Maria (Kaufman) Schrag (1844-1899)	daughter, Richmond 05/18/1874, #894
Barbara (Kaufman) Kaufman (1846-1930)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #700
Elisabeth (Kaufman) Stucky (1850-1916)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #111

Other members of the Peter K. Kaufman Family:

Freni (Gering) Kaufman (1799-1826)	first wife, died in Russia
Maria (Gering) Kaufman ((1801-1832)	second wife, died in Russia

[1]: Voran, Carolina Kaufman (1868-1942), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1942 Oct 29 p. 5

Ship-list References: #6-15 [SI Go-11], #7-15 [Kr95-242], #6 [Kr95-238].

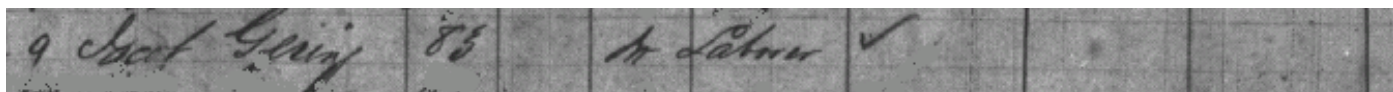


The seaport at Hamburg, Germany, date unknown, from the postcard collection of Maggie Land Blanck. <http://maggieblanck.com/Immigration.html>

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB GERING and *KATHARINA (WALTNER) FAMILY:

This man came to America alone and as a widower. He was the only survivor of his family. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester documents his traveling arrangements:



Transcription:

799 Jacob Gering 85 M Laborer Russia United States

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#799: Jacob Gering (1803?-1875) widower, age 71?

It is said that both he and his late wife were school teachers in Russia [Kr95-42].

Other members of his family:

Katharina Waltner (1809-1874)	wife, died in Russia, 16 Apr 1874
Jacob Gering (1825-1826)	son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #16 [SI Go-11], [Kr95-207].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN C. GRABER and CHRISTINA (STRAUSZ) GRABER FAMILY and
THE JOHANN G. GRABER and MARIA G. (SUTTER) GRABER FAMILY:

This is the family of Johann G. Graber who was a pioneer minister of the Pretty Prairie Mennonite Church. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they went aboard the steamship at Liverpool:

800	Johann Graber	50	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
801	Christine Graber	45	F	Wife	"	"
802	Jacob Graber	15	M	Laborer	"	"
803	Josef Graber	8	M	Child	"	"
804	Peter Graber	10	M	Child	"	"
805	Johann Graber	28	M	Laborer	"	"
806	Maria Sutter	26	F	Wife	"	"
807	Anna Graber	*7	F	Child	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
800	Johann	Graber	50	M	Laborer	"
801	Christine	"	45	F	Wife	"
802	Jacob	Graber	15	M	Laborer	"
803	Josef	"	8	M	Child	"
804	Peter	"	10	M	"	"
805	Johann	"	28	M	Laborer	"
806	Maria	"	26	F	Wife	"
807	Anna	"	*7	F	Child	"

The age of #807 could be read as a "4" ?

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#800 Johann C. Graber (1818-1882)	father, age 56 (Gr3.511)
#801 Christina (Strausz) Graber (1819-1891)	mother, age 55 (Ss1.4)
#802 Jacob Graber (1857-1942)	son, age 17
#803 Joseph C. Graber (1867-1927)	son, age 7
#804 Peter C. Graber (1863-1934)	son, age 11
#805 Johann G. Graber (1845-1917)	married son, age 29 (Gr4.5111)
#806 Maria G. Sutter (1846-1926)	daughter-in-law, age 28 (Su3.235)
#807 Anna Graber (1869-1887)	grand-daughter, age 4

The obituary of son Jacob (#802) states that his family settled in Dakota Territory in 1874 [1]. The married son, Johann G. (#805), became a minister of the First Menno. Church at Pretty Prairie, KS in 1887 [Kr02-24].

Other members of the Johann C. Graber family:

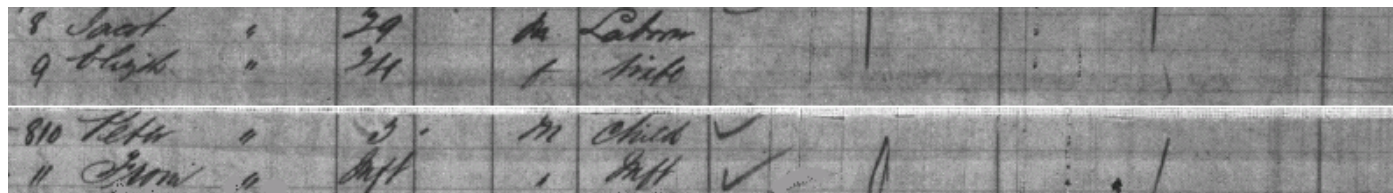
Maria Graber (1847-1849)	daughter, died in Russia
Maria (Graber) Flickner (1849-1922)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #327
Freni Graber (1851-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Graber (1854-1856)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Graber (1860-1862)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Graber, Jacob (1857-1943), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1943 May 6 p. 6

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB GRABER and ELISABETH (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

	Graber			Russia	United States
808 Jacob	"	29	M Laborer	"	"
809 Elizabeth*	"	24	f Wife	"	"
810 Peter	"	3	M Child	"	"
811 Freni	"	Inft	" Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#808 Jacob Graber (1845-1885)	father, age 29 (Gr3.751)
#809 Elisabeth Gering (1849-1926)	mother, age 25 (Ge2.8d)
#810 Peter J. Graber (1871-1929)	son, age 3
#811 Freni Graber (1873-1954)	daughter, age 14 mo.

This family probably settled directly in Dakota Territory as no indication that they delayed in the east was found in this study. Peter J. (#810) was among those who later moved to Bloomfield, Montana.

Jacob's parents are passengers #784-785, City of Chester. Both of Elisabeth's parents were deceased at immigration time but her step-father, Jacob Krehbiel, is passenger #991, City of Chester. Elisabeth's unmarried sister (an orphan), Susanna Gering, is passenger #832 City of Chester, listed with their half-brother, Peter D. Gering, #830 City of Chester.

Ship-list References: #25-28 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-232].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN SCHWARTZ and SUSANNA (KREHBIEL) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

812	Johan Schwartz	45	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
813	Susanne	40	F	Wife	"	"
814	Christian	8	"	Child	"	"
815	Johann	6	"	"	"	"
816	Anna	5	"	"	"	"
817	Froni	3	"	"	"	"
818	Maria	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Transcription:				Russia	United States
812	Johan	Schwarz	45 M Laborer	"	"
813	Susanne	"	40 F Wife	"	"
814	Christian	"	8 " Child	"	"
815	Johann	"	6 " "	"	"
816	Anna	"	5 " "	"	"
817	Froni	"	3 " "	"	"
818	Maria	"	Inft " Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 estimated from genealogical records:

#812 Johann Schwartz (1825-1905)	father, age 49 (Sw2. 15)
#813 Susanna (Krehbiel) Schwartz (1835-1902)	mother, age 39 (Kr2. 36)
#814 Christian Schwartz (1869-?)	son, age 5
#815 Johann Schwartz (1871-?)	son, age 3
#816 Anna Schwartz (1864-1935)	daughter, age 9
#817 Freni Schwartz (1865-1956)	daughter, age 8
#818 Maria or Peter ?	?

The manifest ages of the children (#814 to #817) are scrambled.

The identification of the infant (#818) is uncertain. The name is clearly written 'Maria' and the gender is female, however Maria Schwartz born 8 Jul 1867 is expected to have been about seven years old at immigration. Another child, Peter Schwartz, born 12 May 1873 is assigned to the family and compares well with the manifest age "inft". It is possible that Peter is passenger #818 ?

The obituary of the mother, Susanna (#813), dated 1902, states that she was preceded by 4 children and survived by 4 children [1]. Records of the children would indicate that those who preceded her were Christian, Johann, Maria and Peter [SVdb].

They settled in Dakota Territory. It is not known from this study if they may have delayed in the east for a period of time before moving to Dakota?

Other Family Members:

Barbara (Stucky) Schwartz (1835-1859)	first wife, died in Russia
Anna Schwartz (1859-1859) (of 1st marriage)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Schwartz, Susanna (1835-1902), Christlicher Bundesbote: 6 Nov 1902 p. 6

Ship-list References: #29-35 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-281]. WaGa-65 [Kr95-281].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN P. GRABER and ANNA (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

19	Christian Graber	28	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
820	Anna	26	f	Wife	"	"
821	Anna	5	"	Child	"	"
822	Freni	3	"	"	"	"
823	Maria	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Transcription:
819 Christian Graber 28 M Laborer Russia United States
820 Anna " 26 f Wife " "
821 Anna " 5 " Child " "
822 Freni " 3 " " " "
823 Maria " Inft " Inft " "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#819 Christian P. Graber (1844-1917)	father, age 30 (Gr3.563)
#820 Anna (Gering) Graber (1841-1902)	mother, age 32 (Ge2.89)
#821 Anna C. Graber (1867-1895)	daughter, age 6
#822 Freni Graber (1870-1904)	daughter, age 4
#823 Maria Graber (1872-1937)	daughter, age 20 mo.

The obituary of daughter Freni (#822) states that they settled in Dakota Territory and after ten years moved to Reno Co., KS:

"Von da wanderte sie als 3 Jahr altes Mädchen mit ihren Eltern nach Amerika nach Turner Co, S. Dak. Nach 10 jährigem Aufenthalt dort kam sie mit ihren Eltern nach Reno Co., Kans." [1].

A Christian Graber is listed as having joined the Mennonite Church at Pretty Prairie, KS in 1885 to 1887. Stucky (1954) lists Christian Graber as moving to Pretty Prairie from Dakota in 1884 or 1885 [2-10].

Other family members:
Freni Graber (1866-1866) died in Russia

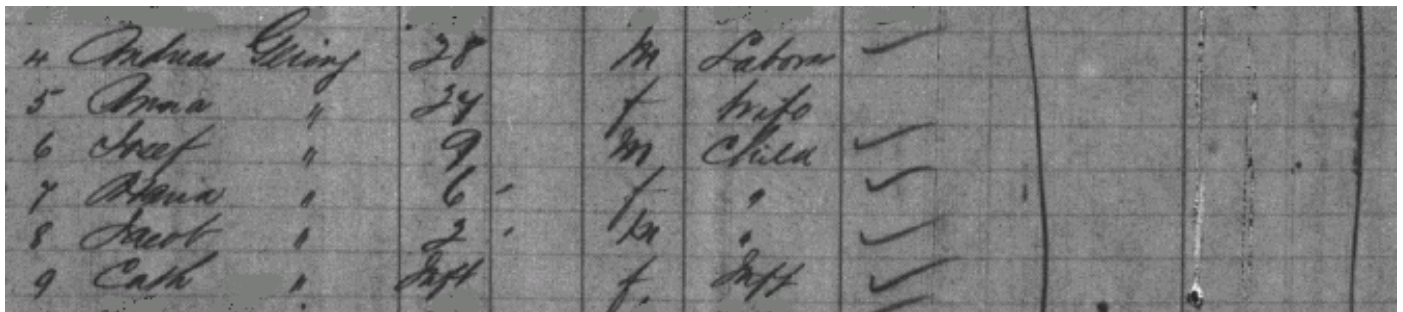
[1]: Schrag, Frenie Graber (1871-1904), Christlicher Bundesbote: 10 Nov 1904 p. 6
[2]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

Ship-list References: #36-40 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-230].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE ANDREAS J. GERING and ANNA (WEDEL) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
824	Andreas Gering	28 M	Laborer	"	"
825	Anna "	27 f	Wife	"	"
826	Josef "	9 M	Child	"	"
827	Maria "	6 f	"	"	"
828	Jacob "	2 M	"	"	"
829	Cath "	Infant f	Infant	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#824 Andreas J. Gering (1844-1931)	father, age 30 (Ge3.317)
#825 Anna (Wedel) Gering (1845-1912)	mother, age 28 (We2.21)
#826 Joseph A. Gering (1866-1951)	son, age 8
#827 Maria Gering (1869-1952)	daughter, age 5
#828 Jacob A. Gering (1871-1950)	son, age 3
#829 Katharina Gering (1873-1965)	daughter, age 8 mo.

The obituary of son Jacob A. (#828) states: "In 1874, he came with his parents to America, settling in Turner county, South Dakota," [1].

Andreas J. Gering (#824) was one of the second group of four men who came to Reno Co., Kansas from Dakota Territory in 1883 to investigate possible settlement areas [2], [Kr02-16].

Other Family Members:

Jacob Gering (1864-1864) died young in Russia

Andreas J. Gering's father is passenger #835, City of Chester.

Anna Wedel's parents, Jacob B. Wedel and Katharina Gering were delayed in Russia but were able to immigrate about two months after the main groups aboard the S.S. City of London 11/18/1874 [3].

[1]: Goering, Jacob A. (1871-1950), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1950 May 11 p. 6

[2]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 9

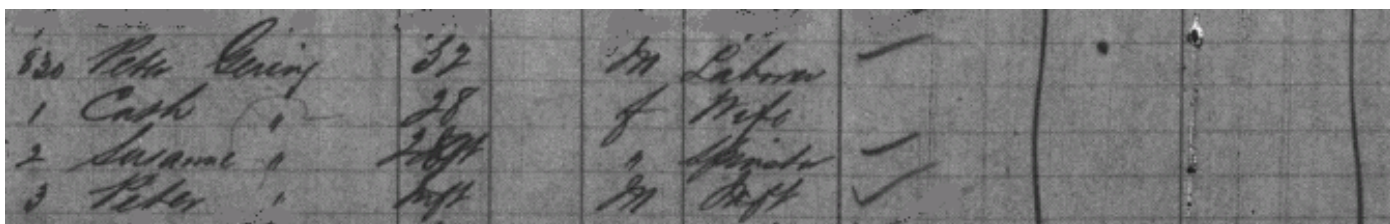
[3]: Schrag, Vernon C., 2017, "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874", p. 6

Ship-list References: #41-46 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-214].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER D. GERING and KATHARINA (GRABER) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
830	Peter	Gering	32*M Laborer	"	"
831	Cath	"	28 f Wife	"	"
832	Susanne	"	28 f Spinster	"	"
833	Peter	"	Inft M Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#830 Peter D. Gering (1844-1904)	father, age 30 (Ge2. 8a)
#831 Katherina (Graber) Gering (1848-1902)	mother, age 26 (Gr3. 547)
#832 Susanna Gering (1850-1913)	half-sister, age 23 (Ge2. 8e)
#833 Peter Gering (1871-?)	son, age 3

Susanna (#832) is Peter D.'s half-sister.

The child Peter (#833) is thought to have died young. On the basis that he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died in America.

The obituary of wife Katharina Graber (#831) states that the family settled in Dakota Territory and later moved to Pretty Prairie, KS in 1884:

"Im Jahre 1874 wanderte sie mit ihrem Gatten aus und kamen nach S. Dakota und im Jahre 1884 siedelten sie über nach Pretty Prairie, Kans." [1].

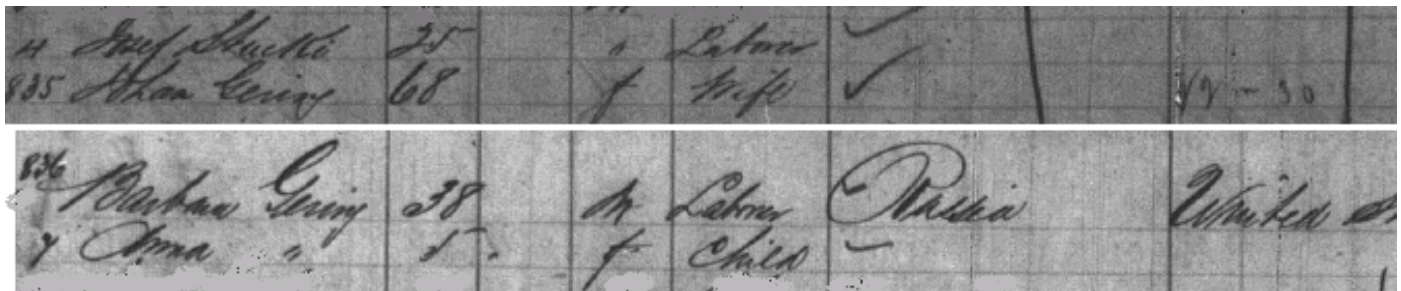
[1]: Goering, Katharina (1848-1902), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1 May 1902 p. 6

Ship-list References: #47-50 [SI Go-12], WaGa-9 [Kr95-211].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN GERING and BARBARA (STUCKY) SEHNER GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>				<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
834 Josef Stucky	25	"	Laborer	"	"
835 Johan Gering	68	F	Wife	"	"
836 Barbara Gering	38	M	Laborer	<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
837 Anna Gering	5	F	Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#834 Joseph Stucky (1858-1928)	brother, age 16 (St4. 642b)
#835 Johann Gering (1804-1878)	father, age 70 (Ge2. 31)
#836 Barbara (Stucky) Sehner Gering (1840-1906)	mother, age 34 (St4. 6422)
#838 Anna Gering (1869-1904)	daughter, age 5

Joseph Stucky (#834) is younger brother of the mother, Barbara (#836). His age is off by about ten years and his identification is based to some degree on the process of elimination. His baptismal record indicates that he was baptized at Waldheim in 1873 [Kr02-15] rather than at Horodyszcze as were most of his family and so he may have been living with his sister's family for some time prior to immigration. This may explain why he is not registered with his birth family (City of Chester #955-966).

Barbara's obituary documents an initial settlement in Dakota Territory:

"und kam im Herbst vom Jahr 1874 mit vielen andern Glaubensgeschwistern nach Amerika und siedelte sich an im südöstlichen Teil von Süd-Dakota." [1]

Other Family Members From Johann Gering's First Marriage:

Maria (Schrag) Gering (1810-1857)	first wife, died in Russia
Johann Gering (1828-1871)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Gering (1830-1904)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #897
Christian Gering (1832-1865)	son, died in Russia
Jacob H. Gering (1834-1919)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #288
Peter Gering (1839-1919)	son, Westphalia 11/13/1874, #684
Maria (Gering) Graber (1841-1917)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #744
Andreas J. Gering (1844-1931)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #824
Daniel J. Gering (1846-1911)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #279
Freni (Gering) Stucky (1848-1913)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #259

Other Family Members From Barbara (Stucky) Sehner Gering's First Marriage:

Jacob Sehner (1838-1867)	first husband, died in Russia (Se2. 13)
Anna Sehner (1861-1862)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Sehner (1863-1868)	son, died in Russia
Johann Sehner (1864-1867)	son, died in Russia
Anna Sehner (1866-1867)	daughter, died in Russia

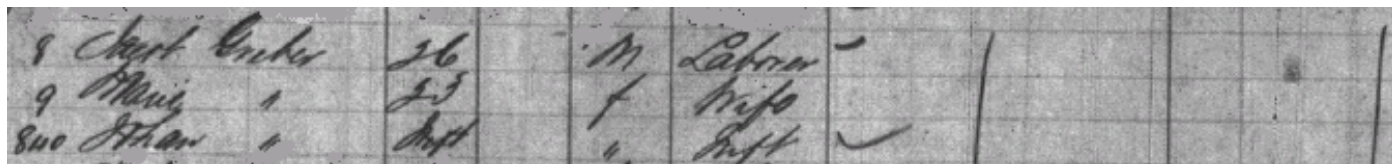
[1]: Wedel, Barbara Stucky (1840-1906), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1906 Aug 9 p. 6-7

Ship-list References: #51-54 [S1Go-12], [Kr95-207].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB J. GRABER and MARIA (KAUFMAN) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>				<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
838 Jacob Greber	26	M	Laborer	"	"
839 Marie "	23	f	Wife	"	"
840 Johan "	Inft	"*	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#838 Jacob J. Graber (1848-1926)	father, age 25 (Gr3.831)
#839 Maria Kaufman (1851-1936)	mother, age 22 (Ka4.3341)
#840 Johann R. Graber (1871-?)	son, age 2

This family had close relatives some of which settled in Dakota Territory and some who settled in Kansas. It is not certain in this study which path this family followed, however at some point it is clear that they came to Kansas.

Other Family Members:

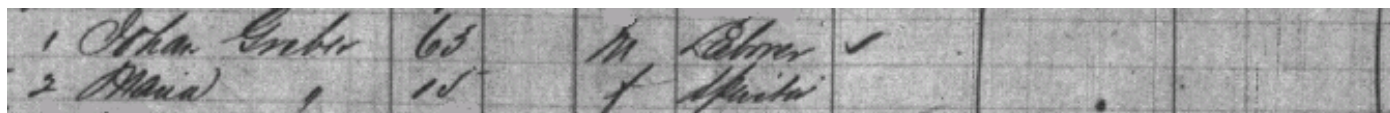
Jacob Graber (1870-1874)	son, died in Russia.
Anna Graber (1871-1874)	daughter, died in Russia.
Peter Graber (1874-?)	son, born in America, 22 Nov 1874 [Kr95-76].

Ship-list References: #55-57 [SlGo-12], [Kr95-234].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN GRABER and *LIESA (SEHNER) GRABER FAMILY:

Johann Graber immigrated as a widower with his youngest daughter. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>				<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
841 Johan Greber	63	M	Laborer	"	"
842 Maria "	15	f	Spinster	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#841 Johann Graber (1812-1881)	father, age 62 (Gr2.54)
#842 Maria Graber (1859-1891)	daughter, age 14

At some point they settled in Dakota Territory and lived their lives there. It is not known by this study if they did or did not delay in the east for a period of time before moving to Dakota.

Other Family Members:

Liesa (Sehner) Graber (c. 1813-1864)	Johann's wife, died in Russia (Se1.3)
Freni Graber (1832-?)	daughter, presumed deceased in Russia.
Johann Graber (1834-?)	son, presumed deceased in Russia.
Freni (Grabers) Graber (1837-1906)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #869
Johann B. Graber (1841-1922)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #919
Anna (Grabers) Graber (1843-1919)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #844
Jacob Graber (1845-1847)	son, died in Russia
Katharina (Grabers) Gering (1848-1902)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #831
Jacob Graber (1851-1872)	son, died in Russia
Liesa Graber (1853-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Elisabeth (Grabers) Flickner (1855-1886)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #148

Ship-list References: #58-59 [SlGo-12], [Kr95-221].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE ANDREAS GRABER and ANNA (GRABER) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

A photograph of a handwritten manifest table. The table has columns for name, age, sex, occupation, and destination. The entries are: 3 Andreas, 36, M, Laborer, Russia; 4 Anna, 31, f, Wife, Russia; 5 Jacob, 9, f, Child, Russia; 6 Peter, 7, M, Inft, Russia; 7 Josef, 2, " , Child, Russia; 8 Freni, 12, " , " , Russia; 9 Peter, 8, " , " , Russia. There are checkmarks in the destination column for each entry.

Transcription:

	Greber			Russia	United States
843	Andreas	"	36 M Laborer	"	"
844	Anna	"	31 f Wife	"	"
845	Jacob	"	9 f Child	"	"
846	Peter	"	Inft M Inft	"	"
847	Josef	"	2 " Child	"	"
848	Froni	"	12 " "	"	"
849	Peter	"	8 " "	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#843	Andreas Graber (1838-1916)	father, age 36 (Gr2.87)
#844	Anna (Grabers) Graber (1843-1919)	mother, age 31 (Gr3.545)
#845	Jacob A. Graber (1865-1920)	son, age 9
#846	Peter Graber (1874-?)	son, age 7 mo.
#847	Joseph G. Graber (1865-?)	adopted son, age 9
#848	Freni J. Graber (1872-1903)	daughter, age 2
#849	Peter R. Graber (1862-1934)	adopted son, age 12

The manifest ages of children #847-849 are scrambled.

The child Peter (#846), born 14 Jan 1874, is thought to have died in infancy [Kr95-70]. On the basis that he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died in America.

Adoption Theory: Two of these children, Joseph G. (#847) and Peter R. (#849) are orphan sons from the family of (Gr3.512) Karl Graber (?-?) and (Ka3.348) Katharina (Kaufman) Graber (1843-?). These children grew to adulthood and are known to have immigrated. Their parents, for which no death records were found, could not be identified in ship records and are presumed deceased in Russia before 1874.

The birth records of children born in America place this family in Dakota Territory by 30 Jan 1877 [SVdb]. It is not known if they delayed in the east for a period of time?

Other Family Members:

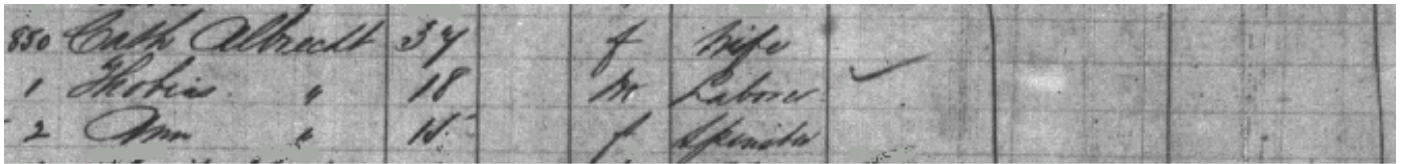
Jacob Graber (1862-1862)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Graber (1863-1863)	child, died in Russia
Johann Graber (1867-?)	son, presumed deceased in Russia
Andreas Graber (1869-1874)	son, died in Russia 6 Jan 1874 [Kr95-70].

Ship-list References: #60-66 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-228].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE *JOHANN ALBRECHT and KATHARINA (KREHBIEL) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

Katharina Albrecht immigrated as a widow with two children. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
850 Cath	Albrecht	34	f Wife	"	"
851 Tobias	"	18	M Laborer	"	"
852 Ann	"	15	f Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#850 Katharina (Krehbiel) Albrecht (c. 1833-?)	mother, age 41? (Kr2.35)
#851 Tobias Albrecht (1856-1916)	son, age 18
#852 Anna Albrecht (1859-?)	daughter, age 15

The manifest age of Katharina (#850) '34' is probably transposed and was intended '43'?

This family probably settled in either Indiana or Ohio? There is evidence that the daughter Anna (#852) married and lived her life in Indiana [1]. The marriage records of the son, Tobias (#851), match him to Sutter women who were from families that had a settlement history in Ohio. It is not known in this study if they ever moved to Dakota or Kansas or any other Swiss Volhynian settlement?

Other Family Members:

Johann Albrecht (1825-1859)	father, died in Russia (At1.3)
Freni Albrecht (1853-1853)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Albrecht (1850-1854)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Anna Reinhardt, <http://www.findagrave.com>

Ship-list References: #67-69 [SI Go-12], WaGa-3 [Kr95-197].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN KAUFMAN and ANNA (KREHBIEL) KAUFMAN FAMILY and
THE CHRISTIAN KAUFMAN and KAROLINA (RIES) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

853	Christ Kaufman	30	M	Laborer		
854	Caroline	24	f	Wife		
855	Anna	2	"	Child		
856	Jacob	Inft	M	Inft		
857	Johann	48	M	Laborer		
858	Anna	45	f	Wife		
859	Elizth	18	"	Spinster		
860	Peter	15	M	Laborer		

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
853	Christ Kaufman	30	M	Laborer	"	"
854	Caroline "	24	f	Wife	"	"
855	Anna "	2	"	Child	"	"
856	Jacob "	Inft	M	Inft	"	"
857	Johann "	48	M	Laborer	"	"
858	Anna "	45	f	Wife	"	"
859	Elizth "	18	"	Spinster	"	"
860	Peter "	15	M	Laborer	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#853 Christian Kaufman (1844-?)	married son, age 30 (Ka4.3131)
#854 Karolina (Ries) Kaufman (1846-?)	daughter-in-law, age 28 (Rs2.2a)
#855 Anna Kaufman (1870-?)	grand-daughter, age 4
#856 Jacob Kaufman (1874?-?)	grand-son, age 3 mo.?
#857 Johann Kaufman (1822-1878)	father, age 51 (Ka3.313)
#878 Anna Krehbiel (1823-1909)	mother, age 51 (Kr2.31)
#859 Elisabeth Kaufman (1856-?)	daughter, age 18
#860 Peter Kaufman (1858-?)	son, age 15

The child Jacob (#856) is listed died in infancy, date of death unspecified [Kr95-93]. On the basis that he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died in America. In some sources his identification on ship is confused with his younger sister, Maria, who was born in America 1 Jan 1875 at Freeman, Dakota Territory [1], [Kr95-246].

Other family members:

Peter Kaufman (1845-1846)	son, died in Russia
Anna Kaufman (1847-1916)	daughter, City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #280
Maria E. Kaufman (1849-1896)	daughter, City of Chester 08/24/1874, #964
Freni Kaufman (1852-1922)	daughter, City of Chester 08/24/1874, #1007
Jacob Kaufman (1854-1854)	son, died in Russia
Maria Kaufman (1875-1938)	grand-daughter, born at Yankton, Dakota Ter. [1].

[1]: Gering, Mary Kaufman (1875-1938), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1938 Dec 28 p. 5

Ship-list References: #70-77 [SI Go-12], [Kr95-241, 246].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH GRABER and FRENI (GRABER) GRABER FAMILY:

This is the family of Horodyszczce minister Joseph Graber who settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

8	Joseph Graber	43	M	Laborer	✓
9	Freni	37	f	Wife	
870	Elizth	16	"	Spinster	
871	Johan	14	M	Laborer	✓
872	Maria	12	f	Child	✓
873	Cath	7	f	"	✓
874	Anna	4	f	"	✓
875	Jacob	7	f*	"	✓
876	Peter		M	Infant	✓

Transcription:

				Russia	United States
868	Joseph Graber	43 M	Laborer	"	"
869	Froni	37 f	Wife	"	"
870	Elizth*	16 "	Spinster	"	"
871	Johan	14 M	Laborer	"	"
872	Maria	12 f	Child	"	"
873	Cath*	7 f	"	"	"
874	Anna	4 f	"	"	"
875	Jacob	7 f*	"	"	"
876	Peter	Infant M	Infant	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 estimated from genealogical records:

#868 Joseph Graber (1832-1895)	father, age 42 (Gr2.85)
#869 Freni Graber (1837-1906)	mother, age 37 (Gr3.543)
#870 Elisabeth Graber (1856-1885)	daughter, age 17
#871 Johann J. Graber (1858-1926)	son, age 15
#872 Maria Graber (1860-1917)	daughter, age 13
#873 Katharina Graber (1865-1922)	daughter, age 9
#874 Anna Graber (1871-1938)	daughter, age 2
#875 Jacob G. Graber (1869-1950)	son, age 5
#876 Peter Graber (1874-1920)	son, age 6 mo.

The obituary of daughter Anna (#874) states: "When a small child in 1874 she moved with her parents to America. At Marion, South Dakota, they made their home." [1].

Other Family Members:

Jacob Graber (1863-1864)	son, died in Russia
Freni Graber (1867-1873)	daughter, died in Russia

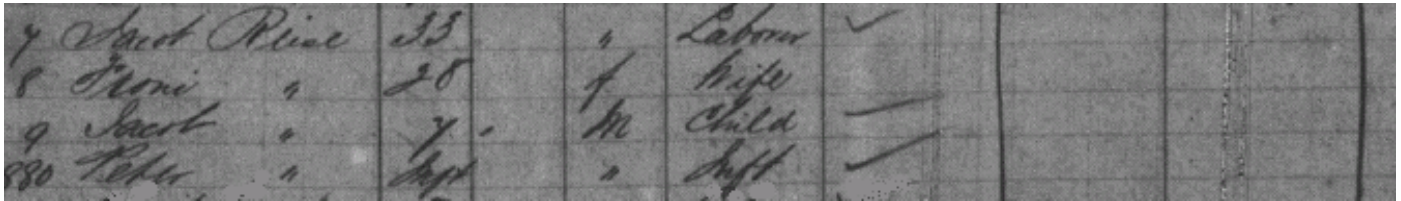
[1]: Albrecht, Anna Graber (1871-1938), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1938 Sep 14 p. 6

Ship-List References: #85-93 [SI Go-13], [Kr95-227].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB RIES and FRENİ (GRABER) RIES FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
877 Jacob Riese	33	"	Laborer	"	"
878 Freni "	28	f	Wife	"	"
879 Jacob "	7	M	Child	"	"
880 Peter "	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#877 Jacob Riese (1841-1932)	father, age 32 (Rs2.27)
#878 Freni (Graber) Riese (1846-1876)	mother, age 28 (Gr3.812)
#879 Jacob C. Riese (1866-1913)	son, age 8
#880 Peter C. Riese (1871-1904)	son, age 3

Other Family Members [Kr95-121]:

Christian Riese (1864-1874)	son, died in Russia
Maria Riese (1868-1874)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann Riese (1872-1874)	son, died in Russia
Katharina (1874-1942)	daughter, born in America 20 Sep 1874

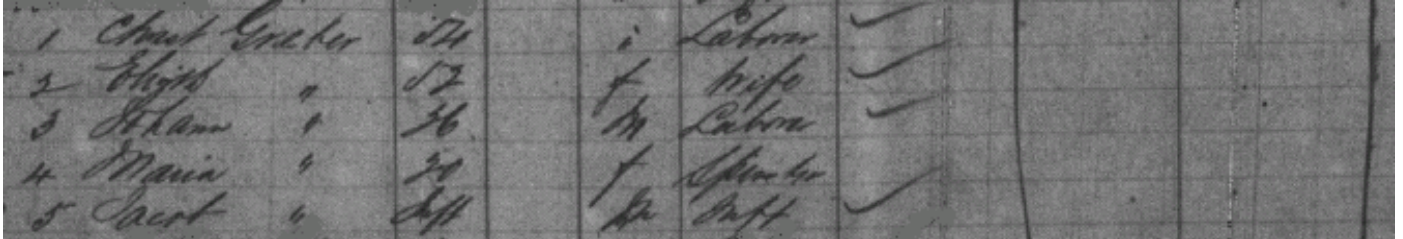
The family settled in Dakota Territory. It is not known in this study if they may have delayed in the east for a time before moving to Dakota or if they might have went to Kansas for a brief period as some other Riese families are thought to have done?

Ship-List References: #94-97 [SI Go-13], [Kr95-263].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN GRABER and ELISABETH (SCHRAG) GRABER FAMILY and
THE JOHANN C. GRABER and MARIA (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

This is the family of Minister Christian Graber who assisted in leading the Waldheim Congregation to America [SgMa-69]. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
881 Christ* Greber	54	"	Laborer	"	"
882 Elizth* "	52	f	Wife	"	"
883 Johann "	26	M	Laborer	"	"
884 Maria "	20	f	Spinster	"	"
885 Jacob "	Inft	M	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#881 Christian Graber (1818-1902)	father, age 56 (Gr2.81)
#882 Elisabeth (Schrage) Graber (1818-1881)	mother, age 56 (Sg2.76)
#883 Johann C. Graber (1848-1903)	married son, age 26 (Gr3.813)
#884 Maria (Gering) Graber (1853-1925)	daughter-in-law, age 21 (Ge4.3122)
#885 Jacob Graber (1872-1933)	grandson, age 2

Christian (#881) was possibly the author of a family list, which was put down in 1874 and authored further in Dakota, titled "Selen Register". Martin Schrage (1956) referred to it as "Volhynian Church Book Number Three" [1], [SgMa-62].

Other members of the Christian Graber Family:

Maria (Graber) Graber (1839-1913)	daughter, Waesland 06/14/1883, #419
Freni (Graber) Ries (1846-1876)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #878
Elisabeth (Graber) Graber (1855-1931)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #787

Other members of the Johann C. Graber family:

Elisabeth Graber (1874-1964)	daughter, born in America 6 Sep 1874
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[1]: Mennonite Family History, July 1989, article by Jerold Stahly [SVdb].

Ship-list References: #98-102 [SI Go-13], [Kr95-226, 233].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN SCHRAG and FRENI (GERING) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

The top photograph shows a portion of a handwritten manifest with entries for Johan Schrag (age 42, laborer), Freni (age 36, wife), and Anna (age 18, spinster). The bottom photograph shows a larger section of the manifest, including entries for Marie Schrag (age 15, spinster), Daniel (age 14, laborer), Andreas (age 12, child), Freni (age 10, *), Cath* (age 8, *), Joseph (age 6, *), Susanne (age 2, *), and Jacob (age 6 mo., inft). The manifest is organized into columns for names, ages, genders, occupations, and destinations (Russia and United States).

Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
886	Johan Schrag	42	" Laborer	"	"
887	Froni	36	f Wi fe	"	"
888	Anna	18	" Spi nster	"	"
889	Mari e Schrag	15	f Spi nster	Russi a	Uni ted States
890	Dani el	14	M Laborer	"	"
891	Andreas	12	" Chi ld	"	"
892	Froni	10	"* "	"	"
893	Cath*	8	"* "	"	"
894	Joseph	6	" "	"	"
895	Susanne	2	"* "	"	"
896	Jacob	Inft	" Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 estimated from genealogical records:

#886 Johann Schrag (1832-1915)	father, age 41 (Sg3.441)
#887 Freni Gering (1836-1908)	mother, age 38 (Ge2.87)
#888 Anna Schrag (1856-1911)	daughter, age 18
#889 Maria Schrag (1858-1936)	daughter, age 16
#890 Daniel Schrag (1860-?)	son, age 14
#891 Andreas Schrag (1862-1905)	son, age 11
#892 Freni Schrag (1865-1960)	daughter, age 9
#893 Katharina Schrag (1867-?)	daughter, age 6
#894 Joseph J. Schrag (1869-1947)	son, age 4
#895 Susanna Schrag (1871-1955)	daughter, age 2
#896 Jacob Schrag (1874-?)	son, age 6 mo.

The child Jacob (#896) is thought to have died young. On the basis that he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died in America.

This family probably settled directly in Dakota Territory. It is not known here if they may have delayed for a time in the east before moving to Dakota?

Ship-list References: #103-113 [SI Go-13], [Kr95-273].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH GERING and ANNA (GRABER) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

7 Joseph Gering	44	M	Laborer	✓
8 Anna	40	f	Wife	✓
9 Cath	12	"	Child	✓
900 Joseph	17	M	Laborer	✓
1 Frans	8	"	Child	✓
2 Carolin	3	"	"	✓
3 Peter	Inft	"	Inft	✓

Transcription:				Russia	United States
897 Joseph Gering	44	"	Laborer	"	"
898 Anna	40	f	Wife	"	"
899 Cath	12	"	Child	"	"
900 Joseph	17	M	Laborer	"	"
901 Frans	8	"	* Child	"	"
902 Carolin	3	"	* "	"	"
903 Peter	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#897 Joseph Gering (1830-1904)	father, age 44 (Ge3.312)
#898 Anna (Graber) Gering (1834-1900)	mother, age 40 (Gr3.612)
#899 Katharina Gering (1861-1931)	daughter, age 13
#900 Joseph Gering (1857-1924)	son, age 17
#901 Freni Gering (1866-1927)	daughter, age 7
#902 Karolina Gering (1868-1918)	daughter, age 6
#903 Peter Gering (1872-dy)	son, age 21 mo.

The child Peter (#903) is thought to have died young. Since he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died soon after arrival in America.

The obituary of son Joseph (#900) states "He emigrated to the U. S. A. in 1874, residing with his father near Yankton, S. Dak." [1]. The settlement in Dakota Territory is confirmed by the obituary of daughter Katharina (#899) which states: "... came to America in her fourteenth year, living near Marion, S. Dakota ..." [2].

Other Family Members:

Elisabeth (Gering) Graber (1851-1917)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #905
Maria (Gering) Graber (1853-1925)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #884

[1]: Gering, Joseph 1857, Mennonite Weekly Review obit. 18 Nov 1924 p. 6

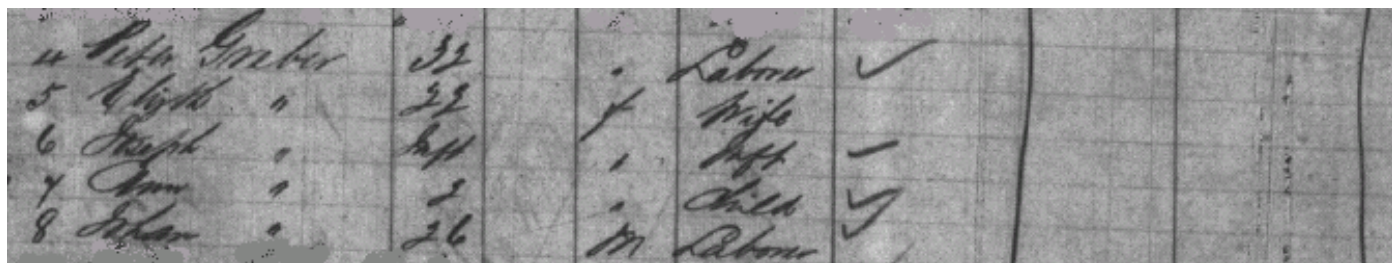
[2]: Gehring, Katharine Schrag (1861-1932), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1932 Jan 20 p. 3

Ship-list References: #114-120 [SI Go-13], [Kr95-212].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE PETER S. GRABER and ELISABETH (GERING) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
904 Peter	Greber	32	" M	Laborer	"	"
905 Elizth	"	23	f	Wife	"	"
906 Joseph	"	17 mo	"*	Inft	"	"
907 Ann	"	3	"	Child	"	"
908 Johan	"	26	M	Laborer	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#904 Peter S. Graber (1841-1920)	father, age 32 (Gr3.631)
#905 Elisabeth Gering (1851-1917)	mother, age 23 (Ge4.3121)
#906 Joseph Graber (1873-1941)	son, age 17 mo.
#907 Anna Graber (1871-1967)	daughter, age 3
#908 Johann S. Graber (1847-1907)	brother, age 26 (Gr3.632)

According to Krehbiel (2002) the family settled in Dakota Territory and were among those who moved to North Dakota in 1898 [Kr02-2].

Other Family Members:

Jacob Graber (1809-1953)	Peter's father, died in Russia
Agnetha (Klassen) Graber (1823-1890)	Peter's mother, not found in ship records
Maria (or Elis.) Graber (1849-1921)	Peter's sister, not found in ship records

Ship-list References: #121-125 [Kr95-13], WaGa-33 [Kr95-232].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN SCHRAG and *ANNA (GRABER) SCHRAG FAMILY and
THE JOSEPH SCHRAG and KATHARINA (MUELLER) SCHRAG FAMILY:

Elder Johann Schrag, a minister of the Waldheim-Zabara Congregation immigrated as a widower with his family and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
909 Johan Schrak	60	M	Laborer	"	"
910 Marie	17	f	Spinster	"	"
911 Cath*	10	"	Child	"	"
912 Joseph	33	M	Laborer	"	"
913 Cath*	30	f	Wife	"	"
914 Anna	12	"	Child	"	"
915 Johan	10	"	"	"	"
916 Froni	6	"	"	"	"
917 Cath*	3	"	"	"	"
918 Maria	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
909 Johan Schrak	60	"	Laborer	"	"
910 Marie "	17	f	Spinster	"	"
911 Cath* "	10	"	Child	"	"
912 Joseph "	33	M	Laborer	"	"
913 Cath* "	30	f	Wife	"	"
914 Anna "	12	"	Child	"	"
915 Johan "	10	"	"	"	"
916 Froni "	6	"	"	"	"
917 Cath* "	3	"	"	"	"
918 Maria "	Inft	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 estimated from genealogical records:

#909 Johann Schrag (1813-1898),	father, age 61 (Sg2. 74)
#910 Maria Schrag (1857-1923)	daughter, age 17
#911 Katharina Schrag (1863-1949)	daughter, age 11
#912 Joseph Schrag (1839-1909)	married son, age 35 (Sg3. 741)
#913 Katharina (Mueller) Schrag (1844-1896)	daughter-in-law, 30 (Mr4. 2111)
#914 Anna Schrag (1864-1954)	grand-daughter, age 10
#915 Johann M. Schrag (1868-1956)	grand-son, age 6
#916 Freni Schrag (1870-1958)	grand-daughter, age 3
#917 Katharina Schrag (1873-1952)	grand-daughter, age 1
#918 Maria Schrag (1862-1959)	grand-daughter, age 12

The ages of the children (#914-918) are valued as needed but are scrambled.

Other family members:

Anna (Grabber) Schrag (?-1865)	mother, died in Russia (Gr2. 65)
Johann J. Schrag (1840-1926)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #018
Christian Schrag (1842-1925)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #932
Freni (Schrag) Schrag (1847-1866)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna (Schrag) Kaufman (1849-1930)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #026
Jacob R. Schrag (1852-1922)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #740
Katharina Schrag (1866-1867)	grand-daughter, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #126-135 [SI Go-14], #126-128 [Kr95-275].

THE JOHANN B. GRABER and MARIA (PREHEIM) GRABER FAMILY:

19	Mari Greter	35	M	Laborer	✓
20	Maria	39	f	Wife	
1	Maria	13	"	Child	✓
2	Peter	9	"	"	✓
3	Maria	4	"	"	✓
4	Elisabeth	5	"	"	✓
5	Anna	44	"	Wife	✓

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IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH GERING and FRENI (SCHRAG) GERING FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Waldheim Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

6	Josef Gering	60	M	Laborer	✓
7	Froni	52	f	Wife	✓
8	Peter	18	M	Laborer	✓
9	Andreas	18	"	"	✓
930	Maria	16	f	Spinster	✓
1	Elizth	11	"	Child	✓

Transcription:

				Russia	United States
926	Josef	Gering	60 M Laborer	"	"
927	Froni	"	52 f Wife	"	"
928	Peter	"	18 M Laborer	"	"
929	Andreas	"	18 " "	"	"
930	Maria	"	16 f Spinster	"	"
931	Elizth	"	11 " Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#926 Joseph Gering (1816-1880)	father, age 58 (Ge2.35)
#927 Freni Schrag (1820-1880)	mother, age 53 (Sg2.77)
#928 Peter Gering (1856-1934)	son, age 18
#929 Andreas J. Gering (1856-1940)	son, age 18
#930 Maria Gering (1858-1943)	daughter, age 15
#931 Elisabeth Gering (1863-1948)	daughter, age 11

The obituary of son Peter (#928) documents the family's initial settlement: "In the year of 1874, when at the age of 18, he came to the United States of America, settling near Freeman, South Dakota." [1].

Other family members:

Freni (Gering) Graber (1838-1875)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #573
Anna (Gering) Graber (1840-?)	daughter, remained in Europe
Jacob 'Douhi' Gering (1842-?)	son, remained in Europe [Kr06-8]
Joseph Gering (1844-c. 1879)	son, remained in Europe
Johann Gering (1847-1924)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #238
Christian Gering (1850-1907)	son, Wieland 09/07/1875, #008
Katharina (Gering) Schrag (1853-1880)	daughter, Richmond 05/18/1874, #924

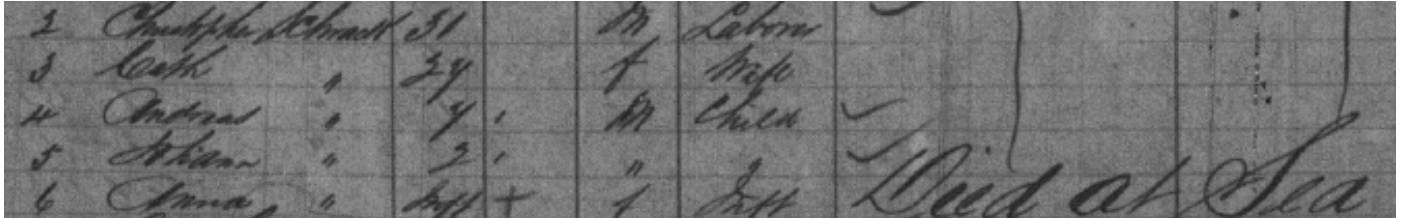
[1]: Gering, Peter (1856-1934), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1934 Feb 7 p. 3

Ship-list References: #143-148 [SI Go-14], [Kr95-209].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN SCHRAG and KATHARINA (SCHRAG) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This is the family of Minister Christian Schrag who assisted in leading the Horodyszcze Congregation to America [SgMa-69]. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Cross annotation →

Transcription:				Russia	United States
932	Christopher Schrack	31	M Laborer	"	"
933	Cath*	27	f Wife	"	"
934	Andreas	7	M Child	"	"
935	Johann	2	" Child	"	"
936	Anna	Inft	f Inft	*Died At Sea	

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#932 Christian Schrag (1842-1925)	father, age 31 (Sg3.743)
#933 Katharina (Schrage) Schrag (1845-1929)	mother, age 28 (Sg3.447)
#934 Andreas C. Schrag (1867-1905)	son, age 7
#935 Johann C. Schrag (1871-1929)	son, age 3
#936 Anna Schrag (1873-1874)	daughter, age 18 mo.

The child Anna (#936) was the only person from the City of Chester manifest that was logged 'died at sea'. Her exact date of death was not recorded but can be bracketed between the 13th to 24th of August 1874, the window in time when the steamship was over the Atlantic Ocean.

The obituary of the father, Christian Schrag (#932), states the following: "In 1874 he came to America with his family and settled in South Dakota, residing there till 1882, when he settled in Oregon. In 1900, he and his family settled on a farm near Lind (WA), where he resided until his death." [1]

Other family members:

Johann Schrag (1813-1898)	Christian's father, Chester 08/24/1874, #909
Barbara (Gering) Schrag (1813-1891)	Katharina's mother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #009

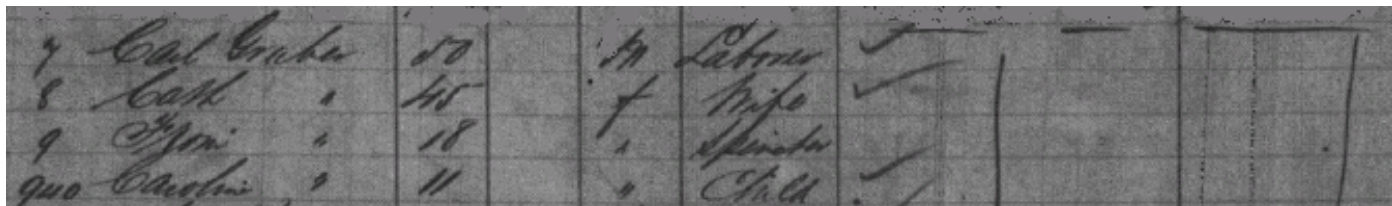
[1]: Odessa Record: 12-04-1925, obit., <http://wagenweb.org/lincoln/obit-smennocem.htm>

Ship-list References: #149-153 [SlGo-14], [Kr95-276].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE KARL C. GRABER and KATHARINA (KREHBIEL) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
937	Carl Gruber	50	M Laborer	"	"
938	Cath*	45	f Wife	"	"
939	Freni	18	" Spinster	"	"
940	Caroline	11	" Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#937 Karl C. Graber (1824-1910)	father, age 50 (Gr3.621)
#938 Katharina (Krehbiel) Graber (1820-1898)	mother, age 54 (Kr2.42)
#939 Freni Graber (1859-1937)	daughter, age 15
#940 Karolina Graber (1862-1939)	daughter, age 11

The manifest age of the mother, Katharina (#938), '45' is possibly a transposition error, intended as '54'?

The biography of daughter Freni (#939) states that the family settled in Dakota Territory [1].

Other family members:

Benjamin Graber (1855-?) son, presumed deceased in Russia.

Members from Katharina's first marriage:

Johann Albrecht (1817-1851)	first husband, died in Russia
Anna (Albrecht) Kaufman (1839-1924)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #950
Johann Albrecht (1841-1924)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #161
Katharina Albrecht (1843-1843)	daughter, died in Russia
Katharina Albrecht (1844-1846)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1847-1847)	son, died in Russia
Freni Albrecht (1848-1848)	daughter, died in Russia
Maria Albrecht (1851-1852)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Frances "Freni" Graber Muss, <http://www.findagrave.com> (with biography)

Ship-list References: #154-157 [SI Go-14], [Kr95-231].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN KAUFMAN and ANNA (STUCKY) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This is the family of Minister Christian Kaufman who assisted with the leadership of the Horodyszczce Congregation to America [SgMa-69]. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	From	To
941	Christ Kaufman	34	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
942	Anna Kaufman	32	F	Wife	Russia	United States
943	Tobias	11	M	Child	"	"
944	Jacob	8	"	"	"	"
945	Elizth	7	F	"	"	"
946	Caroline	4	"	"	"	"
947	Froni	11	M*	"	"	"
948	Andreas	20	"	Laborer	"	"
949	Froni	15	"*	Wife	"	"

Transcription:

941 Christ* Kaufmann	34	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
942 Anna	32	F	Wife	Russia	United States
943 Tobias	11	M	Child	"	"
944 Jacob	8	"	"	"	"
945 Elizth*	7	F	"	"	"
946 Caroline	4	"	"	"	"
947 Froni *	11	M*	"	"	"
948 Andreas	20	"	Laborer	"	"
949 Froni	15	"*	Wife	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#941 Christian Kaufman (1840-1906)	father/half-bro., age 34 (Ka3.347)
#942 Anna Stucky (1840-1913)	mother, age 34 (St4.6414)
#943 Tobias C. Kaufman (1862-1936)	son, age 12
#944 Jacob C. Kaufman (1865-1944)	son, age 9
#945 Elisabeth Kaufman (1867-1935)	daughter, age 7
#946 Karolina Kaufman (1869-1941)	daughter, age 5
#947 Anna Kaufman (1862-1946)	half-sister, age 12 (Ka3.34f)
#948 Andreas Kaufman (1853-?)	half-brother, age 21 (Ka3.34c)
#949 Freni Kaufman (1859-1899)	half-sister, age 15 (Ka3.34e)

Anna (#947) is named 'Froni' in the manifest. Notice the name is repeated within the same group of siblings (#949 is also 'Froni'). This is interpreted as an error by the writer of the manifest. Passengers #947-949 are half-siblings of Christian (#941). Their parents, (Un0) Maria M. Unruh (?-1862) and Jacob Kaufman (1800-1873) died in Russia [Kr95-81].

Freni Kaufman (1875-1954), daughter of Christian and Anna, is reported born 11 Jun 1874 in some records. Since she is not listed in the manifest and her gravestone is inscribed born 1875 there is good evidence that she was born after arrival in America.

Other family members:

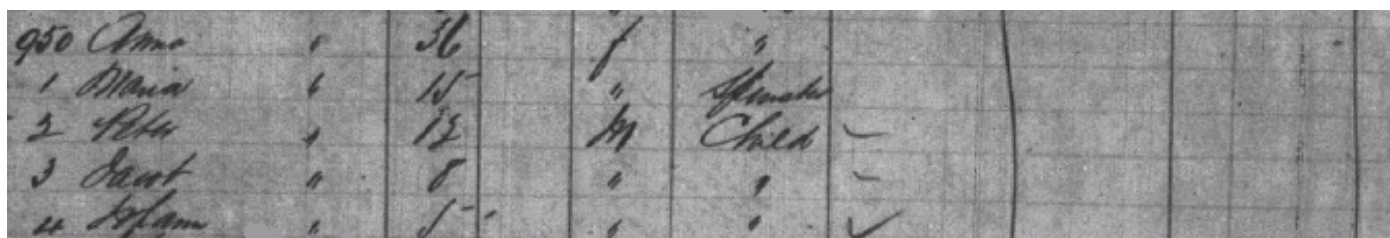
Elisabeth Kaufman (1863-1866)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Kaufman (1870-1870)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Kaufman (1873-1873)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Kaufman (1875-1954)	daughter, born in America

Shiplist References: #158-164 [SI Go-14], [Kr95-244].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE *JACOB KAUFMAN and ANNA (ALBRECHT) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

Anna (Albrecht) Kaufman immigrated as a widow with her children. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

	Kaufmann		Wife	Russia	United States
950 Anna	"	36 f	"	"	"
951 Maria	"	15 "	Spinster	"	"
952 Peter	"	12 M	Child	"	"
953 Jacob	"	8 "	"	"	"
954 Johann	"	5 "	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#950 Anna (Albrecht) Kaufman (1839-1924)	mother, 35 (Ac4.2341)
#951 Maria Kaufman (1861-1890)	daughter, age 13
#952 Peter Kaufman (1863-1900)	son, age 11
#953 Jacob Kaufman (1865-?)	son, age 8
#954 Johann Kaufman (1868-1947)	son, age 6

They settled in Dakota Territory as did close relatives, however it is not known in this study if they delayed in the east for a period of time?

Other family members:

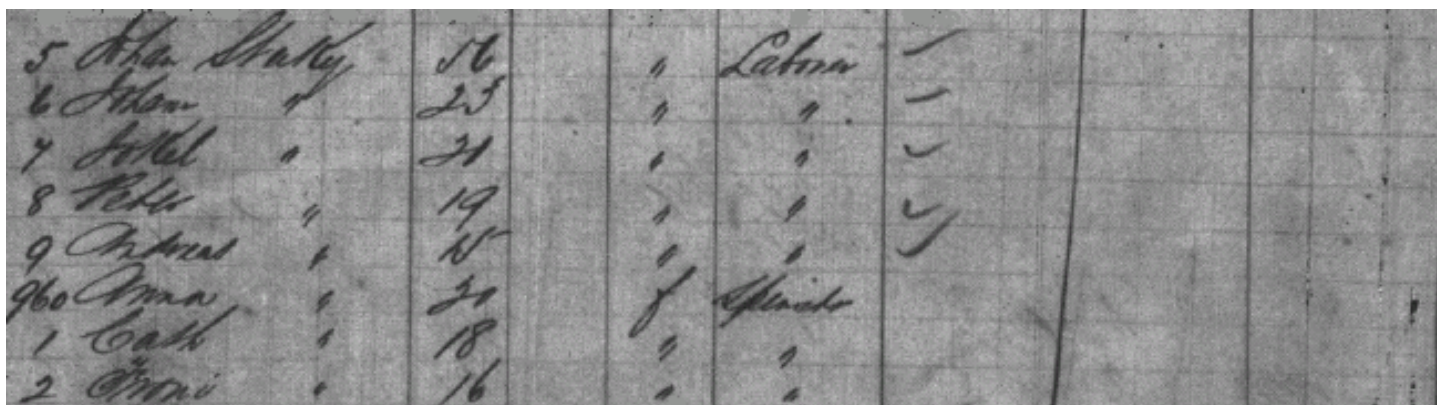
Jacob Kaufman (1835-1869)	Anna's husband, died in Russia (Ka3.345)
Katharina Kaufman (1858-1860)	daughter, died in Russia
Katharina (Krehbiel) Albrecht (c. 1820-1898)	Anna's mother, Chester 08/24/1874, #938

Ship-list References: #167-171 [SI Go-14], [Kr95-244].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOHANN STUCKY and *ANNA (FLICKNER) STUCKY FAMILY:

Johann Stucky immigrated as a widower with seven children. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	United States
955	Johan Stucky	56	"	Laborer	"	"
956	Johann "	23	"	"	"	"
957	Jokel "	21	"	"	"	"
958	Peter "	19	"	"	"	"
959	Andreas "	15	"	"	"	"
960	Anna "	20	f	Spinster	"	"
961	Cath "	18	"	"	"	"
962	Froni "	16	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#955 Johann Stucky (1818-1887)	father, age 56 (St3.642)
#956 Johann Stucky (1850-1900)	son, age 24
#957 Jacob Stucky (1854-1909)	son, age 20
#958 Peter J. Stucky (1856-1941)	son, age 18
#959 Andreas Stucky (1860-?)	son, age 14
#960 Anna Stucky (1843-?)	daughter, age 31
#961 Katharina Stucky (1845-?)	daughter, age 29
#962 Freni Stucky (1863-1949)	daughter, age 11

There are complications with the identification of daughters Anna and Katharina (#960-961). Their ages are off by at least 10 years and each is thought to have married outside of the church [Kr95-164]. There are no small children registered with them and if they are correctly identified one would think they married after arrival in America rather than before as has been presumed in some cases? After a study of the obituary of their brother Jacob (#957) Anna and Katharina are believed to have survived his death in 1909 [1].

The obituary of daughter Freni (#962) states: "At the age of 11 years she migrated with the family to America and settled with other immigrants near Freeman, South Dakota." There is no mention (1949) of any surviving siblings. [2]

Other family members:

Anna (Flickner) Stucky (1819-1869)	mother, died in Russia (Fr1.9)
Maria (Stucky) Albrecht (1838-1914)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #070
Barbara (Stucky) Sehner Gering (1840-1906)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #836
Freni Stucky (1842-1851)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Stucky (1851-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Christian E. Stucky (1847-1929)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #963
Joseph Stucky (1858-1928)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #834

[1]: Stucki, Jakob (1854-1909), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1909 Aug 12 p. 7

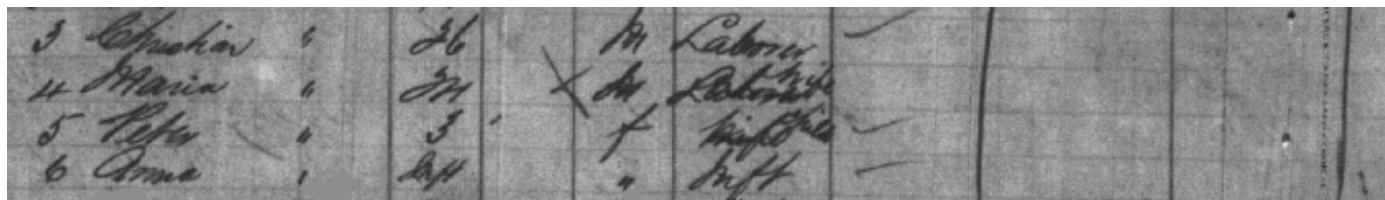
[2]: Kaufman, Fanny Stucky (1863-1949), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1949 Dec 1 p. 6

Ship-list References: #172-179 [SI Go-14, 15], [Kr95-294].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE CHRISTIAN E. STUCKY and MARIA E. (KAUFMAN) STUCKY FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

963 Christian Stuky	26 M Laborer	Russia	United States
964 Maria Stuky	24 f Wife	"	"
965 Peter Stuky	3 f* Child	"	"
966 Anna Stuky	Inft " Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#963 Christian E. Stucky (1847-1929)	father, age 27 (St4.6426)
#964 Maria E. (Kaufman) Stucky (1848-1896)	mother, age 26 (Ka4.3134)
#965 Peter C. Stucky (1871-1937)	son, age 3
#966 Anna Stucky (1872-?)	daughter, age 20 mo.

The daughter Anna (#966) is thought to have died young, date of death unspecified. On the basis that she can be identified in ship records it is presumable that she died after arrival in America.

This family probably settled directly in Dakota Territory along with other close relatives?

Christian's father and siblings are discussed on previous page.

Other family members:

Maria Stucky (1874-?) daughter, born in America 23 Sep 1874

Ship-list References: #180-183 [SI Go-15], [Kr95-294].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE ANDREAS ALBRECHT and *KATHARINA (HEITINGER) FAMILY:

Andreas Albrecht immigrated alone. He had no living children and his wife passed away in Russia. The following transcription from the ship's manifest documents his immigration:



Transcription:

967 Andreas Albrecht 50 M Laborer Russia United States

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#967: Andreas Albrecht (1823-1907), age 51.

He most likely settled in Dakota Territory? It is known that he moved to Pretty Prairie, KS at some point, possibly in concert with his brother, Jacob Albrecht, in 1884 ?

Other members of his family:

Katharina Heitinger (?-1852)	wife, died in Russia, (Ht1.3)
Magdalena Albrecht (1822-1822)	sister, died in Russia
Johann Albrecht (1825-1859)	brother, died in Russia
Katharina Albrecht (1828-1848)	sister, died in Russia
Freni albrecht (1833-1837)	sister, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1838-1894)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #069

Ship-list References: SI Go #184 [Kr95-197].

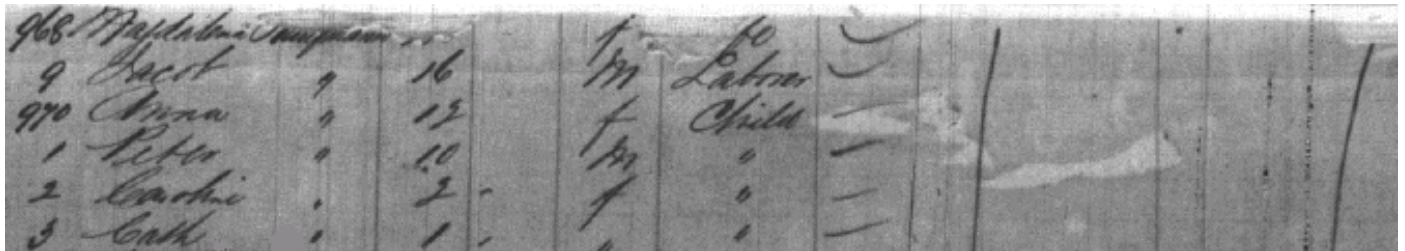


Castle Gardens Interior View, from the postcard collection of Maggie Land Blanck, Harper's Weekly, September 2, 1865. <http://maggieblanck.com/Immigration.html>

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB P. KAUFMAN and MAGDALENA (RIES) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

The immigration of this family was not without complications as two important family members are missing from the registration. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a partial family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
968	Magdal ene Kaufmosi n	*	f Wi fe	"	"
969	Jacob "	16	M Laborer	"	"
970	Anna "	12	f Child	"	"
971	Peter "	10	M "	"	"
972	Carol i ne "	2	f "	"	"
973	Cath "	1	" "	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#968 Magdalena (Ries) Kaufman (1832-1916)	mother, age 42 (Rs2. 24)
#969 Jacob J. Kaufman (1857-1909)	son, age 17
#970 Anna Kaufman (1859-1916)	daughter, age 15
#971 Peter Kaufman (1861-1899)	son, age 13
#972 Karolina M. Kaufman (1872-1962)	daughter, age 2
#973 Katharina Kaufman (?-?)	daughter, age unknown

The missing members of this family are the father, Jacob P. Kaufman (1830-1880) and one of the sons, Joseph J. Kaufman (1867-1954). They are identified with the Kutusovka Congregation which came one week later on the City of Richmond (#414-415). The family could have reunited in New York. The reason they were delayed is uncertain. Gering (1924) mentions that some may have been quarantined due to eye trouble [GeJ - 26].

The child 'Cath' (#973) is an unassigned daughter. Although Krehbiel (1995) found some evidence of her existence in the Eduardsdorf-Kutusovka Church Book it appeared to him that Katharina could be an alternate name for Karolina [1]. Therefore he did not list Cath as a distinct member of the family [Kr95-88]. The fact that both are listed in the manifest strongly suggests that they are two different persons. In later works, Krehbiel (2002) seems to discuss them independently and suggests that Karolina and Katharina could be twins? [Kr02-26]. Katharina is not listed in the 1880 census with her family.

The birth record of Elisabeth Kaufman b: 7 Jan 1875 places the family in Dakota Territory [SVdb]. Her birth is also stated 1874 in several sources. On the basis that Elisabeth is not listed in the Manifest it is presumable that she was born in America.

Other family members:

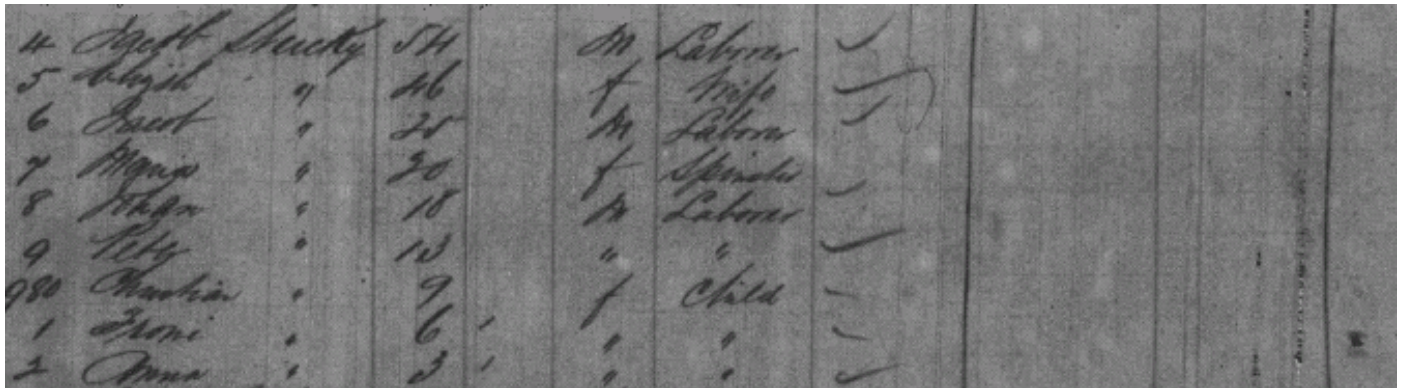
Jacob P. Kaufman (1830-1880)	father, Richmond 08/31/1874, #414 (Ka3. 334)
Maria (Kaufman) Graber (1851-?)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #839
Freni (Kaufman) Waltnr (1854-1936)	daughter, Richmond 05/18/1874, #915
Johann Kaufman (1866-1867)	son, died in Russia
Joseph J. Kaufman (1869-1954)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #415
Unnamed Kaufman (1871-1872)	son, died in Russia
Elisabeth Kaufman (1875-1967)	daughter, born in America

[1]: EdKu, Eduardsdorf-Kutusovka Ch. Book, p. 74 [Kr95-243].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB STUCKY and ELISABETH (RIES) STUCKY FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Horodyszcze Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

				Russia	United States
974	Jacob	Stucky	54 M Laborer	"	"
975	Elizth	"	46 f Wife	"	"
976	Jacob	"	25 M Laborer	"	"
977	Maria	"	20 f Spinster	"	"
978	Johan	"	18 M Laborer	"	"
979	Peter	"	13 " "	"	"
980	Christian	"	9 f* Child	"	"
981	Froni	"	6 " "	"	"
982	Anna	"	3 " "	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#974 Jacob Stucky (1824-1876)	father, age 50 (St3.644)
#975 Elisabeth (Ries) Stucky (1829-1908)	mother, age 45 (Rs2.22)
#976 Jacob J. Stucky (1847-1892)	son, age 27
#977 Maria Stucky (1852-1919)	daughter, age 22
#978 Johann C. Stucky (1857-1917)	son, age 17
#979 Peter A. Stucky (1861-1941)	son, age 13
#980 Christian C. Stucky (1864-1935)	son, age 10
#981 Freni Stucky (1867-1934)	daughter, age 6
#982 Anna Stucky (1870-1960)	daughter, age 4

According to Krehbiel (1995) several of the children are said to have immigrated to Marion, Dakota Territory in 1874 [Kr02-32,34]. After the father died in 1876 they moved to Christian (Moundridge), Kansas [Kr02-32].

Johann C. Stucky (#978) was one of four young men who came to Kansas from Dakota in 1883 to scout land for settlement. This effort led to the establishment of the pioneer settlement at Pretty Prairie, KS. [1-10].

Other family members:

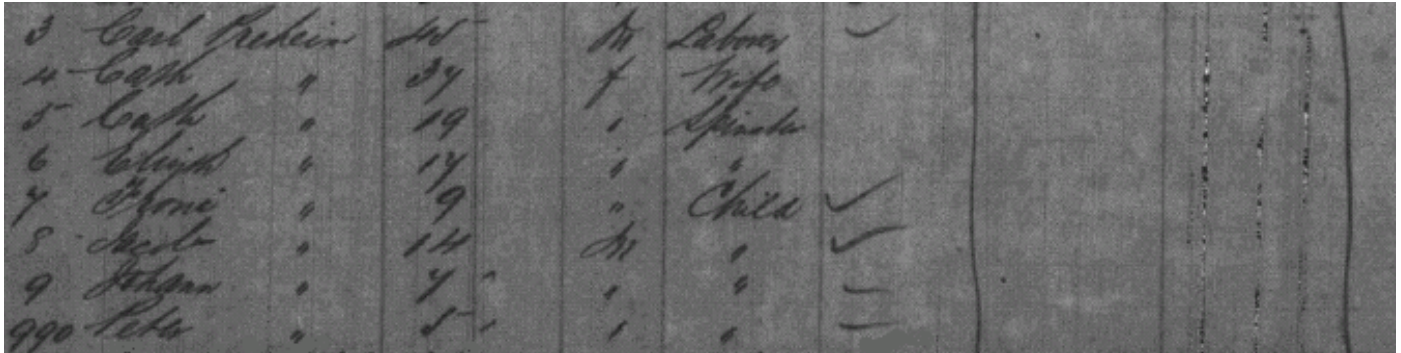
Jacob Stucky (1844-1844)	son, died in Russia
Maria Stucky (1846-1846)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann Stucky (1850-1850)	son, died in Russia
Barbara (Stucky) Stucky (1854-1934)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #062
Peter Stucky (1859-1860)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE KARL PREHEIM and KATHARINA (GRABER) PREHEIM FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Horodyszcze Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
983	Carl Preheim	45	M Laborer	"	"
984	Cath "	37	f Wi fe	"	"
985	Cath* "	19	" Spinster	"	"
986	Elizth "	17	" "	"	"
987	Froni "	9	" Child	"	"
988	Jacob "	14	M "	"	"
989	Johann "	7	" "	"	"
990	Peter "	5	" "	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#983	Karl Preheim (1828-1914)	father, age 45 (Pr1.4)
#984	Katharina (Graber) Preheim (1837-1874)	mother, age 36 (Gr3.532)
#985	Maria Preheim (1855-1937)	daughter, age 18
#986	Elisabeth Preheim (1857-1875)	daughter, age 16
#987	Freni Preheim (1863-1937)	daughter, age 10
#988	Jacob Preheim (1859-1933)	son, age 14
#989	Johann K. Preheim (1866-1933)	son, age 8
#990	Peter K. Preheim (1868-1937)	son, age 6
#---	Joseph K. Preheim (1874-1954)	son, age 4 days

The daughter, Maria (#985) is named 'Cath' in the ship record. Maria's identification is based on the assumption that the name 'Cath' was repeated in error.

The birth of Joseph K. Preheim (no enumeration) is recorded 9 Aug 1874g on his cemetery monument. He would have been only four days old when the family registered aboard the City of Chester. Therefore it is doubtful that his name would have been included on any travel tickets or passport? In any case he was apparently missed when the manifest was written.

This family was implicated in the Dakota prairie fire of 1874 which destroyed their homestead. The fire, discussed by Krehbiel (2002), caused the death of the mother, Katharina (Graber) Preheim (#984), and was likely the reason for the later death of the daughter, Elisabeth Preheim (#986). [Kr02-3].

Karl Preheim (#983) and his son Peter K. (#990) are known to have moved to the pioneer settlement at Pretty Prairie, KS in 1884 [1], [PpHi-15].

Other family members:

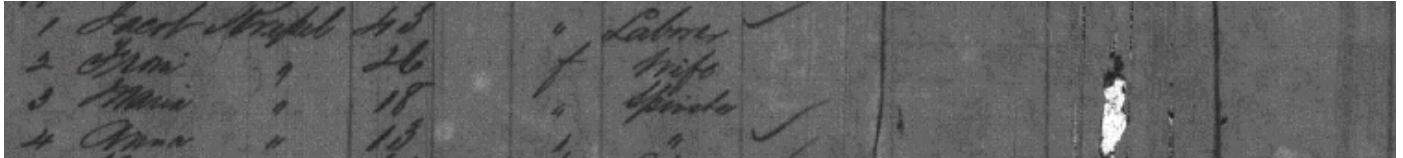
Johann Preheim (1861-1862) son, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB KREHBIEL and FRENİ (GRABER) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Horodyszcze Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>		<i>M</i>		<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
991 Jacob Krehbiel	45	"	Laborer	"	"
992 Freni "	26	f	Wife	"	"
993 Maria "	18	"	Spinster	"	"
994 Anna "	13	"	Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#991 Jacob Krehbiel (1828-1894)	father, age 46 (Kr2.33)
#992 Freni (Graber) Krehbiel (1848-1922)	step-mother, age 25 (Gr3.575)
#993 Maria Krehbiel (1857-?)	daughter/step-dau., age 17
#994 Anna Krehbiel (1861-1943)	daughter/step-dau., age 13

Maria (#993) is daughter of Jacob's first wife, (Sw2.16) Barbara (Schwartz) Krehbiel (?-1858). Anna (#994) is daughter of Jacob's second wife (Ha0) Anna (Harms) Krehbiel (1817-?).

The obituary of daughter Anna (#994) states that she came with her father in 1874 to Dakota Territory: "1874 kam sie mit ihrem Vater und andern nach Süd Dakota" [1].

Other members of the Jacob Krehbiel family:

Barbara (Schwartz) Krehbiel (?-1858)	first wife, died in Russia
Unnamed Krehbiel (1858-1858)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna (Harms) Krehbiel (1817-?)	second wife, died in Russia before 6 Jun 1874

Jacob's younger brother, Daniel, is passenger #995 listed next page.

Other members from Anna Harms first marriage to Daniel Gering (Ge1.8):

Susanna Gering (1847-1848)	daughter, died in Russia
Elisabeth (Gering) Graber (1849-1926)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #809
Susanna (Gering) Graber (1850-1913)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #832
Andreas Gering (1852-1855)	son, died in Russia
Karolina Gering (1854-1855)	daughter, died in Russia
Karolina Gering (1856-1856)	daughter, died in Russia

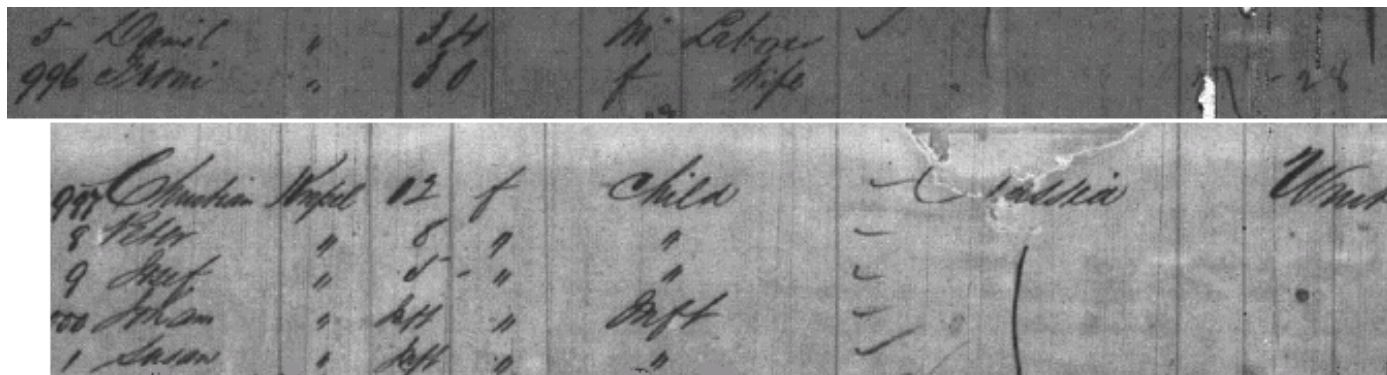
[1]: Stucky, Anna Krehbiel (1861-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 14 Sep 1943 p. 15

Ship-list References: #208-211 [SI Go-15], [Kr95-251].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE DANIEL KREHBIEL and FRENI (KAUFMAN) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

	Krepel				Russia	United States
995	Daniel	"	34	M	Laborer	"
996	Froni	"	30	f	Wi fe	"
997	Christi an	"	12	f*	Chi ld	"
998	Peter	"	8	"*	"	"
999	Josef	"	5	"*	"	"
1000	Johann	"	Inft	"*	Inft	"
1001	Susan*	"	Inft	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#995	Daniel Krehbiel (1838-1902)	father, age 36 (Kr2.34)
#996	Freni (Kaufman) Krehbiel (1841-1925)	mother, age 33 (Ka4.3122)
#997	Christian D. Krehbiel (1863-1940)	son, age 11
#998	Peter D. Krehbiel (1869-1948)	son, age 5
#999	Joseph W. Krehbiel (1871-1903)	son, age 3
#1000	Johann D. Krehbiel (1864-1930)	son, age 10
#1001	Jacob A. Krehbiel (1874-1928)	son, age 6 mo.

The obituary of the father, Daniel (#995), states that he was preceded in death by 1 son and 3 daughters and that he was survived by 7 sons and 1 daughter [1]. The tally is 12 children but only 11 are known. A study of the family's genealogy reveals that the son who preceded the father in death is unknown. No missing daughters can be counted and so on that basis it is not possible to identify #1001 'Susan' as an unassigned daughter.

The birth of a son, Jacob A. Krehbiel, is reported 5 Feb 1874. Since the child named 'Susan' is probably recorded in error he is identified as passenger #1001. [Kr95-252].

The obituary of son Joseph W. (#999) states that at 13 years of age he came with his parents to Dakota Territory and in 1885 moved to Reno Co., KS:

"Er wurde in Rußland geboren und kam als 13 jähriger Knabe mit seinen Eltern nach Turner Co., S. Dak., und im Jahre 1885 nach Reno Co., Kans" [2]. The obituary of son Christian D. (#997) states: "At the age of eleven he came with his parents to America settling near Marion, SD" [3].

Other family members:

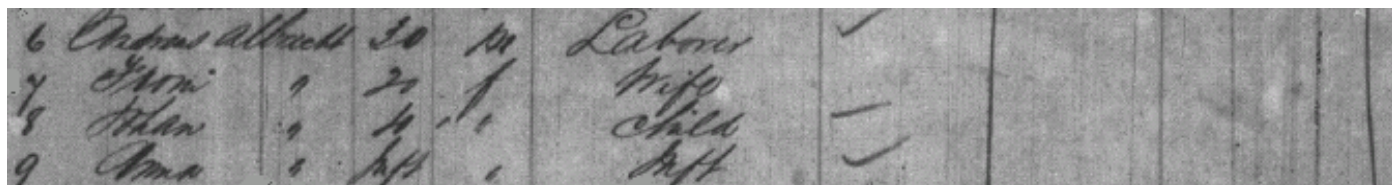
Freni Krehbiel (1860-1862)	daughter, died in Russia
Magdalena Krehbiel (1867-?)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Krehbiel, Daniel (1838-1902), Christlicher Bundesbote: 18 Sep 1902 p. 6
 [2]: Krehbiel, Joseph W. (1870-1903), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1903 Feb 19 p. 6
 [3]: Christian D. Krehbiel, Mennonite Weekly Review obituary: 1940 Jul 31 p. 3

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE ANDREAS ALBRECHT and FRENİ (KAUFMAN) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
1006 Andreas Albrecht	30	M	Laborer	"	"
1007 Freni	20	f	Wife	"	"
1008 Johan	4	"*	Child	"	"
1009 Anna	Inf	"	Inf	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#1006 Andreas Albrecht (1847-1924)	father, age 27 (Ac3. 239)
#1007 Freni (Kaufman) Albrecht (1852-1922)	mother/step-mother, age 22 (Ka4. 3135)
#1008 Johann A. Albrecht (1869-1950)	son/step-son, age 4
#1009 Katharina Albrecht (1874-1924)	daughter, age 7 mo.

Katharina (#1009) is named 'Anna' in the ship's manifest. Her next younger sibling, born in Dakota, was also named 'Anna'. It is doubtful that the family would have two living Anna(s) at the same time. Further, no Russian born child named 'Anna' is known in the 1874 database for this family. Katharina's identification is determined on that basis.

No indications of settlement other than Dakota Territory are found in this study. Some members of this family were among those who moved later to North Dakota.

Other family members:

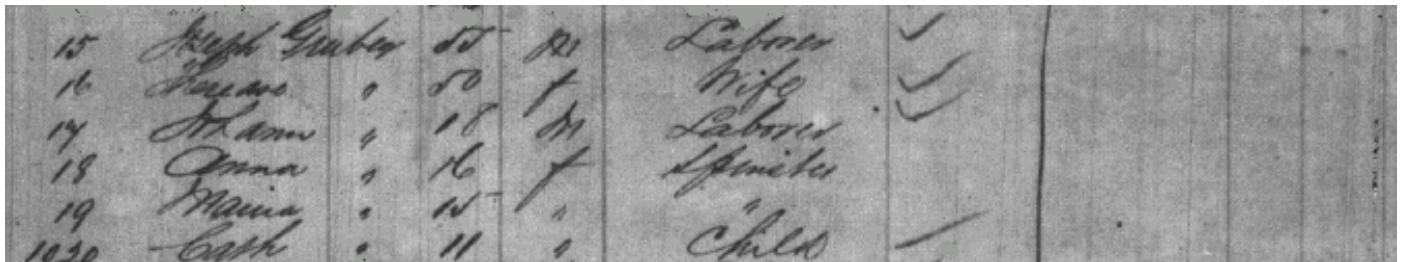
Elisabeth (Sehner) Albrecht (1849-1872)	first wife died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1873?-?)	son, presumed deceased in Russia

Ship-List References: #223-226 [SI Go-15], [Kr95-194].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JOSEPH GRABER and THERESIA (SEHNER) GRABER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Horodyszcze Congregation and settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription provides a family profile as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they registered on the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
1015	Joseph	Graber	55 M Laborer	"	"
1016	Therese	"	50 f Wife	"	"
1017	Johann	"	18 M Laborer	"	"
1018	Anna	"	16 f Spinster	"	"
1019	Maria	"	15 " "	"	"
1020	Cath	"	11 " Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#1015 Joseph Graber (1819-1898)	father, age 55 (Gr2.57)
#1016 Theresia (Sehner) Graber (1820-1902)	mother, age 53 (Se1.5)
#1017 Johann J. Graber (1855-1930)	son, age 18
#1018 Anna Graber (1853-1903)	daughter, age 20
#1019 Maria Graber (1859-1934)	daughter, age 15
#1020 Katharina Graber (1864-1898)	daughter, age 10

The family moved from Dakota Territory to Pretty Prairie, KS in 1884 and 1885. Their homestead was on the quarter section directly west of the Pretty Prairie Mennonite Church site.

Other family members:

Katharina Graber (1839-1857)	daughter, died in Russia
Barbara (Graber) Kaufman (1842-1928)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #223
Elisabeth Graber (1843-1845)	daughter, died in Russia
Elisabeth (Graber) Schwartz (1846-1929)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #1022
Freni (Graber) Krehbiel Graber (1848-1922)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #992
Johann Graber (1851-1852)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Graber (1862-1863)	son, died in Russia
Unassigned child	presumed deceased in Russia [1], [2].

[1]: Graber, Theresia Sener (1820-1902), Christlicher Bundesbote: 19 Jun 1902 p. 6

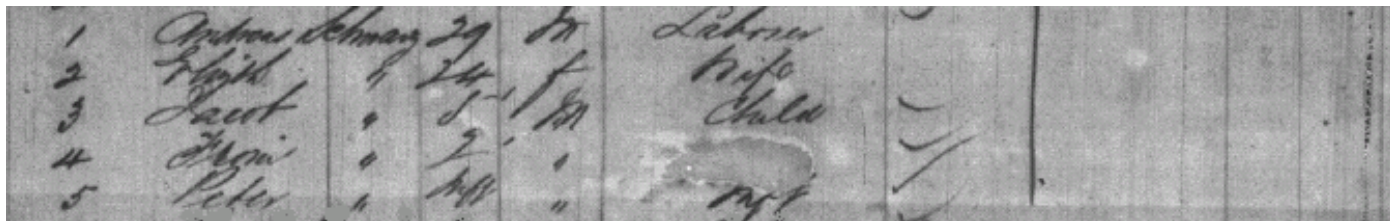
[2]: Graber, Joseph (1819-1898), Christlicher Bundesbote: 19 May 1898 p. 7

Ship-list References: #232-237 [SI Go-16], [Kr95-223].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE ANDREAS SCHWARTZ and ELISABETH (GRABER) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

The following transcription provides a family register on or about 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
1021	Andreas Schwarz	29	M Laborer	"	"
1022	Elizth*	24	f Wife	"	"
1023	Jacob	5	M Child	"	"
1024	Freni	2	"* "	"	"
1025	Peter	1	nft nft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#1021	Andreas Schwartz (1845-1940)	father, age 29 (Sw2.17)
#1022	Elis. (Graber) Schwartz (1846-1929)	mother, age 28 (Gr3.574)
#1023	Jacob A. Schwartz (1868-1948)	son, age 6
#1024	Freni Schwartz (1870-1952)	daughter, age 3
#1025	Peter A. Schwartz (1873-1962)	son, age 1

In preparation for immigration, Andrew Schwartz volunteered to carry a large amount of money (500 rubels), hidden on his person, from Horodyszcze to Kutusovka. This was a dangerous undertaking. The story is told in the history of the Pretty Prairie Menno. Ch. written by Jonas Stucky (1954) [2].

Both of Andreas Schwartz's parents died when he was about three years old. He was raised by Andreas Voran (1815-1876) and Barbara (Kaufman) Voran (1822-1901) who had no children of their own [Kr02-35]. They immigrated on the City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #368-369.

The obituary of son Jacob A. (#1023) states: "In 1874, at the age of six years, he came with his parents to the United States of America. They first settled in South Dakota ... In 1884 he came with his parents to Kansas and they made their home in Reno county." [1].

Other family members:

Freni Schwartz (1866-1867) daughter, died in Russia [Kr95-145]

The mother, Elisabeth (Graber) Schwartz, is daughter of Joseph Graber and Theresia (Sehner) Graber (#1015-1020, previous page).

[1]: Schwartz, Jacob A. (1868-1948), Mennonite Weekly Review: 18 Mar 1948 p. 3

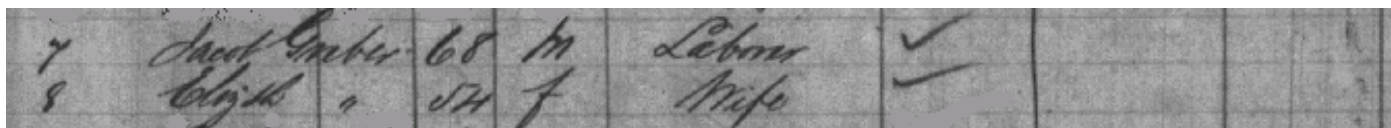
[2]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 12

Ship-list References: #238-242 [SI Go-16], [Kr95-281].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE JACOB GRABER and ELISABETH (SEHNER) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
1037	Jacob	Greber	68 M Laborer	"	"
1038	Elizth	"	54 f Wife	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#1037	Jacob Graber (1806-?)	husband, age 68 (Gr2.53)
#1038	Elisabeth (Sehner) Graber (1811-1894)	wife, age 63 (Se1.2)

The date of death for Jacob (#1037) is unknown. Because he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died after arrival in America. In J.W. Krehbiel's (2002) discussion of the prairie fire that destroyed the Karl Preheim farm in fall 1874, Elisabeth is said to have been living with son-in-law Karl and her daughter, Katharina (Karl's wife), and reportedly was badly burned in the fire. No mention is made of Jacob [Kr02-3].

They settled in Dakota Territory [Kr02-3].

Other family members:

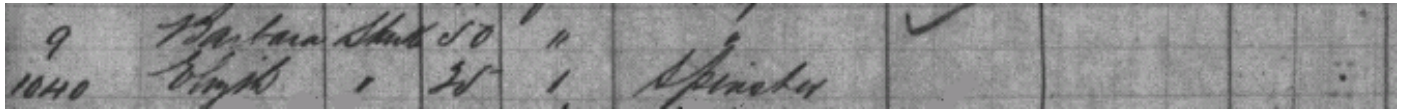
Barbara (Graber) Flickner (1828-1912)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #123
Katharina (Graber) Preheim (1837-1874)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #984

Ship-list References: #254-255 [SI Go-16], WaGa-17 [Kr95-221].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF CHESTER 08/24/1874:

THE *CHRISTIAN STUCKY and BARBARA (GRABER) STUCKY FAMILY:

Barbara (Graber) Stucky immigrated as a widow with one daughter. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Chester defines a family register as of 13 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

		<i>f</i>	<i>Wife</i>	<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
1039 Barbara Stuke	50	"	"	"	"
1040 El izth*	25	"	Spinster	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#1039 Barbara (Graber) Stucky (1813-1905)	mother, age 61 (Gr2.55)
#1040 Elisabeth Stucky (1843-?)	daughter, age 31

No information concerning the initial settlement was found. The mother, Barbara (#1039) is interred at Lone Star Cem., Pretty Prairie, KS. She may have been one of those that joined the New Jerusalem Church in 1887?

Other family members:

Christian Stucky (1815-1844)	father, died in Russia (St3.641)
Barbara Stucky (1833-?)	daughter, presumed deceased
Maria Stucky (1836-1851)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni (Stucky) Graber (1838-1924)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #167
Anna (Stucky) Kaufman (1840-1913)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #942
Christian Stucky (1844-1846)	son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #256-257 [SI Go-16].

MANIFEST OVERVIEW: S.S. CITY OF RICHMOND 31 AUG 1874:

The following quote is from the addendum titled "America Bound" to Martin Schrag's 'European History of the Swiss Mennonites From Volhynia,' reprinted by Harley J. Stucky in 1999:

"The fourth group consisting of 441 persons under the leadership of Elder Jacob Stucky and Jacob Goering - left August 6, 1874 from the village of Kotosufka and arrived in New York on the City of Richmond on August 31, 1874" [StAd-129].

In this study we find 423 persons from 77 families listed in the City of Richmond manifest which can be correlated to Swiss Volhynian genealogy.

There are 4 families, 16 persons, tallied by Schrag (1956) and listed by Stucky (1974) which are omitted from this study on the basis that they could not be identified from Swiss Volhynian records. These are as follows: #050-055 Penner, #056-058 Unruh, #077-079 Penner and #329-332 Penner [SgMa-69], [SI Go-18].

Two seemingly isolated individuals (#076 Heinrich Geerg? 17y laborer and #380 Mich? E?iot 35y laborer), although they are declared as originating from Russia, are also omitted because they have unfamiliar names and do not appear to be a part of the Swiss Volhynian group. There are 441 persons listed by Stucky (1974) [SI Go-18]. Subtracting 18 from that number yields the 423 persons identified in this document. (This number does not include three children born during transit.)

Steerage passengers enumerated #442-1061 have inappropriate countries of origin such as: England, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Sweden and United States as well as unfamiliar surnames and are omitted on that basis. There are 169 cabin passengers who are also omitted.

Schrag (1956) tallies on the basis of surname the following families: Dirks-1, Flickner-8, Friedner-1, Gering-9, Graber-3, Kaufman-7, Krehbiel-6, Kressel-2, Lohrenz-1, Natchtigal-1, Penner-3, Ries-2, Schrag-8, Schroeder-1, Schwartz-2, Stucki-10, Unruh-1, Voran-2, Waldner-4, Wedel-1, Zerger-3, Goetz(?) -1, Kersh(?) -1, undef-2. [SgMa-69].

It will be shown in the listings that follow that a Friedner family (#337-344) tallied by Schrag (1956) is actually a Flickner (or Flickinger) family and that 2 families tallied as Kressel are actually Krehbiels. There is a family that has been transcribed as Lohrenz by others which is identified in this study as a Voran family (#367-369). No family with name "Kersh" or "Goetz" is recognized in this report.

It is well known that the majority of the Swiss Volhynians who came to America on the steamship City of Richmond 08/31/1874 were from the village of Kutusovka, district of Volhynia, Russia (modern day Ukraine).

Schrag (1956) names (#137) Elder Jacob Stucky (1824-1893) and (#098) Minister Jacob Gering (1830-1915) as leaders of the Kutusovka group [SgMa-69].

The following is transcribed from the New York Times, 31 Aug 1874, p. 8:

"MARINE INTELLIGENCE. NEW YORK SUNDAY, Aug. 30. ARRIVED. Steam ship City of Richmond, (Br.,) Brooks, Liverpool Aug. 20. via Queenstown 21st, with mdse. and 1229 passengers to John G. Dale. Aug 25, lat. 46 11 N., lon. 42 48 W., passed ship Pactolus, from Liverpool for New York." [1].

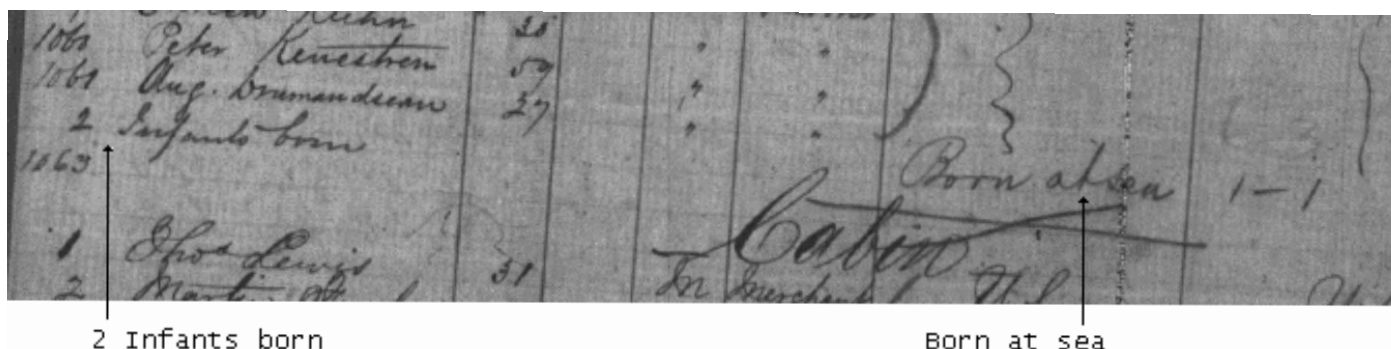
We learn from this article that the steamship City of Richmond was in port at Liverpool, England on 20 Aug 1874 to exchange passengers and cargo. The article reports that the ship arrived at New York on Sunday, 30 Aug 1874, ten days after departure from Liverpool. The ship's manifest was filed with the Port Authority on Monday, 31 Aug 1874 and that was probably when the boarding party from Castle Garden went on deck to begin the customs process.

P.P. Wedel (1929) states that they left their Russian homes on 6 Aug 1874 (25 Jul 1874 basis Julian Calendar) and after a two-day wagon trip they reached the nearest railroad station at Stolbanow, Russia. From there they traveled by train to the Austrian border town Brady (Brodde?). Their passports and baggage were checked before they went on to Lemberg, Austria where they held over for two days. From there they were routed through Berlin to the port at Hamburg, Germany. Four days were spent at Hamburg before they took a small ship to the port at Hull, east coast of England. It is likely that they spent less than 24 hours at Hull, leaving on the morning of Monday, 17 Aug 1874 to arrive at Liverpool the same afternoon [2]. This is consistent with Wedel's comment that they spent three days at Liverpool before departure (fourteen days after leaving Kutusovka) [WePp-57..61].

There were mishaps along the way. P.P. Wedel (1929) comments that in Lemberg some from the group were out and about and missed the train to Hamburg requiring them to catch-up on a later train. While in Hamburg some of the young people were impatient to see the harbor and ships and ventured out only to get lost as they tried to find their way back to camp.

Tobias P. Graber (1874-1955), son of Peter C. and Katharina Graber (#243-250), is thought to have been born 12 Aug 1874 while the group was lay-over at Hamburg, Germany. Although he is not found listed in the ship record he would have been just eight days old at embarkation and was likely overlooked or ignored when the manifest was written? It is doubtful that he could have been listed on the family's passport.

At the bottom of the manifest listing of steerage passengers there is a remark which states: "2 infants born". This number is then added to the total number of steerage passengers (1061 + 2 = 1063).



According to family records Freni (Schrag) Gering (1874-1901), daughter of Christian and Anna Schrag (#005-007), was born 20 Aug 1874 over the Atlantic Ocean. This was the day of departure from Liverpool. Another child, Johann Albrecht (1874-1888), son of Johann J. and Maria Albrecht (#365-366), is recorded born 28 Aug 1874, two days before the ship dropped anchor at the quarantine point in New York Harbor.

P.P. Wedel (1929) mentions that during the voyage a man went overboard, was seen once before going under and was not seen again [WePp-59]. He also states that a child died and was buried at sea [WePp-60]. He does not name the child or give any specifics. No remarks concerning any deaths or burials at sea could be found recorded in the City of Richmond Manifest. Even so there is reason to think that deaths did occur. The death of (#017) Jacob Kaufman (1873-1874), son of Joseph and Freni Kaufman, is recorded the day of departure, 20 Aug 1874 [KrHf-21]. There is also the case of (#028) Peter Kaufman (1873-1874), son of Johann and Anna Kaufman, for whom it is not necessarily certain if he died on ship or soon after arrival in New York [Kr95-92].

[1]: New York Times; New York, N.Y.; H.J. Raymond & Company; 1852-1957; v. III; 59cm., Wichita State Univ., Wichita, KS, Ablah Library, Microforms Area Microfilm 38.

[2]: The immigrant trains at Hull took precedence over all other train services because of their length and usually left Hull on Monday mornings around 11.00 a.m., arriving in Liverpool between 2.00 and 3.00pm. Evans, Nicholas J., (1999), Migration from Northern Europe to America via the Port of Hull, 1848-1914, University of Hull, Oriel Chambers, 27 High Street, Hull, HU1 1NE, <http://www.norwayheritage.com/articles/templates/voyages.asp?articleid=28&zoneid=6>

CERTIFICATION:

The following is transcribed from the microfilm copy of the original manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond:

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.
PORT OF NEW YORK.

I, *Samuel Brooks* Master of the *S.S. City of Richmond* do solemnly, sincerely and truly *swear* that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect List of all the passengers taken on Board the said *S.S. City of Richmond* at *Liverpool and Queenstown* from which parts the said *S.S. City of Richmond* has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died.

Sworn to this *31st August* 18*74* Before me *[Signature]* So Help me God.

List or Manifest OF ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the *S.S. City of Richmond* is Master from *Liverpool & Queenstown* burthen *2823* tons whereof

NAME	AGE		SEX	OCCUPATION	The country to which they severally belong	Tons
	Years	Months				

DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
PORT OF NEW YORK

I, (Samuel Brooks), Master of the (S.S. City of Richmond), do solemnly, sincerely, and truly (swear) that the following List or Manifest, subscribed by me, and now delivered by me to the Collector of the Customs, of the Collection District of New York, is a full and perfect list of all the passengers taken on Board the said (S.S. City of Richmond) at (Liverpool) from which parts the said (S.S. City of Richmond) has now arrived; and that on said List is truly designated the age, the sex and the occupation of each of said passengers, the part of the vessel occupied by each during the passage, the country to which each belongs, and also the country of which it is intended by each to become an inhabitant; and that said List or Manifest truly sets forth the number of said Passengers who have died on said Voyage, and the names and ages of those who died. So Help me God. (Samuel Brooks)

Sworn to this (31st August) 18(74)
Before me, _____ **

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALL THE PASSENGERS taken on board the (S.S. City of Richmond) whereof (Samuel Brooks) is Master from (Liverpool & Queenstown) burthen (2823) tons. [1].

[1]: Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond, NY Arrival, 08/31/1874, Bethel College Mennonite Library & Archives, 300 East 27th Street, North Newton, KS 67118, Microforms Area, Record Group 36, Microfilm, 35 mm., Reel 393.

THE *ANDREAS SCHRAG and BARBARA (GERING) SCHRAG FAMILY and
 THE DANIEL SCHRAG and KATHARINA (STUCKY) SCHRAG FAMILY and
 THE CHRISTIAN SCHRAG and ANNA S. (SCHRAG) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	The country to which they severally belong	The country to which they intend
1	Daniel Schrag	31	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
2	Catherine	32	F	Wife	"	"
3	Anna	5	"	Child	"	"
4	Johann	1	"	"	"	"
5	Christian	23	M	Laborer	"	"
6	Anna	20	F	Wife	"	"
7	Katharina	1	"	Infnt	"	"
8	Peter	21	M	Laborer	"	"
9	Barbara	70	F	Wife	"	"

Transcription:

001 Daniel	Schrag	31	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
002 Catherine*	"	32	f	Wife	"	"
003 Anna	"	5*	"	Child	"	"
004 Johann	"	1	"	"	"	"
005 Christian	"	23	M	Laborer	"	"
006 Anna	"	20	f	Wife	"	"
007 Katharina	"	1	"	Infnt	"	"
008 Peter	"	21	M	Laborer	"	"
009 Barbara	"	70	f	wife	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#001 Daniel Schrag (1842-1903)	married son, age 32 (Sg3.445)
#002 Katharina (Stucky) Schrag (1850-1908)	daughter-in-law, age 24 (St4.6281)
#003 Anna Schrag (1868-1878)	granddaughter, age 6
#004 Johann D. Schrag (1873-1955)	grandson, age 1
#005 Christian Schrag (1849-1878)	married son, age 25 (Sg3.448)
#006 Anna S. (Schrag) Schrag (1855-1947)	daughter-in-law, age 19 (Sg3.855)
#007 Katharina Schrag (1872-1874)	granddaughter, age 22 mo.
---- Freni Schrag (1874-1901)	granddaughter, born on ship
#008 Peter Schrag (1852-1878)	son, age 22
#009 Barbara (Gering) Schrag (1813-1891)	mother, age 61 (Ge2.34)

The father, Andreas Schrag (1807-1872), husband of Barbara (Gering) Schrag (#009), passed away in Russia prior to immigration.

Freni (Schrag) Gering (1874-1901) (no enumeration) is daughter of Christian (#005) and Anna (#006) Schrag. Her obituary states that she was born 20 Aug 1874 over the Atlantic Ocean:

"Sie wurde den 20. August 1874 während der Einwanderung aus Rußland nach America, auf dem Atlantischen Ocean geboren" [1]. Notice that her birth is dated the same day that the family is presumed to have boarded the steamship [2].

(Continued)

The obituary of wife, Anna S. (#006) states, "One of her children died while the immigrants were yet on the way and is buried at Peabody" [3]. That child is undoubtedly Katharina (#007). These families were situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [4].

Other members of the family:

Andreas Schrag (1807-1872)	father, died in Russia (Sg2. 44)
Johann Schrag (1832-1915)	son, City of Chester #886
Jacob Schrag (1836-1928)	son, City of Richmond 08/31/1874 #270
Joseph Schrag (1838-1927)	son, City of Richmond 08/31/1874 #356
Freni (Schrag) Schrag (1844-1876)	daughter, City of Richmond 08/31/1874 #019
Katharina (Schrag) Schrag (1845-1929)	daughter, City of Chester #933
Anna G. (Schrag) Schrag (1853-1928)	daughter, City of Richmond 05/18/1874 #920
Andreas Schrag (1840-?)	son, presumed deceased in Russia
Susanna Schrag (1857-1859)	daughter, died young in Russia

-
- [1]: Goering, Freni Schrag (1874-1901), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1901 Sep 5 p. 6
 [2]: New York Times, 08/31/1874, p. 8, Marine Intelligence.
 [3]: Goering, Anna (1855-1947), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1947 Sep 18 p. 5
 [4]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Schrag"}
 Ship-list References: #1-7 [SI Go-18], [Kr95-275].



Mennonites arrive at Peabody, Kansas, by the Santa Fee Railroad in the fall of 1874. Mennonite Life, Centennial Double Issue, mid-year 1974, p. 15.

THE JOSEPH SCHRAG and MARIA (KAUFMAN) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

10	Joseph	36	M	Miner	Russia	United States
11	Maria	38*	f	Wife	"	"
12	Peter	9	M	Child	"	"
13	Anna Schrag	4	f	Child	"	"
14	Johanna	1	"	Infant	"	"

Transcription:

	Schrag				Russia	United States
010 Joseph	"	36	M	Miner	"	"
011 Maria	"	38*	f	Wife	"	"
012 Peter	"	9	M	Child	"	"
013 Anna	Schrag	4	f	Child	"	"
014 Johanna	"	1	"	Infant*	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#010 Joseph Schrag (1839-1924)	father, age 35 (Sg3.751)
#011 Maria (Kaufman) Schrag (1843-1928)	mother, age 31 (Ka4.3123)
#012 Peter Schrag (1860-1917)	son, age 11
#013 Anna Schrag (1869-1945)	daughter, age 5
#014 Johann Schrag (1872-?)	son, age 21 mo.

It is not known in this study if they settled temporarily in the east before moving to Dakota Territory?

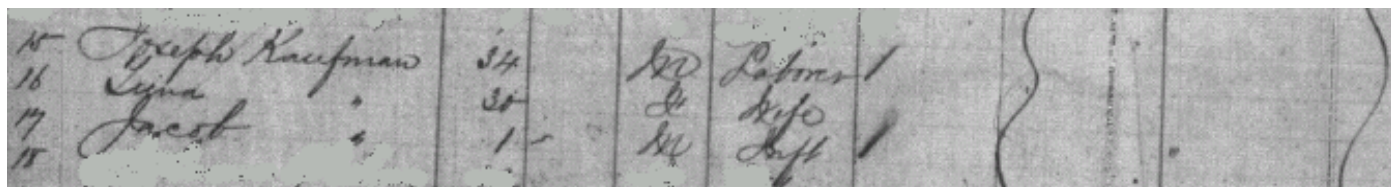
Other family members:

Joseph Schrag (1866-?) son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #10-14 [SlGo-18], [Kr95-277].

THE JOSEPH KAUFMAN and FRENI (ALBRECHT) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
015 Joseph	Kaufman	34	M	Laborer	"	"
016 Freni*	"	30	f	Wife	"	"
017 Jacob	"	1	M	Infant	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#015 Joseph Kaufman (1840-1916)	father, age 34 (Ka3.373)
#016 Freni (Albrecht) Kaufman (1844-1917)	mother, age 30 (Ac4.2333)
#017 Jacob Kaufman (1873-1874)	son, age 10 mo.

The date of death for child Jacob (#017) is recorded 20 Aug 1874 [1] which is on or about the same day the family went aboard the City of Richmond [1]. No remarks were found in the manifest regarding his death or any other death. P.P. Wedel (1929) comments that a child did die and was buried at sea [WePp-60]. Krehbiel (2001) is mistaken when stating that this child is not listed in ship records [1].

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. It is not known if they may have delayed in the east prior to coming to Kansas?

Other family members:

Peter Kaufman (1867-1868)	son, died in Russia
Johann Kaufman (1870-1870)	son, died in Russia
Christian Kaufman (1870-1870)	son, died in Russia
Johann Kaufman (1872-1872)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Kaufman (1869-1869)	son, died in Russia

[1]: FoBo, p. 214-215 [KrHf-21].

Ship-list References: #015-017 [SI Go-18].

THE JOHANN J. SCHRAG and FRENI (SCHRAG) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

18	Johanna Schrag	32	f	Wife	Russia	United States
19	Franz	23	M	Miner	"	"
20	Anna	11	f	Child	"	"
21	Andrea	9	M	"	"	"
22	Franciska	5	"	"	"	"
23	Johan	2	f	"	"	"
24	Joseph	1	M	Infant	"	"

Transcription:				Russia	United States
018	Johanna	Schrag	32 f	Wife	"
019	Franz	"	23 M	Miner	"
020	Anna	"	11 f	Child	"
021	Andrea*	"	9 M	"	"
022	Franciska	"	5 "	"	"
023	Johan	"	2 f	"	"
024	Joseph	"	1 M	Infant	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#018	Johann J. Schrag (1840-1926)	father, age 34 (Sg3.742)
#019	Freni (Schrag) Schrag (1844-1876)	mother, age 30 (Sg3.446)
#020	Anna Schrag (1862-1955)	daughter, age 12
#021	Andreas J. Schrag (1864-1938)	son, age 10
#022	Freni Schrag (1868-1959)	daughter, age 6
#023	Johann Schrag (1871-1896)	son, age 3
#024	Joseph Schrag (1873-1957)	son, age 10 mo.

The obituary of the father states, "He emigrated to the United States from Europe in 1874 and settled in South Dakota." [1]. The initial settlement in Dakota is confirmed by the obituary of son, Andreas J., "At the age of 10 years he migrated from Russia to America with his parents, locating in South Dakota in 1874." [2].

Other family members:

Johann Schrag (1866-1867) son, died in Russia

Johann Schrag's father, Johann Schrag Sr. (1813-1898) is identified on S. S. City of Chester, #909. Freni Schrag's mother, Barbara (Gering) Schrag (1813-1891) is found on City of Richmond #009.

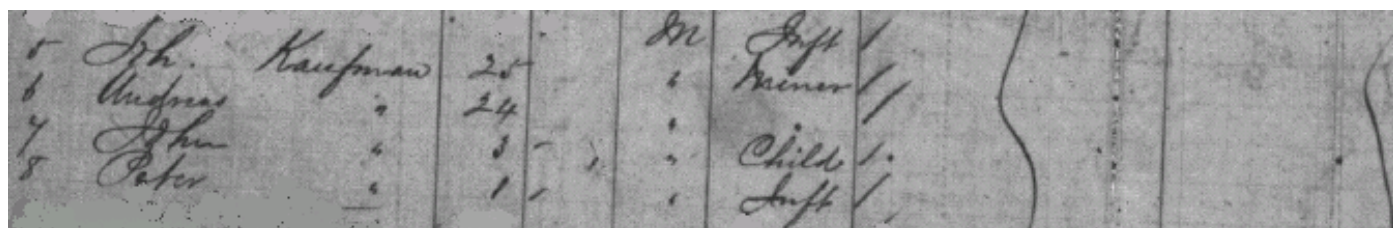
[1]: Schrag, John (1840-1926), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1926 Dec 22 p. 7

[2]: Schrag, Andrew John (1864-1938), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1938 Apr 20 p. 4

Ship-list References: #18-24 [SI Go-18], [Kr95-276].

THE JOHANN KAUFMAN and ANNA (SCHRAG) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory along with close relatives. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
025 Joh	Kaufman	25	" M	Miner	"	"
026 Andreas	"	24	"	*	"	"
027 John	"	3	"	Child	"	"
028 Peter	"	1	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#025 Johann Kaufman (1845-1889)	father, age 29 (Ka4.3114)
#026 Anna (Schrag) Kaufman (1849-1930)	mother, age 24 (Sg3.745)
#027 Johann Kaufman (1871-1888)	son, age 3
#028 Peter Kaufman (1873-1874)	son, age 1

The child, Peter (#028), is said to have died at sea in some reports, however this is not confirmed by the Manifest of the City of Richmond. He is also reported to have died while the family was still in New York [Kr95-92].

This family lost three sons in the Dakota blizzard of 12 Jan 1888 including Johann (#027) [Kr95-92]. That incident is described in the book "The Children's Blizzard" by David Laskin (2004).

The obituary of the mother states: "They came to America and settled down in Turner County near Marion, South Dakota" [1].

Other family members:

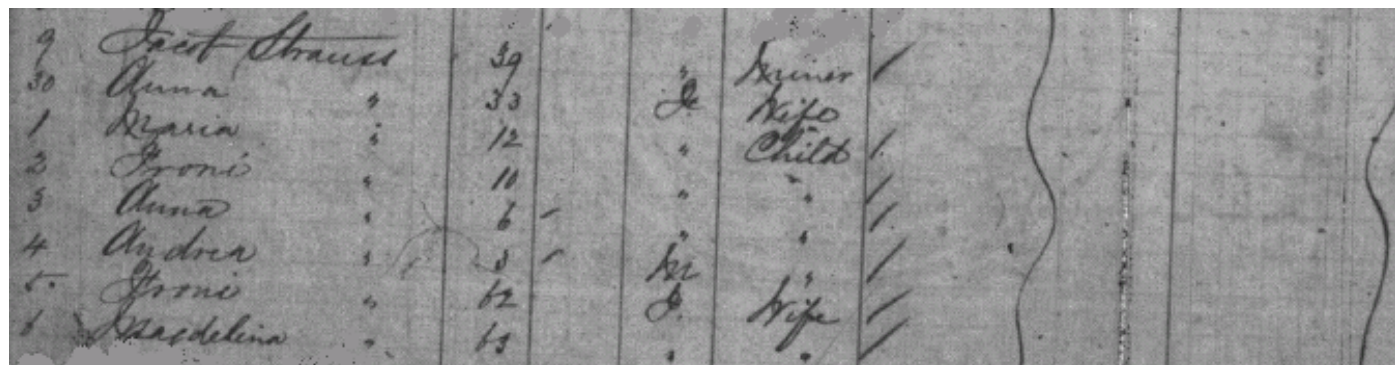
Peter Kaufman (1869-1873) son, died in Russia

[1]: Schrag, Anna Kaufman (1849-1930), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1930 Apr 23 p. 4

Ship-list References: #25-28 [SI Go-19].

THE JACOB STRAUZ and ANNA (GRABER) STRAUZ FAMILY and
THE FRIEDRICH STRAUZ and MAGDALENA (SCHRAG) STRAUZ FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	United States
029	Jacob	Strauss	39	"	Miner	"
030	Anna	"	33	f	Wife	"
031	Maria	"	12	"	Child	"
032	Froni	"	10	"	"	"
033	Anna	"	6	"	"	"
034	Andrea*	"	3	M	"	"
035	Froni	"	62	f	Wife	"
036	Magdalena	"	63	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 determined from genealogical records:

#029	Jacob Strausz (1838-1914)	father, age 36 (Ss2.13)
#030	Anna (Graber) Strausz (1841-1884)	mother, age 33 (Gr2.88)
#031	Maria Strausz (1860-1938)	daughter, age 14
#032	Freni Strausz (1863-1949)	daughter, age 11
#033	Anna Strausz (1868-1945)	daughter, age 6
#034	Andreas Strausz (1872-1874)	son, age 2
#035	Friedrich Strausz (1809-1894)	grandfather, age 65 (Ss1.1)
#036	Magdalena (Schrag) Strausz (1809-1880)	grandmother, age 65 (Sg2.45)

Passenger #035 is clearly listed as Froni, female and wife. Notice that the next entry is also listed as 'wife'. This is interpreted as an error by ship's clerk and #035 is identified as Friedrich Strausz the father of Jacob Strausz (#029).

The grandmother, Magdalena (#036) was an orphan at the age of about five years. She was the only member of her birth family that lived long enough to immigrate.

The obituary of daughter, Freni (#032) states, "At the age of 10 years, during the large Mennonite immigration of 1874, she came to America with her parents and two sisters and they settled on a homestead five miles southwest of what is now Moundridge, Kansas" [1]. Notice that her brother Andreas (#034) is not mentioned. His date of death (1874) is imprecise and on the basis that he is identified in ship records it is presumable that he died soon after arrival in America.

This family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

(Continued)

Other members of the Jacob & Anna Strausz family:

Jacob Strausz (1862-1862)	son, died in Russia
Anna Strausz (1866-1867)	daughter, died in Russia

Other members of the Friedrich & Magdalena Strausz family:

Johann Strausz (1833-1834)	son, died in Russia
Anna (Strausz) Gering (1835-1915)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #099
Freni (Strausz) Kaufman (1844-1919)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #175
Katharina (Strausz) Gering (1841-1923)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #252
Barbara Strausz (1847-1848)	daughter, died in Russia
Barbara (Strausz) Preheim (1849-1934)	daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #759

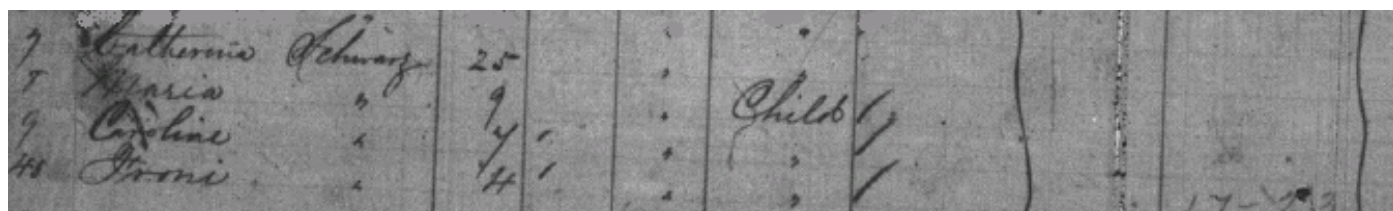
[1]: Schrag, Freni Strausz (1863-1949), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1949 Aug 25 p. 3, 6

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed)

Ship-list References: #29-36 [SI Go-19], [Kr95-286].

THE *JOSEPH SCHWARTZ and KATHARINA (KREHBIEL) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

Katharina Schwartz immigrated as a widow with three children. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			F	Wife	Russia	United States
037 Katharina	Schwarz	25	"	"	"	"
038 Maria	"	9	"	Child	"	"
039 Caroline	"	7*	"	"	"	"
040 Freni	"	4*	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#037 Katharina (Krehbiel) Schwartz (1838-1908)	mother, age 36 (Kr3.232)
#038 Maria Schwartz (1864-1950)	daughter, age 10
#039 Karolina Schwartz (1866-1953)	daughter, age 8
#040 Freni Schwartz (1868-1910)	daughter, age 6

It is not known in this study if they delayed in the east before coming to Kansas.

Other family members:

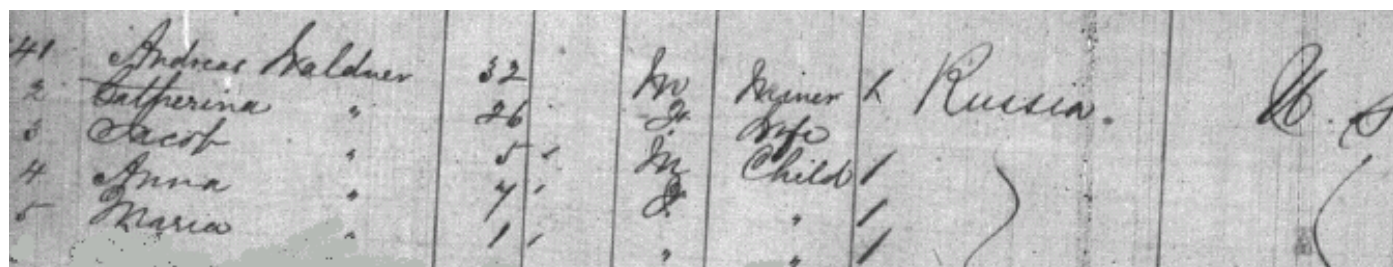
Joseph Schwartz (?-1868)	father, died in Russia (Sw3.111)
Peter Schwartz (1862-1862)	son, died in Russia

Katharina's parents are passengers #440-441, also on City of Richmond 08/31/1874.

Ship-list References: #037-040 [SI Go-19].

THE ANDREAS WALTNER and KATHARINA (STUCKY) WALTNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

041 Andreas	Wal dner	32	M	Miner	Russia	United States
042 Catheri na*	"	26	F	Wi fe	"	"
043 Jacob	"	5	M	Child	"	"
044 Anna	"	7*	F	"	"	"
045 Mari a	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#041 Andreas Wal tner (1841-1925)	father, age 33 (Wa2.29)
#042 Kathari na (Stucky) Wal tner (1845-1914)	mother, age 29 (St4.6262)
#043 Jacob A. Wal tner (1869-1925)	son, age 5
#044 Anna Wal tner (1867-1942)	daughter, age 7
#045 Mari a Wal tner (1872-1874)	daughter, age 2

The death record, 1874, of child Maria (#045) is imprecise. On the basis that there is no record of her death while at sea, she is presumed to have died in America.

The obi tuary of daughter, Anna (#044), states that she came with her parents in 1874 to McPherson Co.:

"und kam mit ihren Eltern in der großen Mennonitischen Einwanderung in 1874, September, nach McPherson County" [1].

Other family members:

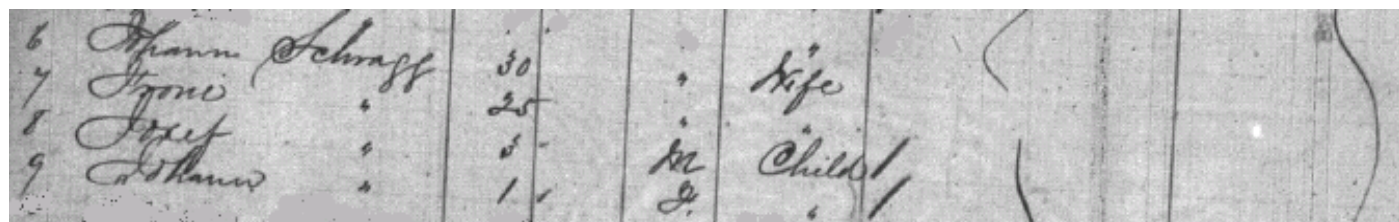
Mari a Wal tner (1865-1865) daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Goering, Anna Wal tner (1867-1942), Christlicher Bundesbote: 19 May 1942 p. 13

Ship-list References: #41-45 [SlGo-19], [Kr95-303].

THE JOHANN A. SCHRAG and FRENİ (STUCKY) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the microfilm copy of the City of Richmond manifest defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:



Transcription:			<i>f</i>		<i>Russi a</i>	<i>Uni ted States</i>
046 Johann	Schragg	30	"*	<i>Wi fe*</i>	"	"
047 Freni	"	25	"	"	"	"
048 Josef	"	3	<i>M</i>	<i>Chi ld</i>	"	"
049 Johann	"	1	<i>f*</i>	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#046 Johann A. Schrag (1843-1922)	father, age 31 (Sg3.754)
#047 Freni (Stucky) Schrag (1850-1910)	mother, age 24 (St4.6246)
#048 Joseph H. Schrag (1870-1953)	son, age 4
#049 Johann Schrag (1873-1874)	son, age 14 mo.

The death and burial of child, Johann (#049), proves the family's presence at Halstead, Kansas in 1874. Johann was buried in the Old Halstead Cemetery (aka Popkins Cemetery) which is located just west of Halstead, KS about 1/2 mile or so (N2 SW sec. 34-23s-2w). His monument is inscribed, "Infant son of John A. and Fannie Schrag". He died 9 Oct 1874 just one day after the first burials at Hopefield Cemetery. [1], [WePp-82].

The family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2]. Jonas A. Stucky (1954) lists a John Schrag coming to Pretty Prairie, KS from McPherson Co., KS in 1899 [3-11].

Other family members:

Anna Schrag (1868-1868) daughter, died in Russia

[1]: The Homesteader, Newsletter of the Harvey County Genealogical Society, Volume 3 Issue 1 - February 2007 - ISSN 1559-3592, p. 4

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Schrag"}

[3]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 11

Ship-list References: #46-49 [SI Go-19], [Kr95-277].

THE JOHANN STUCKY and MARIA (ARCHELUS) STUCKY FAMILY and
THE PETER STUCKY and BARBARA (STUCKY) STUCKY FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Marital Status
059	Johann Stucky	55	M	Miner
060	Maria	49	F	Wife
061	Peter	24	M	Miner
062	Barbara	18	F	Spinster
063	Jacob	1	M	Child
064	Jacob	30	"	Miner
065	Ben	18	"	"
066	Froni	12	F	none*
067	Anna	10*	"	Child
068	Maria	7	"	"

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
059	Johann	Stucky	55	M	Miner	"
060	Maria	"	49	F	Wife	"
061	Peter	"	24	M	Miner	"
062	Barbara	"	18	F	Spinster	"
063	Jacob	"	1	M	Child	"
064	Jacob	"	30	"	Miner	"
065	Ben	"	18	"	"	"
066	Froni	"	12	F	none*	"
067	Anna	"	10*	"	Child	"
068	Maria*	"	7	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#059 Johann Stucky (1819-1885)	father, age 55 (St3.626)
#060 Maria (Archelus) Stucky (1826-1895)	mother, age 48 (Ar1.2)
#061 Peter Stucky (1849-1915)	married son, age 25 (St4.6264)
#062 Barbara (Stucky) Stucky (1854-1934)	daughter-in-law, age 20 (St4.6446)
#063 Jacob Stucky (1873-1874)	grandson, age 10 mo.
#064 Jacob L. Stucky (1853-1933)	son, age 21
#065 Benjamin R. Stucky (1855-1927)	son, age 19
#066 Freni Stucky (1860-1927)	daughter, age 14
#067 Anna M. Stucky (1863-1943)	daughter, age 11
#068 Maria Stucky (1867-1895)	daughter, age 7

The obituary of daughter Anna (#067) states that at the age of 11 years she came with her parents in 1874 to the area of Moundridge, KS:

"Als sie elf Jahre alt war wanderte die Gemeinde, zu der ihre Eltern gehörten in dieses Land ein, und die Verstorbene wohnte seit jener Zeit in 1874 in der Umgegend von Moundridge, Kansas" [1].

Other members of the Johann and Maria Stucky family:

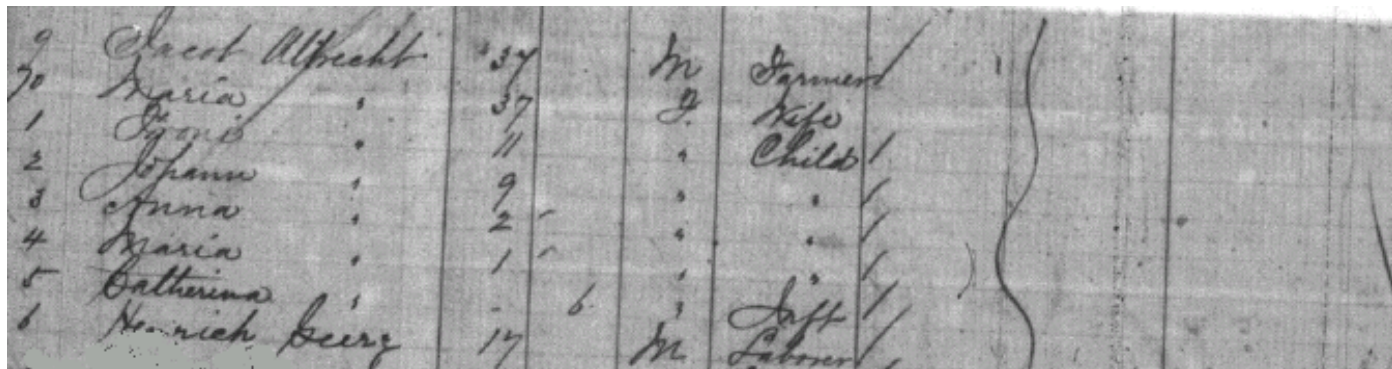
Johann Stucky (1842-1850)	son, died in Russia
Katharina (Stucky) Waltnier (1845-1914)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #042
Jacob Stucky (1847-1847)	son, died in Russia
Johann Stucky (1858-1858)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Stucky (1866-?)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Krehbiel, Anna M. Stucky (1863-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1943 Dec 7 p. 15

Ship-list References: #59-68 [SI Go-19], [Kr95-292].

THE JACOB ALBRECHT and MARIA (STUCKY) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

Although this family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation they chose to settle in Dakota Territory rather than Kansas. The following transcription provides a family register on or about 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
069	Jacob Albrecht	37	M	Farmer	"	"
070	Maria	37	f	Wife	"	"
071	Froni	11	"	Child	"	"
072	Johann	9	"	"	"	"
073	Anna	2	"	"	"	"
074	Maria	1	"	"	"	"
075	Katharina	6mo	"	Infant	"	"

Identification and ages in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#069	Jacob Albrecht (1838-1894)	father, age 36 (At1.6)
#070	Maria (Stucky) Albrecht (1838-1914)	mother, age 35 (St4.6421)
#071	Froni Albrecht (1863-1892)	daughter, age 11
#072	Johann J. Albrecht (1864-1945)	son, age 10
#073	Anna Albrecht (1871-?)	daughter, age 3
#074	Maria Albrecht (1873-?)	daughter, age 10 mo.
#075	Katharina Albrecht (1873-?)	daughter, age 10 mo.

All three of the youngest daughters, Anna, Maria and Katharina (#073-075) are thought to have died young, date and place of death unknown. The listings here would suggest that they passed after 31 Aug 1874, probably in Dakota Territory or along the way from New York.

The obituary of son, Johann J. (#072) confirms the family's settlement in Dakota Territory:

"und kam 1874 mit Eltern nach Marion, South Dakota." [1].

Other family members:

Anna Albrecht (1859-1860)	daughter, died in Russia
Joseph Albrecht (1861-1862)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Albrecht (1867-1867)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Albright, John (1864-1945), Christlicher Bundesbote: 29 May 1945 p. 15

Ship-list References: #69-75 [SlGo-19], [Kr95-197].

THE PETER M. KREHBIEL and FRENI (PREHEIM) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:

080	Peter Kressel	34	M	Miner		
081	Froni	30	f	Wife		
082	Maria	10	"	Child		
083	Jacob	8	M	"		
084	Anna	2	f	"		
085	Catherina	1	"	"		
086	Barbara	19	"	Spinster		
087	Magdalena	12	"	"		

Transcription:					Russia	United States
080 Peter	Kressel	34	M	Miner	"	"
081 Froni *	"	30	f	Wife	"	"
082 Maria	"	10	"	Child	"	"
083 Jacob	"	8	M	"	"	"
084 Anna	"	2	f	"	"	"
085 Catherina *	"	1	"	"	"	"
086 Barbara	"	19	"	Spinster	"	"
087 Magdalena *	"	12	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#080 Peter M. Krehbiel (1839-1933)	father, age 35 (Kr2.64)
#081 Freni (Preheim) Krehbiel (1844-1912)	mother/sister, age 30 (Pr2.14)
#082 Maria Krehbiel (1864-1944)	daughter, age 10
#083 Jacob W. Krehbiel (1866-1963)	son, age 8
#084 Anna Krehbiel (1871-1874)	daughter, age 3
#085 Katharina Krehbiel (1874-1905)	daughter, age 4 mo.
#086 Barbara Preheim (1853-1932)	sister, age 21 (Pr2.17)
#087 Magdalena Preheim (1862-1920)	sister, age 12 (Pr2.1a)

The child, Anna (#084) is thought to have died at Peabody 10 Sep 1874 [KrHf-22].

Passengers #086 and #087 are unmarried sisters of the mother, Freni. Their parents Solomon Preheim (1811-1873) and Barbara (Albrecht) Preheim (1820-1870) passed away in Russia prior to immigration.

This family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [1].

Other family members:

Johann Krehbiel (1869-c. 1872) son, died in Russia

Preheim daughters, Maria (Preheim) Wedel, Elisabeth (Preheim) Bader and Katharina (Preheim) Krehbiel are also registered on City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #089, #097 and #435 respectively. One sister, Anna (Preheim) Waltnier (1840-1875) immigrated with the first part of the Zahoriz Congregation on City of Richmond 05/18/1874, #926.

[1]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Grapel"}

Ship-list References: #80-87 [SlGo-20], #80-85 [Kr95-252].

THE JOHANN P. WEDEL and MARIA (PREHEIM) WEDEL FAMILY:

The following transcription from the microfilm copy of the City of Richmond Manifest defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:

88	Johan Wedel	40	M	Miner		
89	Maria	37	f	Wife		
90	Peter	15	M	Miner		
91	Jacob	12	"	none		
92	Solomon	1	"	Child		
93	Anna	9	f	"		
94	Maria	5	"	"		
95	Freni	3	"	"		
96	Johan	17	M	Miner		
97	Elisabeth Wedel	22	f	Spinster	Russia	

Transcription:				Russia	United States
088	Johan	Wedel	40 M	Miner	" "
089	Maria	"	37 f	Wife	" "
090	Peter	"	15 M	Miner	" "
091	Jacob	"	12 "	none	" "
092	Solomon	"	1 "	Child	" "
093	Anna	"	9 f	"	" "
094	Maria	"	5 "	"	" "
095	Freni	"	3 "	"	" "
096	Johan	"	17 M	Miner	" "
097	Elisabeth	Wedel	22 f	Spinster	Russia United States

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#088 Johann P. Wedel (1834-1900)	father, age 40 (We1.6)
#089 Maria (Preheim) Wedel (1837-1878)	mother, age 37 (Pr2.11)
#090 Peter H. Wedel (1859-1943)	son, age 15
#091 Jacob P. Wedel (1861-1940)	son, age 13
#092 Solomon Wedel (1872-1874)	son, age 2
#093 Anna Wedel (1864-1937)	daughter, age 10
#094 Maria Wedel (1867-1907)	daughter, age 7
#095 Freni Wedel (1869-1874)	daughter, age 5
#096 Johann H. Wedel (1857-1932)	son, age 17
#097 Elisabeth Preheim (1850-1924)	sister, age 24 (Pr2.16)

Passenger #097, Elisabeth Preheim is a younger unmarried sister of the mother, Maria (Preheim) Wedel (#089). They are daughters of Solomon Preheim (1811-1873) and Barbara (Albrecht) Preheim (1820-1870), both deceased at immigration time.

The death of child Solomon (#092), 1874, is imprecise. On the basis that he can be identified in ship records it is presumable that he died in America. The death of child Freni (#095) is precisely stated 25 Sep 1874 [SVdb] and likely occurred at Peabody or Halstead.

(Continued)

The obituary of the father, Johann P. (#088), documents the family's initial settlement in Kansas:

"Im Jahre 1874 kam er mit andern als Glied der Hoffnungsfeld Gemeinde nach Kansas" [1].

The obituary of son, Peter H. states, that the family stayed temporarily at Peabody and settled on land where today the city of Moundridge lies:

"In 1874 kam er mit seinen Eltern und andern nach Amerika, wohnte eine kurze Zeit in Peabody, dann auf dem Lande, wo heute die Stadt Moundridge liegt" [2].

The family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [3].

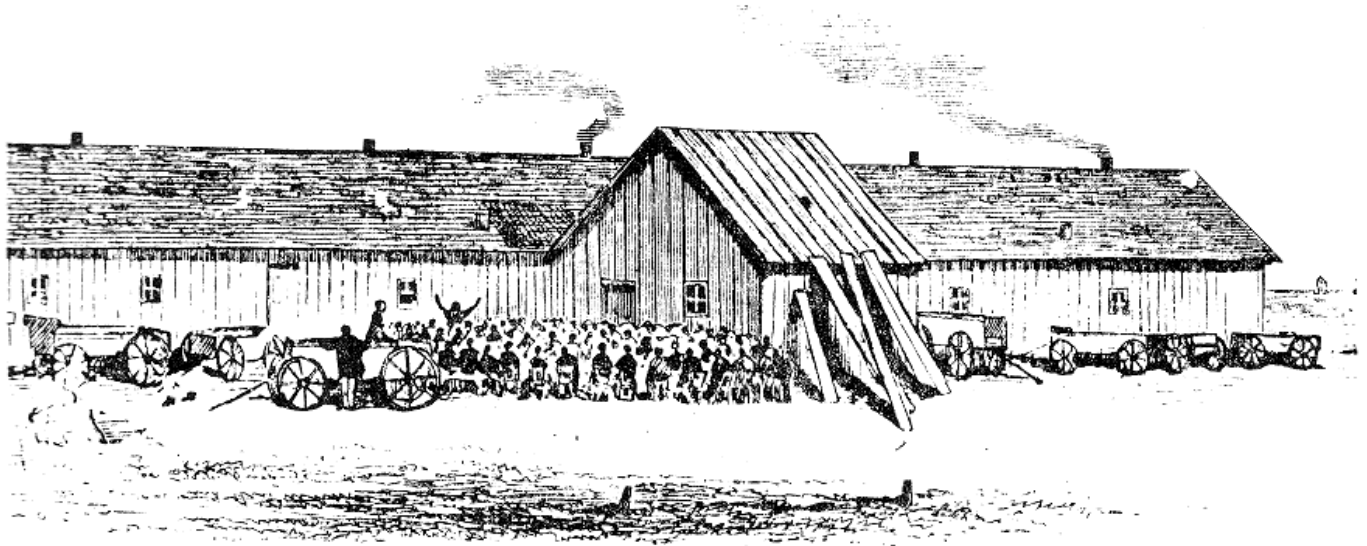
Other family members:

Jacob Wedel (1856-1856)

son, died in Russia

-
- [1]: Wedel, Johann (1834-1900), Christlicher Bundesbote: 8 Mar 1900 p. 7
[2]: Wedel, Peter H. (1859-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1943 Aug 3 p. 15
[3]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Wedel"}

Ship-list References: #88-96 [SI Go-20], [Kr95-306].



The Immigrant house, about 20'x 120' was erected by the Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fee Railroad. It housed 15-35 families during the first winter in 1874. Located SW Sec. 19-21S-2W, McPherson Co., it served as a worship and community center during the following eight years. From "A History of the First Mennonite Church, Pretty Prairie, Kansas, p. 13.

THE JACOB D. GERING and ANNA (STRAUSZ) GERING FAMILY and
THE *ANDREAS SCHRAG and MARIA (GERING) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Origin
8	Jacob Gehring	44	M	Miner	Russia
9	Anna	39	F	Wife	Russia
100	Maria	21	F	Spinster	Russia
101	Anna	3	F	Child	Russia
102	Jacob	17	M	Miner	Russia
103	Johann	9	M	Child	Russia
104	Christian	6	M	Child	Russia
105	Magdalena	12	F		Russia
106	Catharina	11	F		Russia

Transcription:				Russia	United States
098 Jacob	Gehring	44	M	Miner	" "
099 Anna	"	39	F	Wife	" "
100 Maria	"	21	"	Spinster	" "
101 Anna	"	3	"	Child	" "
102 Jacob	"	17	M	Miner	" "
103 Johann	"	9	"	Child	" "
104 Christian	"	6	"	"	" "
105 Magdalena	"	12	F	"	" "
106 Catharina	"	11	"	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#098 Jacob D. Gering (1830-1915)	father, age 44 (Ge2.84)
#099 Anna (Strausz) Gering (1835-1915)	mother, age 39 (Ss2.12)
#100 Maria (Gering) Schrag (1853-1934)	daughter (widow), age 21 (Ge3.841)
#101 Anna Schrag (1871-1951)	granddaughter, age 3 (Sg4.4441)
#102 Jacob J. Gering (1857-1911)	son, age 14
#103 Johann J. Gering (1866-1937)	son, age 8
#104 Christian J. Gering (1869-1954)	son, age 5
#105 Magdalena Gering (1860-1922)	daughter, age 14
#106 Katharina Gering (1863-1933)	daughter, age 11

Maria (#100) was wife of Andreas Schrag (1840-?). On the basis that he is not registered on ship with his wife and child he is presumed to have died in Russia prior to immigration.

J.W. Krehbiel (1995) assigns a child, (Ge3.848) Anna (c.1871-1955) to this family [Kr95-49]. She can not be identified here without causing a conflict for Anna #101 also born 1871. In Krehbiel's 2002 work, he reports (Ge3.848) Anna's birthdate as 12 Jan 1877 rather than c.1871 which would indicate that she was born in America [Kr02-27]. On that basis the conflict is resolved.

The obituary of the father, Jacob D. documents the family's settlement in Kansas:

"Im Jahre 1874 hielt auch er es mit der großen Mehrzahl und wanderte nach dem neuen Kontinent, Amerika, und siedelte sich mit der Gemeinde bei Moundridge, Kan.," [1].

(Continued)

The settlement in Kansas is confirmed by the obituary of son Johann J. which states: "In 1874 his parents with the congregation migrated to America and made their home on a farm three miles west of Moundridge" [2].

The Jacob D. Gering family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [3].

Other family members:

Anna Gering (1856-1856)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Gering (1877-1955)	daughter, born in America
Freni Gering (1873-1874)	daughter, died in Russia 3 Mar 1874
Andreas Schrag (1840-?)	son-in-law, presumed deceased in Russia (Sg3. 444)
Katharina Schrag (1873-dy)	grand-daughter, died young in Russia

[1]: Göring, Jakob D. (1830-1915), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1915 Jul 15 p. 6

[2]: Goering, Johann J. (1866-1937), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1937 Mar 24 p. 5

[3]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Gareng"}

Ship-list References: #98-106 [SI Go-20], [Kr95-211].

THE JOSEPH STUCKY and KATHARINA (WALTNER) STUCKY FAMILY:
THE JACOB J. STUCKY and ELISABETH (KAUFMAN) STUCKY FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

7	Josef Stucky	58	M	Miner	
8	Cath.	50	f	Wife	
9	Cath.	30	"	Spinster	
10	Jacob	25	M	Miner	
11	Elizabeth	23	f	Spinster	
12	Tobias	18	M	Miner	
13	Johan	16	"	"	
14	Josna	12	"	Child	
15	Ben	10	"	"	
16	Peter	7	"	"	

Transcription:

					Russia	United States
107	Josef*	Stucki	58	M	Miner	"
108	Cath. *	"	50	f	Wife	"
109	Cath*	"	30	"	Spinster	"
110	Jacob	"	25	M	Miner	"
111	Elizabeth	"	23	f	Spinster	"
112	Tobias	"	18	M	Miner	"
113	Johan	"	16	"	"	"
114	Josna	"	12	"	Child	"
115	Ben	"	10	"	"	"
116	Peter	"	7	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#107 Joseph Stucky (1815-1884)	father, age 59 (St3.624)
#108 Katharina (Waltner) Stucky (1824-1913)	mother, age 50 (Wa2.22)
#109 Katharina Stucky (1843-1908)	daughter, age 31
#110 Jacob J. Stucky (1848-1916)	married son, age 26 (St4.6245)
#111 Elisabeth (Kaufman) Stucky (1850-1916)	wife, age 24 (Ka4.3324)
#112 Tobias J. Stucky (1854-1928)	son, age 20
#113 Johann J. Stucky (1858-1935)	son, age 16
#114 Joshua J. Stucky (1860-1934)	son, age 14
#115 Benjamin J. Stucky (1863-1925)	son, age 11
#116 Peter J. Stucky (1866-1942)	son, age 8

According to the obituary of son Johann J. (#113) he came to America with his parents when he was 16 years old and settled in McPherson Co. northwest of Moundridge:

"Im Jahre 1874 ist er mit seinen Eltern als 16 jähriger Jüngling mit der großen Einwanderung der Mennoniten nach Amerika gekommen. Die Familie siedelte sich an in McPherson County, nordwestlich von Moundridge, Kansas" [1].

Both families were situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

(Continued)

Other family members:

Maria (Vorán) Stucky (1807-1837)	first wife, died in Russia
Joseph Stucky (1837-1837)	son, died in Russia
Christian Stucky (1841-1849)	son, died in Russia
Anna (Stucky) Vorán (1845-1907)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #182
Freni (Stucky) Schrag (1850-1910)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #047
Maria Stucky (1852-1854)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Johann J. (1858-1935), Christlicher Bundesbote: 19 Nov 1935, p. 738

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) (listed as "Stuki").

Ship-list References: #107-116 [SI Go-20], [Kr95-291].

THE JACOB FLICKNER and BARBARA (GRABER) FLICKNER FAMILY:
 THE JOSEPH J. ZERGER and ELISABETH (FLICKNER) ZERGER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the passenger list provides a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they went aboard the steamship at Liverpool:

17	Jacob Flickner	48	M	Miner	
18	Franz	16	"	"	
19	Maria	14	f	Spinster	
20	Cath	12	"	Child	
21	Magdalena	11	"	"	
22	Andreas	1	M	"	
23	Barbara	46	f	Wife	
24	Johan	20	M	Miner	
25	Eliz	18	f	Spinster	
26	Jacob Zinger	20	M	Miner	
27	Joseph	1	"	Child	
28	Anna Flickner	29	f	Wife	
29	Johan Krosch	44	M	"	

Transcription:			M		Russia	United States
117 Jacob	Flickner	48	"	Miner	"	"
118 Franz*	"	16	"	"	"	"
119 Maria	"	14	f	Spinster	"	"
120 Cath	"	12*	"	Child	"	"
121 Magdelina	"	11*	"	"	"	"
122 Andreas	"	1	M	"	"	"
123 Barbara	"	46	f	Wife	"	"
124 Johan	"	20	M	Miner	"	"
125 Eliz	"	18	f	Spinster	"	"
126 Jacob	Zirgin*	20	M	Miner	"	"
127 Joseph	"	1	"	Child	"	"
128 Anna	Flickner	29	f	Wife	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#117 Jacob Flickner (1826-1914)	father, age 48 (Fr1. b)
#118 Freni Flickner (1859-1941)	daughter, age 15
#119 Maria Flickner (1861-?)	daughter, age 13
#120 Katharina Flickner (1861-?)	daughter, age 13
#121 Magdalena Flickner (1864-1929)	daughter, age 10
#122 Andreas Flickner (1871-?)	son, age 3
#123 Barbara (Graber) Flickner (1828-1912)	mother, age 46 (Gr3. 531)
#124 Johann J. Flickner (1857-1942)	son, age 17
#125 Elisabeth (Flickner) Zerger (1852-1946)	daughter/wife, age 22 (Fr2. b3)
#126 Joseph J. Zerger (1852-1885)	son-in-law, age 21 (Zr4. 3121)
#127 Jacob J. Zerger (1873-1954)	grandson, age 11 mo.
#128 Anna Flickner (1855-?)	daughter, age 19

The names of son-in-law, Joseph J. Zerger (#126) and his son Jacob J. (#127) are switched in the manifest listing.

(Continued)

Their initial settlement in Dakota Territory and a later move to Kansas is confirmed by the obituary of married daughter, Elisabeth (#125), which states:

"In 1872 heiratete sie Joseph Zerger und sie kamen 1874 nach der Freeman, Süd Dakota Gegend wo sie die Pionier jahre dort und später auch in Kansas durchmachten" [1].

The Dakota settlement is also stated in the obituary of Johann J. (#124):

"1874 kam er mit Eltern nach Marion, S. Dakota" [2].

After moving to Reno Co., KS a fire destroyed the home of Joseph J. and Elisabeth Zerger (#125-126) causing the death of Joseph J. and also an America born daughter, (Zr5.31212) Freni (1878-1885) [3], [4-9].

Other members of the Jacob and Barbara Flickner family:

Jacob A. Flickner (1849-1928)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #147
Johann Flickner (1851-1854)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Flickner (1866-1866)	son, died in Russia
Peter Flickner (1869-1869)	son, died in Russia

Other members of the Joseph J. and Elisabeth Zerger family:

Freni Zerger (1878-1885)	daughter, born in America
--------------------------	---------------------------

[1]: Juhnke, Elisabeth Flickinger Zerger (1852-1946), Christ. Bunde. 16 Apr 1946 p. 14

[2]: Flickinger, John J. (1857-1942), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1942 Mar 24 p. 14

[3]: Zerger, Joseph (1851-1885), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1 May 1885 p. 6

[4]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 9

Ship-list References: #117-128 [SI Go-20], [Kr95-200], [Kr95-309], [Kr02-44].

THE JOHANN P. KREHBIEL and *ANNA K. (STUCKY) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

Johann P. Krehbiel immigrated as a widower with seven (7) children and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the microfilm copy of the City of Richmond Manifest defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:

9	Johann Krossel	44	M	Miner	
130	Cath	31	f	Wife	
1	Caroline	19	"	Spinster	
2	Tobias	15	M	none	
3	Anna	12	f	Child	
4	Maria	7	"	"	
5	Jacob	6	M	"	
6	Elizabeth	1	f	"	

Transcription:

				Russia	United States
129	Johan	Krossel	44 M	Miner	"
130	Cath	"	21 f	Wife	"
131	Caroline	"	19 "	Spinster	"
132	Tobias	"	15 M	none	"
133	Anna	"	12 f	Child	"
134	Maria	"	7 "	"	"
135	Jacob	"	6 M	"	"
136	Elizabeth	"	1 f	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#129	Johann P. Krehbiel (1829-1889)	father, age 45 (Kr2.25)
#130	Katharina Krehbiel (1852-1886)	daughter, age 22
#131	Karolina Krehbiel (1854-1880)	daughter, age 20
#132	Tobias J. Krehbiel (1857-1923)	son, age 17
#133	Anna Krehbiel (1860-1886)	daughter, age 14
#134	Maria Krehbiel (1866-1899)	daughter, age 8
#135	Jacob A. Krehbiel (1869-1940)	son, age 5
#136	Elisabeth Krehbiel (1872-1874)	daughter, age 2

This family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [1].

Other family members:

Anna K. (Stucky) Krehbiel (1832-1872)	mother, died in Russia (St3.62b)
Freni (Krehbiel) Gering (1851-1933)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #348
Maria Krehbiel (1864-1865)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Grapel"}

Ship-list References: #129-136 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-250].

THE JACOB STUCKY and *ANNA (WALTNER) STUCKY FAMILY:
 THE TOBIAS R. STUCKY and FRENI (WEDEL) STUCKY FAMILY:

This is the family of Elder Jacob Stucky who led the Kutusovka Congregation to America. They settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

7	Jacob Stucky	50	M	Miner
8	Josna	18	F	Spinster
9	Jacob	4	M	Child
140	Anna	16	F	Spinster
1	Maria	12	"	"
2	Froni	9	"	Child
3	Eliz.	7	"	"
4	Tobias	21	M	Miner
5	Froni	20	F	Wife
6	Anna	1	"	Child

Transcription:	Stucki	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
137 Jacob	Stucki	50	M	Miner	"	"
138 Josna	"	18	F	Spinster	"	"
139 Jacob	"	4	M	Child	"	"
140 Anna	"	16	F	Spinster	"	"
141 Maria	"	12	"	"	"	"
142 Froni	"	9	"	Child	"	"
143 Eliz.	"	7	"	"	"	"
144 Tobias	"	21	M	Miner	"	"
145 Froni	"	20	F	wife	"	"
146 Anna	"	1	"	Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#137 Jacob Stucky (1824-1893)	father, age 50 (St3.628)
#138 Joshua P. Stucky (1855-1932)	son, age 19
#139 Jacob H. Stucky (1870-1955)	son, age 4
#140 Anna Stucky (1857-1909)	daughter, age 17
#141 Maria Stucky (1859-1943)	daughter, age 15
#142 Freni J. Stucky (1864-1933)	daughter, age 10
#143 Elisabeth Stucky (1867-1932)	daughter, age 7
#144 Tobias R. Stucky (1853-1921)	married son, age 21 (St4.6283)
#145 Freni (Wedel) Stucky (1854-1894)	daughter-in-law, age 20 (We2.24)
#146 Anna Stucky (1873-1874)	granddaughter, age 11 mo.

The child Anna (#146) died 7 Oct 1874 and was one of the first two burials in the Hopefield Mennonite Church Cemetery [WePp-82].

The obituary of daughter, Maria (#141) states that as her father came to Kansas in 1874, she came with him and that her mother died before:

"Als der Vater nach Kansas in 1874 reiste, kam sie mit ihm. Die Mutter starb vorher" [1].

(Continued)

The obituary of the daughter-in-law, Freni (#145), confirms that the younger family also settled in Kansas:

"... im Jahre 1874 mit der Gemeinde nach Amerika auswanderte und sich in McPherson Co., Ks.," [2].

Both of these families were situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson, Co., KS by midyear 1875 [3].

Other family members:

Anna (Waltner) Stucky (1830-1873)	wife/mother, died in Russia (Wa2.25)
Katharina (Stucky) Schrag (1850-1908)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #002
Maria Stucky (1851-1852)	daughter, died in Russia
Unnamed Stucky (1854-1854)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Stucky (1861-1861)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Stucky (1862-1864)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Stucky (1869-1869)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Stucky (1873-1873)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Göring, Maria Stucky (1859-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 26 Jan 1943 p. 13

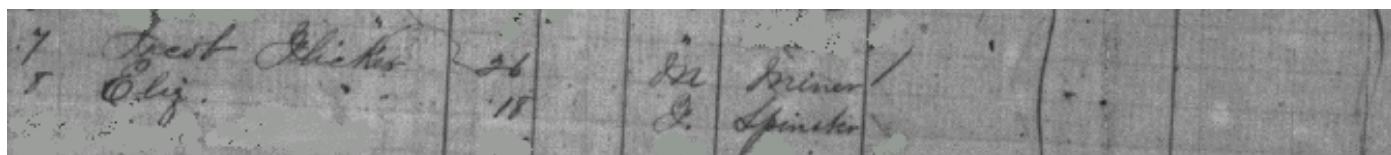
[2]: Stucky, Verena Wedel (1854-1894), Christlicher Bundesbote: 10 January 1895 p. 8

[3]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) (listed as "Stokey")

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA: CITY OF RICHMOND 08/31/1874:

THE JACOB A. FLICKNER and ELISABETH (GRABER) FLICKNER FAMILY:

This couple came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory. The following transcription provides a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they went aboard the steamship at Liverpool.



<i>Transcription:</i>					
147 Jacob	Flickner	26	M	Miner	Russia United States
148 Eliz.	"	18	f	Spinster	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

Jacob A. Flickner (1849-1928)	husband, age 25 (Fr2.b1)
Elisabeth (Graber) Flickner (1855-1886)	wife, age 19 (Gr3.54a)

Jacob's obituary states the following: "He came to America in 1874, settling [sic] at Marion, S.D. He came to Reno County in 1884, later moving to Kingman County" [1].

Other family members:

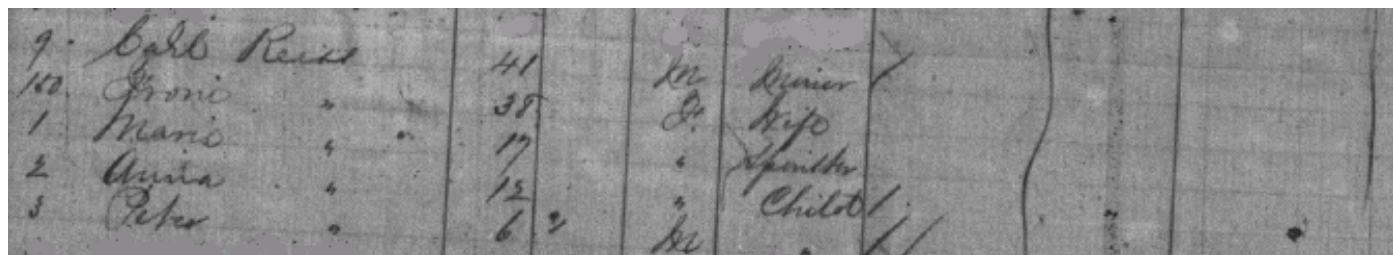
Jacob's parents	S. S. City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #117-128
Elisabeth's father	S. S. City of Chester 08/24/1874, #841

[1]: Flickinger, Jakob (1849-1928), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1928 Aug 29 p. 4

Ship-list References: #147-148 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-202].

THE KARL RIES and FRENİ (KAUFMAN) RIES FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
149	Carl	Riess	41 M	Miner	"	"
150	Froni	"	38 f	Wife	"	"
151	Marie	"	17 "	Spinster	"	"
152	Anna	"	12 "	Child	"	"
153	Peter	"	6 M	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#149 Karl Ries (1834-1916)	father, age 40 (Rs2. 25)
#150 Freni (Kaufman) Ries (1838-1916)	mother, age 36 (Ka4. 3111)
#151 Maria Ries (1857-1924)	daughter, age 16
#152 Anna Ries (1862-1941)	daughter, age 12
#153 Peter K. Ries (1868-1938)	son, age 6

There is one and only one Karl Ries in the 1874 Swiss Volhynian database.

According to Krehbiel (1995) there is some evidence that this family moved from Horodyszcze to Kutusovka during the period 1857 to 1861 [Kr95-120]. It is possible that they settled briefly in Kansas before moving to Dakota Territory [Kr02-12].

Ship-list References: #149-153 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-263], [Kr02-12].

THE DAVID DIRKS and ANNA (WALTNER) DIRKS FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

154	David Dirks	40	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
155	Anna Dirks	27	f	wife	Russia	United States
156	Johann	12	"	Child	"	"
157	Benj.	4	M	"	"	"
158	Peter	3	"	"	"	"
159	Tobias	2	"	"	"	"
160	Heinrich	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:

154	David	Dirks	40	"	Laborer	Russia	United States
155	Anna	Dirks	27	f	wife	Russia	United States
156	Johann	"	12	"	Child	"	"
157	Benj.	"	4	M	"	"	"
158	Peter	"	3	"	"	"	"
159	Tobias	"	2	"	"	"	"
160	Henrick*	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#154 David D. Dirks (1825-1913)	father, age 49 (Di 0)
#155 Anna (Waltner) Dirks (1847-1886)	mother/step-mother, age 27 (Wa2.83)
#156 Johann D. Dirks (1862-1946)	step-son, age 12
#157 Benjamin Dirks (1869-1920)	son, age 5
#158 Peter D. Dirks (1871-1932)	son, age 3
#159 Tobias Dirks (1872-1874)	son, age 2
#160 Heinrich Dirks (1874-1943)	son, age 2 mo.

Notice that Johann D. (#156) is registered as female. Otherwise the family's registration is in good order. There is a story that he used the passport of a girl that died shortly before immigration. The girl would likely be his sister, Anna, who died 18 May 1874 about 3 months prior to immigration [SVdb].

There is good evidence that the family settled in Kansas. It is said that the father, David D. Dirks, returned to Russia where he died in 1913 [SVdb].

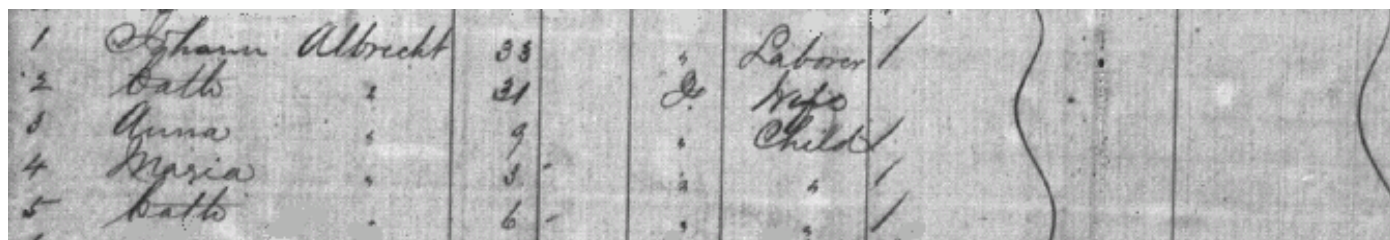
Other family members:

Karolina (Kaufman) Dirks (1834-c. 1868)	first wife, died in Russia
Anna Dirks (1864-1874)	daughter, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #154-160 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-198].

THE JOHANN ALBRECHT and KATHARINA (SCHRAG) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>			<i>M</i>		<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
161 Johann	Albrecht	33	"	Laborer	"	"
162 Cath	"	31	f	Wife	"	"
163 Anna	"	9*	"	Child	"	"
164 Maria	"	3*	"	"	"	"
165 Cath	"	6	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#161 Johann Albrecht (1841-1924)	father, age 33 (Ac4.2342)
#162 Katharina (Schrage) Albrecht (1843-?)	mother, age 31 (Sg3.463)
#163 Anna Albrecht (1865-?)	daughter, age 9
#164 Maria Albrecht (1870-1929)	daughter, age 4
#165 Katharina Albrecht (1867-?)	daughter, age 7

There is evidence from the 1880 US Census that indicates the family was living in Hartford Township, Adams Co., Indiana. The marriage record of daughter Maria (#164) indicates that the family may have moved to Reno Co., Kansas before 1892 [1].

Other family members:

Freni Albrecht (1873-?) daughter, presumed deceased in Russia

[1]: Rev David M. Zimmerman, <https://www.findagrave.com>

Ship-list References: #161-165 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-195].

THE JOHANN C. GRABER and FRENI (STUCKY) GRABER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

166	Johann Graber	40	M	Laborer	
167	Froni	35	f	Wife	
168	Anna	12	"	Child	/
169	Maria	10	"	"	/
170	Cath	9	"	"	/
171	Eliz	7	"	"	/
172	Peter	3	M	"	/
173	Froni	1	f	"	/

Transcription:				Russia	United States
166	Johan	Graber	40 M	Laborer	" "
167	Froni	"	35 f	Wife	" "
168	Anna	"	12 "	Child	" "
169	Maria	"	10 "	"	" "
170	Cath	"	9 "	"	" "
171	Eliz	"	7 "	"	" "
172	Peter	"	3 M	"	" "
173	Froni *	"	1 f	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#166 Johann C. Graber (1835-1907)	father, age 39 (Gr3.625)
#167 Freni (Stucky) Graber (1838-1924)	mother, age 36 (St4.6413)
#168 Anna Graber (1860-1926)	daughter, age 14
#169 Maria Graber (1863-1939)	daughter, age 11
#170 Katharina Graber (1864-1932)	daughter, age 10
#171 Elisabeth Graber (1867-?)	daughter, age 7
#172 Peter G. Graber (1870-1948)	son, age 4
#173 Freni Graber (1873-1878)	daughter, age 17 mo.

According to Krehbiel (2001) this family settled at Halstead, KS [KrHf-24]. Jonas A. Stucky (1954) lists this family as moving from McPherson Co. to Pretty Prairie, KS in 1884 or 1885 [1-10].

Other family members:

Christian Graber (1858-1860) son, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

Ship-list References: #166-173 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-232].

THE PETER KAUFMAN and FRENI (STRAUSZ) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the City of Richmond Manifest defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:

174	Peter Kaufman	32	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
175	Froni	31	F	Wife	"	"
176	Magdalena	11	"	Child	"	"
177	Johann	8	"	"	"	"
178	Maria	6	"	"	"	"
179	Peter	3	M	"	"	"
180	Jacob	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:					Russia	United States
174	Peter	Kaufman	32	M	Laborer	"
175	Froni	"	31	F	Wife	"
176	Magdalena	"	11	"	Child	"
177	Johann	"	8	"	"	"
178	Maria	"	6	"	"	"
179	Peter	"	3	M	"	"
180	Jacob	"	1	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874:

#174 Peter Kaufman (1843-1911)	father, age 31 (Ka4.3113)
#175 Freni (Strausz) Kaufman (1844-1919)	mother, age 30 (Ss2.15)
#176 Magdalena Kaufman (1862-1911)	daughter, age 12
#177 Johann P. Kaufman (1865-1953)	son, age 9
#178 Maria Kaufman (1868-1911)	daughter, age 6
#179 Peter Kaufman (1871-1874)	son, age 3
#180 Jacob Kaufman (1874-1874)	son, age 5 mo.

The child, Peter Kaufman (#179), is thought to be one of the children that died 15 Sep 1874 at Peabody, KS [3]. The death of the youngest child, Jacob Kaufman (#180), is reported 5 Oct 1874 at Halstead [4]. As would be expected these children are not found listed in the 1875 Mound Township census for this family [2].

The obituary of daughter Magdalena (#176), states that in 1874 she came with her parents to America and the family settled in McPherson Co. west of Moundridge:

"1874 kam sie mit ihren Eltern mit der großen Auswanderung der Mennoniten von Rußland nach Amerika. Die Familie siedelte sich an in McPherson County westlich von Moundridge, Ks" [1].

[1]: Stucky, Lena Kaufman (1862-1945), Christlicher Bundesbote: 18 Dec 1945 p. 14

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Kauffman"}

[3]: EdKu-73, KaSs-30 [KrHf-22].

[4]: EdBo-89, KaSS-30 [KrHf-24].

Ship-list References: #174-180 [SI Go-21], [Kr95-245].

THE JACOB J. VORAN and ANNA (STUCKY) VORAN FAMILY:

This is the family of Christian J. Voran, the pioneer minister of the Bethany Mennonite Church at Kingman, KS. The following transcription from the ship's manifest provides a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

1	Jacob Voran	29	M	Laborer	Russia	United States
2	Anna	26	f	Wife	"	"
3	Christian	8	M	Child	"	"
4	Froni Voran	5	f	Child	"	"
5	Anna	3	"	"	"	"
6	Jacob	1	M	"	"	"

Transcription:					Russia	United States
181	Jacob	Voran	29	M	Laborer	"
182	Anna	"	26	f	Wife	"
183	Christian	"	8	M	Child	"
184	Froni	Voran	5	f	Child	"
185	Anna	"	3	"	"	"
186	Jacob	"	1	M	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#181 Jacob J. Voran (1844-1919)	father, age 30 (Vn2.53)
#182 Anna (Stucky) Voran (1845-1907)	mother, age 29 (St4.6244)
#183 Christian J. Voran (1866-1946)	son, age 8
#184 Freni Voran (1868-1955)	daughter, age 6
#185 Anna Voran (1871-1874)	daughter, age 3
#186 Jacob Voran (1873-1874)	son, age 11 mo.

The two youngest children, Anna (#185) and Jacob (#186) are not listed in the 1875 census for Mound Township which is consistent with their deaths in 1874 [2].

Christian J. Voran (#183) would later become minister of the Bethany Mennonite Church, Kingman Co., KS in 1907. His obituary states: "When the great migration from Russia took place in 1874, he, at the age of eight years, accompanied his parents to America where religious freedom was promised them. They at first established their home on a farm near Moundridge, Kansas, where he grew to manhood" [1].

The family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

Other family members:

Joseph Voran (1865-1865)	son, died in Russia
Katharina Voran (1870-1870)	daughter, died in Russia

Christian Voran (1818-1892), father of Jacob J. Voran (#181) is also registered on City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #187-195 (next page).

[1]: Voran, Christian J. (1866-1946), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1946 Aug 1 p. 3

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Foran"}

Ship-list References: #181-186 [SI Go-22], [Kr95-299].

THE CHRISTIAN VORAN and KATHARINA (GERING) VORAN FAMILY:
 THE ANDREAS C. VORAN and KAROLINA (STUCKY) VORAN FAMILY:

These families came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription documents their family registers as of 20 Aug 1874 the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

187	Chr*	56	M	Laborer	"	"
188	Cath	52	f	Wi fe	"	"
189	Johan	26	M	Miner	"	"
190	Andreas	24	"	"	"	"
191	Carol i ne	20	f	Sp i nster	"	"
192	Benj	1	M	Chi ld	"	"
193	Chri sti an	20	"	Miner	"	"
194	Tobi as	12	"	Chi ld	"	"
195	Susanna	8	f	"	"	"

Transcrip ti on:

	Vorran			Russia	United States
187 Chr*	"	56	M	Laborer	"
188 Cath	"	52	f	Wi fe	"
189 Johan	"	26	M	Miner	"
190 Andreas	"	24	"	"	"
191 Carol i ne	"	20	f	Sp i nster	"
192 Benj	"	1	M	Chi ld	"
193 Chri sti an	"	20	"	Miner	"
194 Tobi as	"	12	"	Chi ld	"
195 Susanna	"	8	f	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#187 Christian Voran (1818-1892)	father, age 56 (Vn1.5)
#188 Katharina (Gering) Voran (1821-1888)	mother, age 53 (Ge2.37)
#189 Johann C. Voran (1846-1911)	son, age 28 (blind)
#190 Andreas C. Voran (1849-1934)	married son, age 25 (Vn2.55)
#191 Karolina (Stucky) Voran (1852-1942)	daughter-in-law, age 22 (St4.6239)
#192 Benjamin Voran (1873-1889)	grandson, age 1
#193 Christian C. Voran (1853-1907)	son, age 21
#194 Tobias Voran (1861-1946)	son, age 14
#195 Susanna Voran (1864-1938)	daughter, age 10

The obituary of Andreas C. (#190) states the following: "In 1874 they left Russia and immigrated into this country, settling in McPherson County, Kansas." [1].

The obituary of Christian C. (#193) confirms the settlement in Kansas in the fall of 1874:

"Im Herbst von 1874 kam er mit Verwandten und Freunden in die Nähe von Moundridge, Kan."

The family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

(Continued)

Other family members:

Anna Voran (1839-1849)

Freni (Voran) Stucky (1842-1927)

Jacob J. Voran (1844-1919)

Maria Voran (1852-1852)

Katharina Voran (1856-1870)

Peter Voran (1858-1874)

daughter, died in Russia

daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #231

son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #181

daughter, died in Russia

daughter, died in Russia

son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #367

An unmarried son, Peter Voran (1858-1874) is registered with his Uncle, his father's brother Andreas, City of Richmond #367.

[1]: Voran, Andrew (1849-1934, Mennonite Weekly Review: 1934 Dec 5 p. 2

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Foran"}

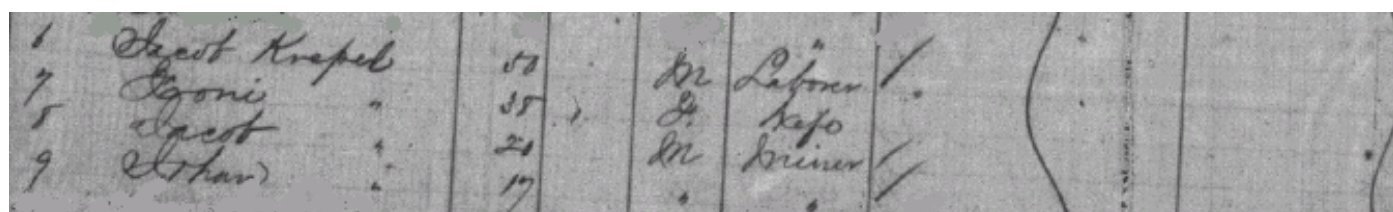
Ship-list References: #187-195 [SI Go-22], [Kr95-299, 300].



Immigrant House Interior View: From Mennonite Life, Centennial Double Issue, midyear 1974, Vol. 29, Nos. 1 & 2, p. 48.

THE JACOB KREHBIEL and FRENI (SCHRAG) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
196	Jacob	Krepel	50	M Laborer	"	"
197	Froni	"	38	f wife	"	"
198	Jacob	"	20	M Miner	"	"
199	Johan	"	17	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#196 Jacob Krehbiel (1826-1881)	father, age 48 (Kr2. 24)
#197 Freni (Schrage) Krehbiel (1832-1886)	mother, age 42 (Sg3. 422)
#198 Jacob Krehbiel (1854-1917)	son, age 20
#199 Johann J. Krehbiel (1857-1944)	son, age 17

Johann J. Krehbiel (#199) was the author of KrJj: "Kirchenbuch" a work which compiled much genealogical information.

The obituary of son, Johann J. (#199) states that he came with his parents in 1874 to settle in southeastern McPherson Co., Kansas:

"Als die Gemeinde in 1874 auswanderte und sich unter dem Namen Hoffnungsfeld Gemeinde im südöstlichen Teil von McPherson County, Kansas niederließ, waren auch er und seine Eltern dabei" [1].

This family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., KS by midyear 1875 [2].

Other members of the Jacob and Eva (Strausz) Krehbiel family:

Eva (Strausz) Krehbiel (c.1825-1851)	first wife (Ss1. 7), died in Russia
Katharina (Krehbiel) Schwartz (1844-1885)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #334
Jacob Krehbiel (1847-1847)	son, died in Russia

Other members of the Jacob and Freni Krehbiel family:

Maria Krehbiel (1861-1861)	daughter, died in Russia
Peter Krehbiel (1864-1866)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Krehbiel, Johann J. (1857-1944), Christlicher Bundesbote: 24 October 1944 p. 14

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Grapel"}

Ship-list References: #69-75 [SlGo-22], [Kr95-197].

THE JACOB WALTNER and KATHARINA (ARCHELUS) WALTNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Ohio before coming to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Profession	Russia	United States
200	Jacob Waltner	49	M	Farmer	"	"
1	Cath	47	f	wife	"	"
2	Jacob	29	M	Farmer	"	"
3	Mario	20	f	Spinster	"	"
4	Emma	14	"	"	"	"
5	Cath	18	"	"	"	"
6	Susanne	13	"	"	"	"
7	Magdelene	10	"	Child	"	"
8	Peter	4	M	"	"	"
9	Joseph	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Profession	Russia	United States
200	Jacob Wal tner	49	"	Farmer	"	"
201	Cath	47	f	wi fe	"	"
202	Jacob	29	M	Farmer	"	"
203	Mari e	20	f	Spinster	"	"
204	Emma*	14	"	"	"	"
205	Cath	18	"	"	"	"
206	Susanne	13	"	"	"	"
207	Magdel ine	10	"	Child	"	"
208	Peter	4	M	"	"	"
209	Joseph	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#200 Jacob Wal tner (1826-1915)	father, age 49 (Wa2.23)
#201 Kathari na (Archel us) (1830-1916)	mother, age 44 (Ar1.3)
#202 Jacob Wal tner (1849-1875)	son, age 25
#203 Mari a Wal tner (1854-1931)	daughter, age 20
#204 Anna Wal tner (1857-?)	daughter, age 14
#205 Kathari na Wal tner (1859-1942)	daughter, age 15
#206 Susanna Wal tner (1861-1943)	daughter, age 13
#207 Magdal ena Wal tner (1864-1953)	daughter, age 10
#208 Peter J. Wal tner (1871-1953)	son, age 4
#209 Joseph Wal tner (1872-?)	son, age 2

The obituary of daughter Katharina (#205) documents the initial settlement in Ohio:

"Tochter von Jakob und Katharina Wal tner, ward am 13. Oktober, 1859 in Rußland geboren und kam 1874 erst nach Ohio und dann nach McPherson County, Kansas," [1].

The marriage of daughter Maria (#203) and also of her brother, Jacob (#202), is recorded in McPherson Co. records 16 Sep 1875, the same day, and is further evidence of the family's move to Kansas sometime that year [3].

Other family members:

Freni (Wal tner) Albrecht (1852-1887) daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #211

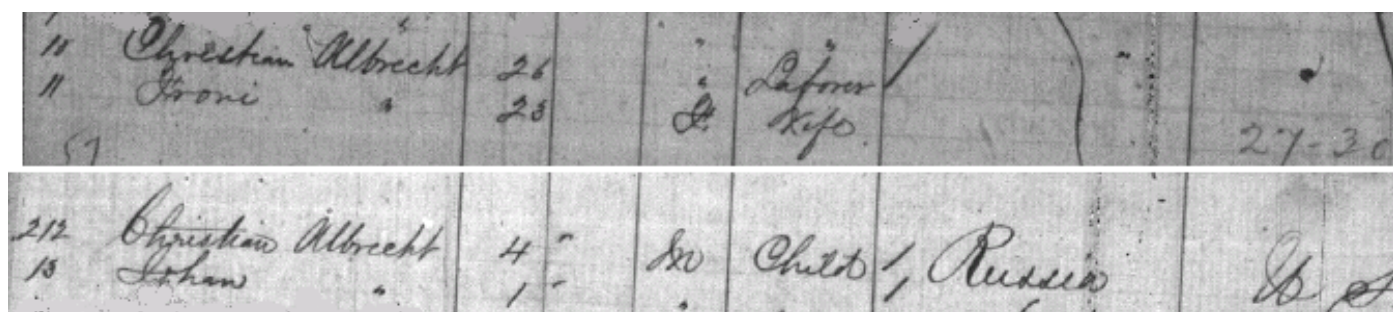
[1]: Schwartz, Kath. Wal tner (1859-1942), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1942 Feb 10 p. 15

[2]: Wal tner, Susanna Wal tner (1875-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 17 Aug 1943 p. 15

[3]: McPherson County Marriages 1870-1915, (Transcribed)

THE CHRISTIAN M. ALBRECHT and FRENI (WALTNER) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and most likely settled in Illinois. The following transcription from the City of Richmond Manifest defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874:



<i>Transcription:</i>					<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
210 Christian	Albrecht	26	"	Laborer	"	"
211 Freni	"	23	f	Wife	"	"
212 Christian	Albrecht	4	M	Child	<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
213 Johan	"	1	"	*	"	"

Identification with age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#210 Christian M. Albrecht (1849-1911)	father, age 25 (Ac4. 2336)
#211 Freni (Waltner) Albrecht (1852-1887)	mother, age 22 (Wa3. 232)
#212 Christian W. Albrecht (1870-1934)	son, age 4
#213 Johann Albrecht (1872-1874)	son, age 20 mo.

The child Johann (#213) is one of the children thought to have died 13 Sep 1874 at Peabody, KS [KrHf-22] which indicates a direct settlement in Kansas. There is a contradiction however, as a younger sibling, Jacob Albrecht (1876-1942) is reported in some sources born in Illinois [1] and 1880 census records give his birth in Ohio.

Other family members:

Maria Albrecht (1871-1872)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1876-1942)	son, born in Illinois [SVdb].

[1]: AcCh, p. 8 [SVdb: AlCh].

Ship-list References: #210-213 [SI Go-22], [Kr95-195].

THE JOSEPH FLICKNER and SUSANNA (WALTNER) FLICKNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Indiana. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

14	Joseph Flickner	31	"	Farmer	
15	Susanne	34	f	Wife	
16	Benj	9	M	Child	
17	Johan	6	"	"	
18	Cath	4	f	"	
19	Mari e	3	"	"	
220	Anna	1	"	"	
1	Jacob	11	M	"	

Transcription:					Russi a	Uni ted States
214	Joseph	Flickner	31	"	Farmer	"
215	Susanne	"	34	f	Wi fe	"
216	Benj	"	9	M	Chi ld	"
217	Johan	"	6	"	"	"
218	Cath	"	4	f	"	"
219	Mari e	"	3	"	"	"
220	Anna	"	1	"	"	"
221	Jacob	"	11	M	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#214 Joseph Flickner (1841-1878)	father, age 33 (Fr2.53)
#215 Susanna (Waltner) Flickner (1839-1879)	mother, age 35 (Wa2.28)
#216 Benjamin J. Flickner (1864-1955)	son, age 10
#217 Johann B. Flickner (1865-1961)	son, age 9
#218 Katharina Flickner (1867-1957)	daughter, age 7
#219 Maria Flickner (1869-1933)	daughter, age 5
#220 Anna Flickner (1872-1874)	daughter, age 2
#221 Jacob Flickner (1861-1878)	son, age 13

After living a few years in Indiana the family attempted a move to Kansas in 1878. The father (#214) and the oldest son (Jacob, #221) were drowned at Kisawa Creek south of Halstead, KS. When the mother died in 1879 the children were orphaned. [1], [Kr95-10].

Other family members:

Johann Flickner (1863-1863)	son, died in Russia
Anna Flickner (1871-1871)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Schrag, Vernon C., 2011, "The Tragedy at Kisawa Creek: The Story of the Joseph and Susanna (Waltner) Flickner Family", <https://swissmennonite.org/index.html>

Ship-list References: #214-221 [SI Go-22], [Kr95-201], [KrHf-25].

THE JOSEPH N. KAUFMAN and BARBARA (GRABER) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Illinois before coming to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

3	Joseph Kaufman	36	M	Laborer	
3	Barbara	33	f	Wife	
4	Jacob	13	M	none	
5	Peter	11	"	Child	
6	Anna	6	f	"	
7	Johann	5	M	"	
8	Joseph	2	"	"	
9	Johann*	1	"	"	

Transcription:			M		Russia	United States
222	Joseph	Kaufman	36	"	Laborer	"
223	Barbara	"	33	f	Wife	"
224	Jacob	"	13	M	none	"
225	Peter	"	11	"	Child	"
226	Anna	"	6	f	"	"
227	Johann	"	5	M	"	"
228	Joseph	"	2	"	"	"
229	Johann*	"	1	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#222 Joseph N. Kaufman (1837-1928)	father, age 37 (Ka3.346)
#223 Barbara (Graber) Kaufman (1842-1928)	mother, age 32 (Gr3.572)
#224 Jacob Kaufman (1859-1943)	son, age 15
#225 Peter W. Kaufman (1861-1951)	son, age 13
#226 Anna B. Kaufman (1866-1929)	daughter, age 8
#227 Johann C. Kaufman (1868-1946)	son, age 6
#228 Joseph Kaufman (1871-1875)	son, age 3
#229 Andreas Kaufman (1873-1875)	son, age 2

The child, Andreas (#229) is named Johann in the manifest registration. There were two older siblings also named 'Johann', one was deceased in Russia, the other is #227. In some records Andreas is listed as 'Andrew H.' [SVdb]. Perhaps the 'H' stands for 'Hanns' or 'Johannes'?

The obituary of the son Jacob (#224) states that his family moved to Kutusovka in 1872, presumably from Horodyszcze:

"1872 zog die Familie nach Kotosufka, wo er auf den Glauben getauft Glied der Mennoni tengemeinde wurde." [1].

The obituary of the father, Joseph (#222), states: "the family first settled in Illinois, where they lived for a year and a half. In 1876 they moved to Kansas and settled near Moundridge on farms in Harvey and in McPherson County" [2].

Other family members:

Johann Kaufman (1864-dy)

son, died young in Russia

[1]: Kaufman, Jakob (1859-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 7 Sep 1943 p. 15

[2]: Kaufman, Joseph N. (1837-1928), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1928 Mar 28 p. 4

Ship-list References: #222-229 [Sigo-22], [Kr95-244].

THE JOHANN C. STUCKY and FRENI (VORAN) STUCKY FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

230	Johan Stucky	36	M	Farmer	"	"
1	Froni	33	f	Wife	"	"
2	Jonathan	12	M	none	"	"
3	Christian	10	"	Child	"	"
4	Andrea	5	"	"	"	"
5	Anna	3	f	"	"	"
6	Cath	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:					Russia	United States
230 Johan	Stucky	36	"	Farmer	"	"
231 Freni	"	33	f	Wife	"	"
232 Jonathan	"	12	M	none	"	"
233 Christian	"	10	"	Child	"	"
234 Andrea	"	5	"	"	"	"
235 Anna	"	3	f	"	"	"
236 Cath	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 estimated from genealogical records:

#230 Johann C. Stucky (1839-1917)	father, age 35 (St4.6233)
#231 Freni (Vorán) Stucky (1842-1927)	mother, age 32 (Vn2.52)
#232 Johathan H. Stucky (1862-1937)	son, age 12
#233 Christian J. Stucky (1864-1921)	son, age 10
#234 Andreas J. Stucky (1868-1955)	son, age 6
#235 Anna J. Stucky (1871-1931)	daughter, age 3
#236 Katharina Stucky (1873-1948)	daughter, age 1

The obituary of the mother, Freni (#231), documents the family's settlement in Kansas: "When the Russian Mennonites immigrated into this country in 1874 the deceased with her family was among the immigrants. They settled in the southeastern part of McPherson County, Kansas at Christian, now Moundridge, ..." [1]. The family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

Other family members:

Jacob Stucky (1861-1861)	son, died in Russia
Benjamin Stucky (1866-1866)	son, died in Russia
Benjamin Stucky (1867-1867)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Veronica Voran (1842-1927), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1927 Oct 19 p. 3

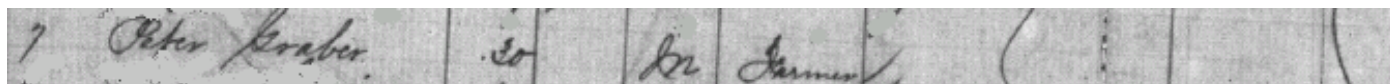
[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) (listed as "Stuki")

Ship-list References: #230-236 [SlGo-22,23], [Kr95-295].

THE PETER GRABER and FRENI (WALTNER) GRABER FAMILY:

Peter Graber came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation. He attempted to immigrate with the Horodyszcze and Waldheim Congregations on the City of Chester but was contacted by Russian officials just after the group crossed into Austria. Peter had been wrongly accused in a legal dispute concerning a land deal. He voluntarily returned to Russia to settle the matter while his wife and children continued with his parents family to America. He was able to clear his name in time to come with the Kutusovka Congregation.

His story is told in numerous studies. The following transcription documents his immigration:



Transcription:
 237 Peter Graber 30 M Farmer " Russia " United States

Identification and age in 1874:

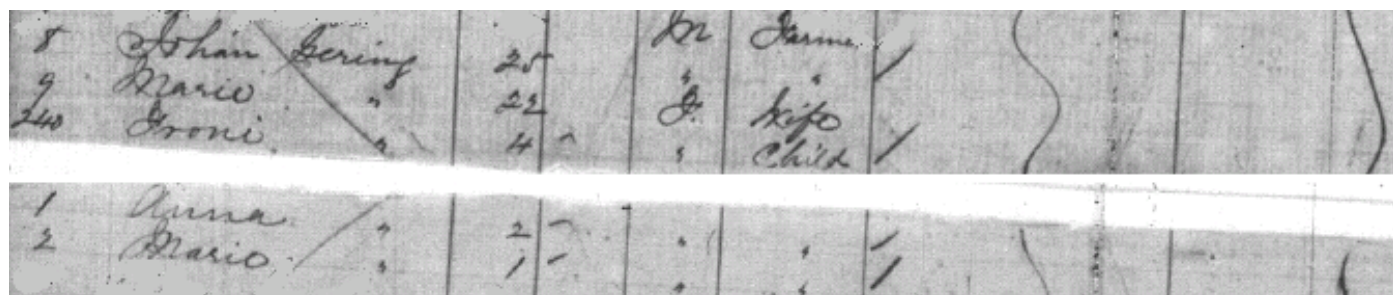
#237 Peter Graber (1843-1929) father, age 29 (Gr3.821)

Peter was able to rejoin his wife and children and his parents in New York. They settled in Dakota Territory.

His wife and children are identified on the City of Chester, #769-771.

THE JOHANN GERING and MARIA (GRABER) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>			<i>M</i>	<i>Farmer</i>	<i>Russia</i>	<i>United States</i>
238 Johan	Gering	25	"	"	"	"
239 Marie	"	22	F	Wi fe	"	"
240 Freni	"	4	"	Chi ld	"	"
241 Anna	"	2	"	"	"	"
242 Marie	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#238 Johann Gering (1847-1924)	father, age 27 (Ge3.355)
#239 Maria (Graber) Gering (1851-1917)	mother, age 23 (Gr3.824)
#240 Freni Gering (1869-1957)	daughter, age 5
#241 Anna Gering (1871-1971)	daughter, age 3
#242 Maria Gering (c. 1873-1874)	daughter, age 1

According to Krehbiel (2002) this family settled in Dakota Territory after a brief stay in Kansas [Kr02-1].

Ship-list References: #238-242 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-215].

THE PETER C. GRABER and KATHARINA (KREHBIEL) GRABER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

3	Peter Graber	46		Farmer		
4	Katharina	42		Wife		
5	Jacob	20		Miner		
6	Anna	15		Spinster		
7	Joseph	13		none		
8	Johan	10		Child		
9	Peter	6				
250	Christian	1				

Transcription:				Russia	United States
243	Peter	Graber	46 M	Farmer	" "
244	Cath	"	42 f	Wife	" "
245	Jacob	"	20 M	Miner	" "
246	Anna	"	15 f	Spinster	" "
247	Joseph	"	13 M	none	" "
248	Johan	"	10 "	Child	" "
249	Peter	"	6 "	"	" "
250	Christian	"	1 "	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#243 Peter C. Graber (1827-1903)	father, age 46 (Gr3.622)
#244 Katharina (Krehbiel) Graber (1831-1900)	mother, age 43 (Kr2.62)
#245 Jacob P. Graber (1854-1908)	son, age 20
#246 Anna Graber (1858-1924)	daughter, age 16
#247 Joseph P. Graber (1861-1937)	son, age 13
#248 Johann P. Graber (1865-1917)	son, age 9
#249 Peter P. Graber (1867-1949)	son, age 7
#250 Christian P. Graber (1870-1957)	son, age 4
#--- Tobias P. Graber (1874-1955)	son, age 8 days

The child Tobias (no enumeration) is not registered in the ship's manifest. His date of birth is reported 12 Aug 1874 [Kr95-74] at Hamburg, Germany [SVdb: GrJp-8]. This is eight (8) days before his family went aboard the steamship. The family's passport would have been written before his birth and undoubtedly he was not listed. This may be the reason he was not logged in the ship record? Considering his date of birth the notion that he was born at Hamburg is very consistent with the account of the journey from Kutusovka to Liverpool described by P. P. Wedel (1929) [WePp-57..61]..

The indications are that this family settled in Illinois before moving to Kansas.

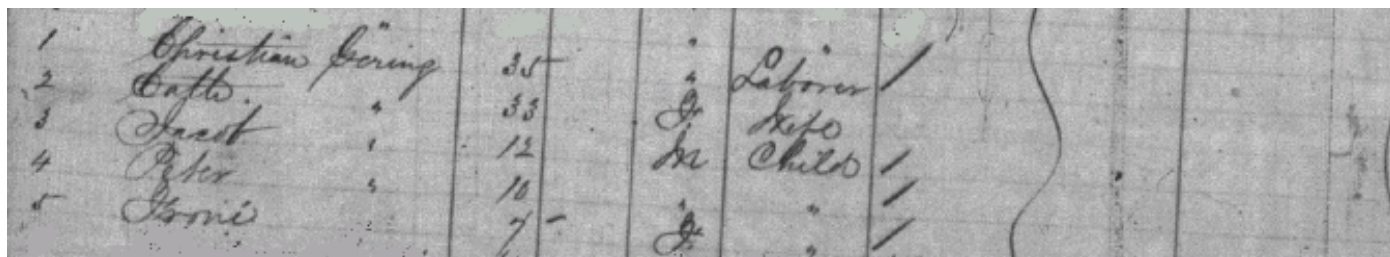
Other family members:

Christian Graber (1850-1853)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Graber (1851-1853)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Graber (1853-1853)	son, died in Russia
Johann Graber (1856-?)	son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #243-250 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-231].

THE CHRISTIAN D. GERING and KATHARINA (STRAUSZ) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:					Russia	United States
251 Christian	Gering	35	M	Laborer	"	"
252 Cath.	"	33	f	Wife	"	"
253 Jacob	"	12	M	Child	"	"
254 Peter	"	10	"	"	"	"
255 Freni	"	7	f	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#251 Christian D. Gering (1839-1907)	father, age 35 (Ge2.88)
#252 Katharina (Strausz) Gering (1841-1923)	mother, age 33 (Ss2.14)
#253 Jacob C. Gering (1860-1927)	son, age 14
#254 Peter C. Gering (1863-1950)	son, age 11
#255 Freni Gering (1866-1945)	daughter, age 8

The obituary of the daughter, Freni (#255), documents the settlement in Kansas:

"1874 kam sie mit Eltern auf eine Farm westlich von Moundridge, Kansas; ..." [1].

The obituary of the father, Christian D. (#251), also indicates settlement in Kansas:

"In 1874 wanderte er aus nach Amerika - McPherson Co., Kan" [2].

This family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [3].

Other family members:

Anna Gering (1869-1870)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Gering (1870-1872)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann Gering (1872-1873)	son, died in Russia
Unnamed Gering (1874-1874)	son, died in Russia 27 Jan 1874

[1]: Flickner, Freni Goering (1866-1945), Christlicher Bundesbote: 11 Sep 1945 p. 14

[2]: Goering, Christian D. (1839-1907), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1908 Jan 9 p. 6

[3]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Gareng"}

Ship-list References: #251-255 [S1Go-23], [Kr95-211].

THE CHRISTIAN STUCKY and ANNA (SCHRAG) STUCKY FAMILY:
THE BENJAMIN C. STUCKY and FRENI (GERING) STUCKY FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents their immigration and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
256	Christian Stucky	62	M	Laborer	"	"
257	Anna	61	F	Wife	"	"
258	Benj.	30	M	Laborer	"	"
259	Froni	24	F	Wife	"	"
260	Maria	9	"	Child	"	"
261	Anna	5	"	"	"	"
262	Karoline	3	"	"	"	"
263	Froni	1	"	"	"	"
264	Jacob	24	M	Laborer	"	"
265	Eliz.	6	F	Child	"	"

Transcription:				Russia	United States
256	Christian Stucky	62*	M	Laborer	"
257	Anna	61*	f	Wife	"
258	Benj	30	M	Laborer	"
259	Froni	24	f	Wife	"
260	Maria	9*	"	Child	"
261	Anna	5	"	"	"
262	Karoline	3	"	"	"
263	Froni	1	"	"	"
264	Jacob	24	M	Laborer	"
265	Eliz	6	f	Child	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#256 Christian Stucky (1812-1885)	father, age 62 (St3.623)
#257 Anna (Schrag) Stucky (1813-1895)	mother, age 61 (Sg2.83)
#258 Benjamin C. Stucky (1844-1907)	married son, age 30 (St4.6236)
#259 Freni (Gering) Stucky (1848-1913)	daughter-in-law, age 26 (Ge3.319)
#260 Maria Stucky (1866-1889)	granddaughter, age 8
#261 Anna B. Stucky (1868-1894)	granddaughter, age 6
#262 Karolina Stucky (1871-1874)	granddaughter, age 3
#263 Freni Stucky (1873-1874)	granddaughter, age 10 mo.
#264 Jacob C. Stucky (1846-1915)	son, age 28
#265 Elisabeth Stucky (1857-1905)	daughter, age 17

The granddaughter Karolina (#262) is thought to have died 2 Sep 1874 while her family was still in New York. One week later, 9 Sep 1874, granddaughter Freni (#263) died at Peabody, KS [KrHf-22].

The manifest age '6' for daughter Elisabeth (#265) is interpreted as a typographical error by ship's clerk having intended '16'?

(Continued)

The obituary of son Benjamin C. (#258) states that in autumn 1874 he came with his family and friends to America and settled in Kansas: "Im Herbst des Jahres 1874 kam er mit Familie und vielen Freunden nach Amerika und siedelte sich in Kansas" [1].

Other family members:

Maria (Stucky) Gering (1835-1910)
Katharina (Stucky) Schrag (1837-1892)
Johann C. Stucky (1839-1917)
Anna (Stucky) Schrag (1841-1916)
Tobias Stucky (1843-1843)
Freni Stucky (1849-1854)
Karolina (Stucky) Voran (1852-1942)
Freni (Stucky) Graber (1854-1898)

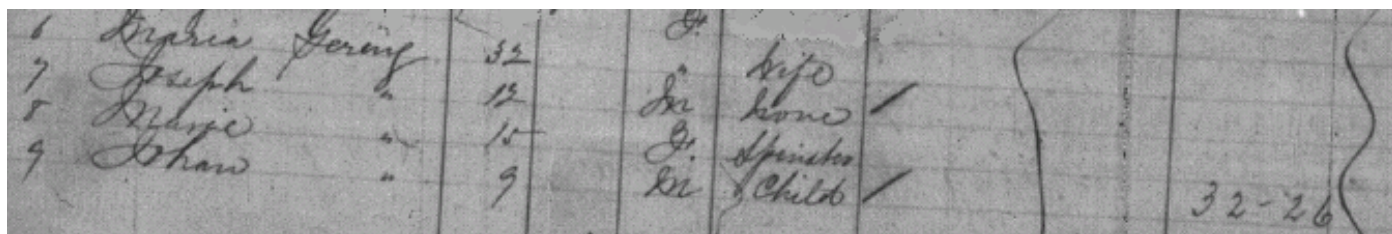
daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #266
daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #271
son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #230
daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #357
son, died in Russia
daughter, died in Russia
daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #191
daughter, Chester 08/24/1874, #766

[1]: Stucky, Benjamin (1844-1907), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1907 May 16 p. 6

Ship-list References: #256-265 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-290, 295], [KrHf-22].

THE *CHRISTIAN GERING and MARIA (STUCKY) GERING FAMILY:

Maria (Stucky) Gering immigrated as a widow with three children and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
266 Maria	Gering	32	f	Wife	"
267 Joseph	"	12	M	none	"
268 Marie	"	15	f	Spinster	"
269 Johan	"	9	M	Child	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#266 Widow Maria (Stucky) Gering (1835-1910)	mother, age 39 (St4.6231)
#267 Joseph C. Gering (1859-1934)	son, age 15
#268 Maria Gering (1857-1933)	daughter, age 17
#269 Johann C. Gering (1862-1943)	son, age 12

The obituary of the youngest son, Johann C. (#269) states that in 1874 he and his elders settled in Moundridge, KS area:

"1874 wanderte die ennoni tengemeinde zu der seine Eltern gehörten aus, und sie siedelten sich in der Moundridge, Kansas Gegend an" [1].

This family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

Other family members:

Christian Gering (1832-1865)	father, died in Russia (Ge3.313)
Jacob Gering (1864-1866)	son, died in Russia

Maria's parents are passengers #256-257 (preceding page).

[1]: Goering, John C. (1862-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 13 Jul 1943 p. 14

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Gareng"}

Ship-list References: #266-269 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-213].

THE JACOB SCHRAG and KATHARINA (STUCKY) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond documents the immigration of this family and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	From	To
270	Jacob Schrag	38	M	Miner	Russia	U.S.
271	Cath	37	F	Wife	"	"
272	Froni	16	"	Spinster	"	"
273	Anna	12	"	Child	"	"
274	Maria	11	"	"	"	"
275	Cath	9	"	"	"	"
276	Caroline	4	"	"	"	"
277	Regina	2	"	"	"	"
278	Eliz	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:

270 Jacob	Schrag	38	M	Miner	Russia	United States
271 Cath	"	37	F	wife	"	"
272 Froni	"	16	"	Spinster	"	"
273 Anna	"	12	"	Child	"	"
274 Maria*	"	11	"	"	"	"
275 Cath	"	9	"	"	"	"
276 Caroline	"	4	"	"	"	"
277 Regina	"	2	"	"	"	"
278 Eliz	"	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#270 Jacob Schrag (1836-1928)	father, age 38 (Sg3.442)
#271 Katharina (Stucky) Schrag (1837-1892)	mother, age 37 (St4.6232)
#272 Freni Schrag (1857-1915)	daughter, age 17
#273 Anna Schrag (1860-1960)	daughter, age 14
#274 Maria Schrag (1862-1945)	daughter, age 12
#275 Katharina Schrag (1865-1944)	daughter, age 9
#276 Karolina Schrag (1869-1958)	daughter, age 5
#277 Regina Schrag (1871-1949)	daughter, age 3
#278 Elisabeth Schrag (1873-1874)	daughter, age 13 mo.

The death of child Elisabeth (#278) '1874' is imprecise. On the basis that she can be identified in ship records it is presumable that she died after arrival in America.

The obituary of the father, Jacob (#270), documents their settlement in Kansas:

"In 1874 bei der großen Auswanderung war er auch mit dabei, hat seine Heimat in McPherson Co. angelegt, wo er den größten Teil seines Lebens verlebte" [1].

This family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

Other family members:

Jacob Schrag (1855-1859)	son, died in Russia
Elisabeth Schrag (1867-1872)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann E. Schrag (1874-1964)	son, born in America 24 Oct 1874

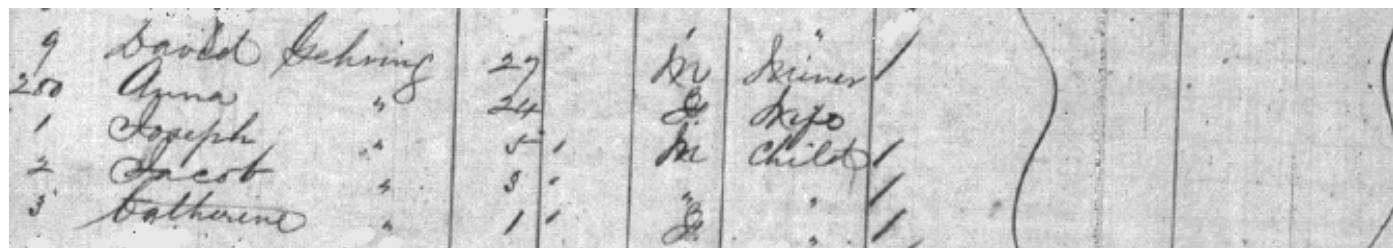
[1]: Schrag, Jakob (1836-1928), Christlicher Bundesbote: 9 Aug 1928, p. 7

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Schrag"}

Ship-list References: #270-278 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-274].

THE DANIEL J. GERING and ANNA (KAUFMAN) GERING FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
279 David	Gehring	27	M	Miner	"
280 Anna	"	24	f	Wife	"
281 Joseph	"	5	M	Child	"
282 Jacob	"	3	"	"	"
283 Katharine	"	1	f	"	"

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#279 Daniel J. Gering (1846-1911)	father, age 28 (Ge3.318)
#280 Anna (Kaufman) Gering (1847-1916)	mother, age 27 (Ka4.3133)
#281 Joseph D. Gering (1869-1938)	son, age 5
#282 Jacob D. Gering (1871-1948)	son, age 3
#283 Katharina Gering (c. 1873-?)	daughter, age 1

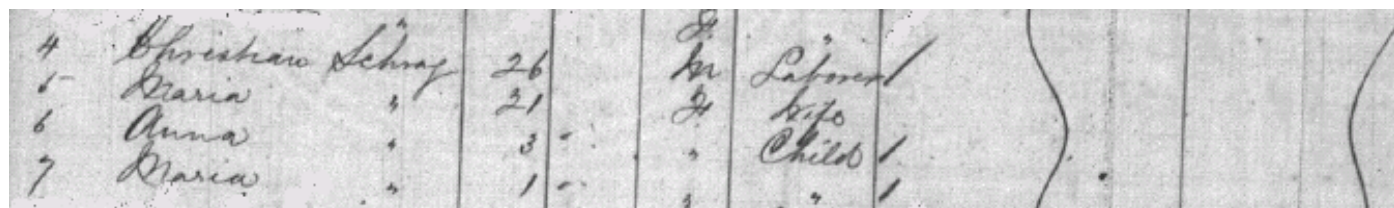
The death record for child Katharina (#283) is unknown. On the basis that she can be identified in ship records it is presumable that she died after arrival in America.

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory along with close relatives. Daniel J. is son of Minister Johann Gering (City of Chester 08/24/1874, #835). Anna's parents are also aboard City of Chester #857-858.

Ship-list References: #279-283 [SI Go-23], [Kr95-214].

THE CHRISTIAN A. SCHRAG and MARIA (GRABER) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in Dakota Territory. They later came to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
284	Christian	Schrag	26 M Laborer	"	"
285	Maria	"	21 f wife	"	"
286	Anna	"	3 " Child	"	"
287	Maria	"	1 " "	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#284 Christian A. Schrag (1846-1927)	father, age 28 (Sg3.755)
#285 Maria (Graber) Schrag (1851-1944)	mother, age 23 (Gr3.772)
#286 Anna Schrag (1872-1874)	daughter, age 2
#287 Maria Schrag (1870-1922)	daughter, age 4

The children's ages (or names) appear to be switched in the manifest registration.

The obituary of the mother, Maria (#285) states, "In 1874, at the time of the Mennonite emigration from Russia, the young couple came to the United States, settling in South Dakota, but moving within the year to Kansas." [1].

The family moved from Burton, KS to Oregon in 1889 and then to Adams Co., Washington in 1901 [2].

[1]: Mrs. Christian A. Schrag, <http://www.findagrave.com>

[2]: Edward C. Schrag, Obit., Ritzville Journal-Times, Thursday, February 16, 1961

Ship-list References: #284-287 [SI Go-24], [Kr95-278].

THE JACOB H. GERING and KATHARINA (RIES) GERING FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

8	Jacob Gering	41	M	Laborer	/
9	Cath	35	F	Wife	/
290	Joseph	17	M	Miner	/
1	Johan	12	"	none	/
2	Cath.	8	F	Child	/
3	Andreas	6*	M	"	/
4	Peter	1	"	"	/

Transcription:				Russia	United States
288	Jacob	Gering	40 M	Laborer	" "
289	Cath	"	35 F	wife	" "
290	Joseph	"	17 M	Miner	" "
291	Johan	"	12 "	none	" "
292	Cath	"	8 F	Child	" "
293	Andreas	"	6* M	"	" "
294	Peter	"	1 "	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#288 Jacob H. Gering (1834-1919)	father, age 40 (Ge3.314)
#289 Katharina (Ries) Gering (1840-1912)	mother, age 34 (Rs2.26)
#290 Joseph H. Gering (1857-1939)	son, age 17
#291 Johann F. Gering (1863-1938)	son, age 11
#292 Katharina T. Gering (1865-1935)	daughter, age 9
#293 Andreas J. Gering (1867-1943)	son, age 7
#294 Peter Gering (1873-1874)	son, age 14 mo.

The obituary of son Andreas J. (#293) documents the settlement in Kansas:

"Er kam mit seinen Eltern in 1874 nach Amerika und siedelte bei Moundridge, Kansas an" [1].

This family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

Other family members:

Anna Gering (1869-1873) daughter, died in Russia

[1]: Göring, Andreas (1867-1943), Christlicher Bundesbote: 16 Mar 1943 p. 15

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Garring"}

Ship-list References: #288-294 [SI Go-24], [Kr95-213], [KrHF-22].

THE JACOB FLICKNER and BARBARA (SCHRAG) FLICKNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Indiana. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

5	Jacob Flickner	37	Miner	/
6	Barbara	36	Wife	/
7	Cath	14	Spinster	/
8	Johan	12	Child	/
9	Marie	12		/
300	Froni	8		/
1	Jacob	6		/
2	Anna	4		/
3	Christian	2		/
4	Caroline	1		/

Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
295 Jacob	Flickner	37	"	Miner	"
296 Barbara	"	36	f	wife	"
297 Cath	"	14	"	Spinster	"
298 Johan	"	12	"	Child	"
299 Marie	"	12	"	"	"
300 Froni	"	8	"	"	"
301 Jacob	"	6	M	"	"
302 Anna	"	4	f	"	"
303 Christian	"	2	M	"	"
304 Caroline	"	1	f	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#295 Jacob Flickner (1838-1918)	father, age 36 (Fr2.51)
#296 Barbara (Schrag) Flickner (1837-1929)	mother, age 37 (Sg3.461)
#297 Katharina Flickner (1859-1929)	daughter, age 15
#298 Johann Flickner (1862-1940)	son, age 12
#299 Maria Flickner (1862-1928)	daughter, age 12
#300 Freni Flickner (1866-1947)	daughter, age 8
#301 Jacob J. Flickner (1868-1957)	son, age 6
#302 Anna Flickner (1870-1948)	daughter, age 4
#303 Christian Flickner (1872-1949)	son, age 2
#304 Karolina Flickner (1874-1959)	daughter, age 4 mo.

The obituary of son Johann (#298) states: "At the age of twelve he immigrated with his parents to America where they settled in Berne, Adams County, Indiana" [1].

The obituary of the father, Jacob (#295), who passed away in 1918 states: "He came to this locality from Indiana about thirty-four years ago" [2]. This would date their move from Indiana to Kansas in about 1884.

The obituary of the youngest daughter, Karolina (#304), states: "She spent her youth in Indiana and moved to Reno county with her parents when a young lady" [3].

Other family members:

Anna Flickner (1864-1866) daughter, died in Russia

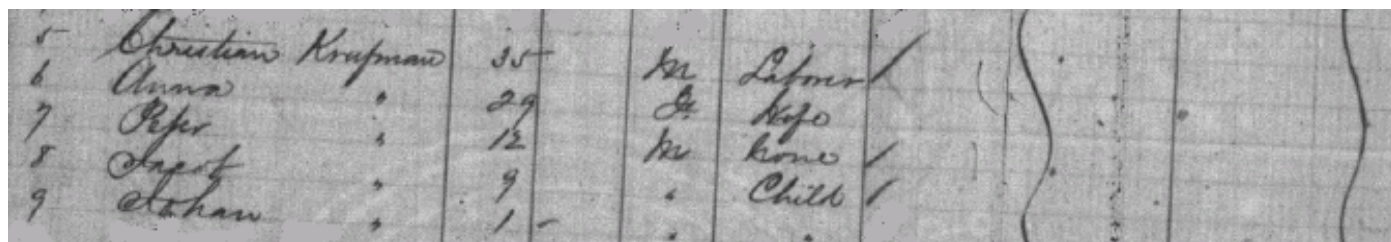
[1]: John Flickinger, <http://www.findagrave.com>

[2]: Jacob Flickinger, <http://www.findagrave.com>

[3]: Caroline Flickinger Zimmerman, <http://www.findagrave.com>

THE CHRISTIAN KAUFMAN and ANNA (RIES) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	United States
305	Christian Kaufman	35	M	Laborer	"
306	Anna	29	F	Wife	"
307	Peter	12	M	none	"
308	Jacob	9*	"	Child	"
309	Johan	1	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#305 Christian Kaufman (1840-1929)	father, age 34 (Ka4.3112)
#306 Anna (Ries) Kaufman (1843-1918)	mother, age 31 (Rs2.28)
#307 Peter C. Kaufman (1861-1937)	son, age 13
#308 Jacob Kaufman (1863-?)	son, age 10
#309 Johann Kaufman (1872-?)	son, age 2

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation. On the basis that they had close relatives that settled in Dakota it is presumed that they also settled in Dakota Territory. Christian was a son of Elder Peter Kaufman of Horodyszcze. At some point Christian moved to Oregon.

Other family members:

Unnamed Kaufman (1865-?)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Kaufman (1866-1872)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Kaufman (1869-1869)	daughter, died in Russia
Katharina Kaufman (1870-1871)	daughter, died in Russia
Jonathan Kaufman (1874-1942)	son, born in America 28 Dec 1874

Ship-list References: #305-309 [SlGo-24], [Kr95-245].

THE JACOB RIES and KAROLINA (TESMER) RIES FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

No.	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Russia	United States
310	Jacob RIES	74	M	Farmer	"	"
311	Karoline	45	F	Wife	"	"
312	Joseph	19	M	Miner	"	"
313	Peter	8	"	Child	"	"
314	Helen	17	F	Spinster	"	"
315	Cath	13*	"	"	"	"
316	Froni	11	"	Child	"	"
317	Anna	3	"	"	"	"

Transcription:		M		Russia	United States
310	Jacob	74	"	Farmer	"
311	Karoline	45	f	wife	"
312	Joseph	19	M	Miner	"
313	Peter	8	"	Child	"
314	Helen	17	f	Spinster	"
315	Cath	13*	"	"	"
316	Froni	11	"	Child	"
317	Anna	3	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#310	Jacob RIES (1800-1892)	father, age 74 (Rs1.2)
#311	Karolina (Tesmer) RIES (1829-1900)	mother, age 45 (Ts0)
#312	Joseph RIES (1855-1943)	son, age 19
#313	Peter RIES (1866-1893)	son, age 8
#314	Magdalena RIES (1858-1926)	daughter, age 16
#315	Katharina RIES (1862-1895)	daughter, age 12
#316	Freni RIES (1863-1963)	daughter, age 11
#317	Anna RIES (1872-?)	daughter, age 2

The eldest son of this family, David RIES (1851-?), could not be found in ship records but is thought to have immigrated and married an 1874 immigrant in 1878 Dakota Territory [Kr95-120].

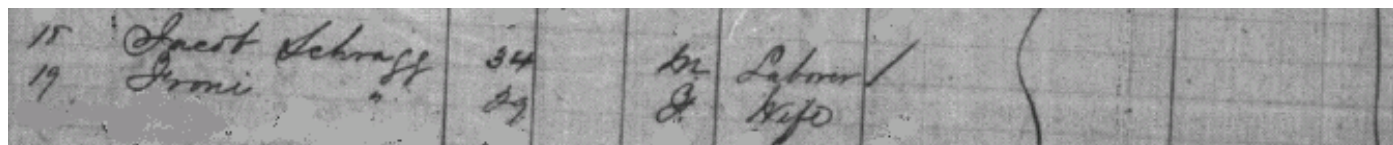
This family is thought to have settled briefly in Kansas before moving to Dakota Territory [KrHf-i].

Other family members from Jacob's first marriage to Maria Stucky:	
Maria Stucky (1809-1847)	first wife, died in Russia (St3.622)
Anna RIES (1828-1839)	daughter, died in Russia
Elisabeth (RIES) Stucky (1829-1908)	daughter, Chester 08/24/74, #975
Maria (RIES) Graber Gering (1830-1907)	daughter, Westphalia 11/13/74, #685
Magdalena (RIES) Kaufman (1832-1916)	daughter, Chester 08/24/74, #968
Karl RIES (1834-1916)	son, Richmond 08/31/74, #149
Katharina (RIES) Gering (1840-1912)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/74, #289
Jacob RIES (1841-1932)	son, Chester 08/24/74, #877
Anna (RIES) Kaufman (1843-1918)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/74, #306
Freni (RIES) Schrag (1845-1926)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/74, #319
Karolina (RIES) Kaufman (1846-?)	daughter, Chester 08/24/74, #854

Other family members from Jacob's second marriage to Karolina Tesmer:	
Samuel RIES (1868-?)	son, died in Russia
David RIES (1851-?)	son, not found in ship's records

THE JACOB J. SCHRAG and FRENI (RIES) SCHRAG FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>					<i>Russia</i>	<i>U. S.</i>
318 Jacob	Schragg	34	M	Laborer	"	"
319 Freni	"	29	f	Wife	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#318 Jacob Schrag (1840-1908)	father, age 34 (Sg3.753)
#319 Freni (Ries) Schrag (1845-1926)	mother, age 29 (Rs2.29)

On the basis that this family had close relatives that settled in Dakota Territory is is presumable that they also settled in Dakota Territory ? At some point they moved to the settlements in Oregon and Washington where they remained.

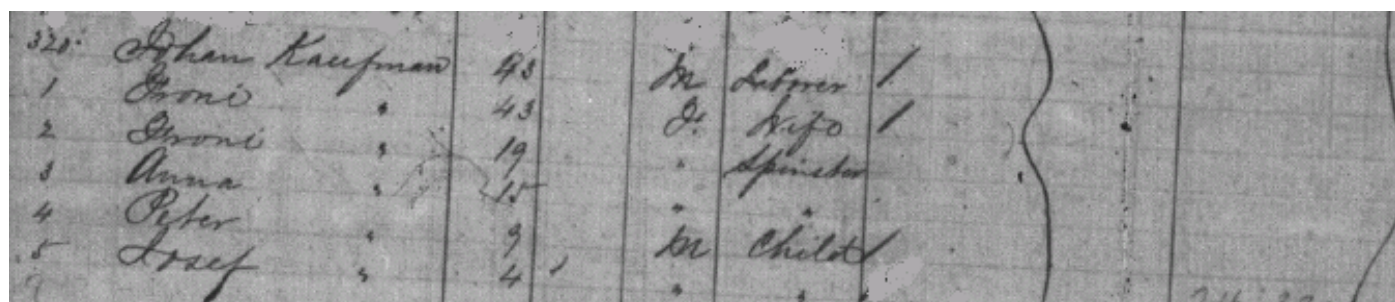
Other family members:	
Maria Schrag (1865-?)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna Schrag (1869-?)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Schrag (1873-?)	daughter, died in Russia

Jacob's brother, Peter Schrag, is passenger #710 aboard the S. S. City of Chester 08/24/1874.

Ship-list References: #318-319 [SI Go-24].

THE JOHANN P. KAUFMAN and FRENI (STUCKY) GRABER KAUFMAN FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
320	Johan	Kaufman	43* M	Laborer	"
321	Freni	"	43 F	Wife	"
322	Freni	"	19* "	Spinster	"
323	Anna	"	15* "	"	"
324	Peter	"	9 M	Child	"
325	Josef	"	4 "	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#320 Johann P. Kaufman (1830-1907)	father/step-father, age 43 (Ka3. 343)
#321 Freni (Stucky) Graber Kaufman (1830-1891)	mother, age 44 (St3. 645)
#322 Freni Graber (1855-1931)	daughter/step-dau., age 19
#323 Anna Kaufman (1859-1939)	daughter, age 15
#324 Peter R. Kaufman (1865-1956)	son, age 9
#325 Joseph J. Kaufman (1869-1936)	son, age 4

Freni (#322) was daughter of (Gr2. 83) Jacob Graber (1825-1856) the first husband of Freni (Stucky) Graber Kaufman.

The obituary of the father, Johann (#320), documents the initial settlement in Kansas:

"In 1874 ist er mit seiner Familie und andern nach Amerika gekommen und sich in Kansas ein Heim gegründet." [1].

The obituary of son Peter R. (#324) states: "In 1874, when he was nine years old, his parents together with all the other people of the village emigrated to the United States, settling in McPherson County, Kansas." [2].

Other members from Freni's first marriage to Jacob Graber:

Jacob Graber (1825-1856)	father, died in Russia
Jacob J. Graber (1848-1926)	son, Chester 08/24/1874, #838
Maria (Graber) Albrecht (1850-1934)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #366
Johann Graber (1852-1853)	son, died in Russia

Other members from the Johann P. and Freni Kaufman family:

Katharina Kaufman (1862-1865)	daughter, died in Russia
Katharina Kaufman (1871-1873)	daughter, died in Russia

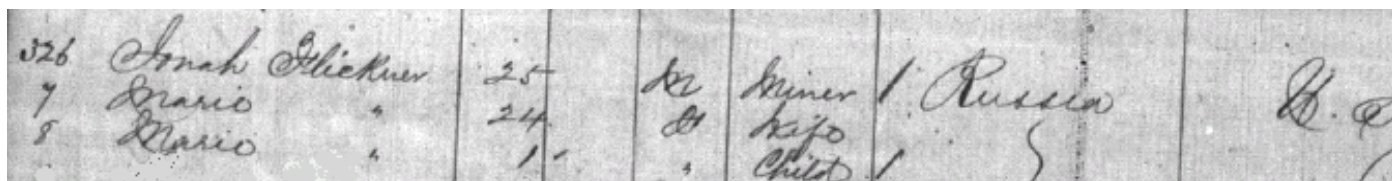
[1]: Kaufman, Johann (1830-1907), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1907 Mar 7 p. 6

[2]: Kaufman, Peter R. (1865-1956), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1956 Feb 2 p. 8

Ship-list References: #320-325 [SI Go-25], [Kr95-243]

THE JONATHAN FLICKNER and MARIA (GRABER) FLICKNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

#326	Jonah	Flickner	25	M	Miner	Russia	U. S.
#327	Marie	"	24	f	Wife	"	"
#328	Marie	"	1	"	Child	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#326 Jonathan Flickner (1848-1909)	father, age 26 (Fr2.57)
#327 Maria (Graber) Flickner (1849-1922)	mother, age 25 (Gr4.5113)
#328 Maria C. Flickner (1873-1939)	daughter, age 12 mo.

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but settled in the east. The birth record of their child, Johan, indicates his birth in Pennsylvania [1880 US Census]. The family is situated in Turner Co., Dakota Territory by mid-year 1880.

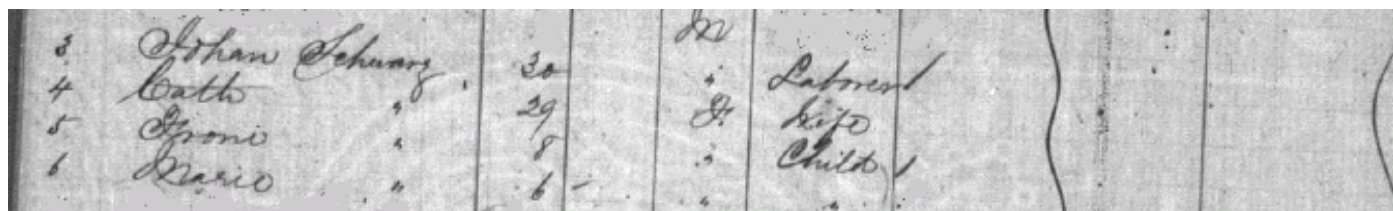
P.P. Wedel (1929) comments that some did delay in Pennsylvania [WePp-61]. The obituary of Christina (Strausz) Graber (the mother of Maria #327) places the family in Indiana in 1891 [1] ?

[1]: Graber, Christina (1824-1891), Christlicher Bundesbote: 21 May 1891 p. 8

Ship-list References: #326-328 [SI Go-24], [Kr95-202].

THE JOHANN C. SCHWARTZ and KATHARINA (KREHBIEL) SCHWARTZ FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
333 Johan	Schwarz	30	"	Laborer	"	"
334 Cath	"	29	f	wi fe	"	"
335 Freni	"	8	"	Chi ld	"	"
336 Marie	"	6	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#333 Johann C. Schwartz (1844-1918)	father, age 30 (Sw3. 113)
#334 Katharina (Krehbiel) Schwartz (1844-1885)	mother, age 30 (Kr3. 241)
#335 Freni Schwartz (1866-1938)	daughter, age 8
#336 Maria Schwartz (1868-1946)	daughter, age 6

This family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [1].

Other family members:

Jacob Schwartz (1871-1872)	son, died in Russia
Johann Schwartz (1872-1874)	son, died in Russia

[1]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Swarts"}

Ship-list References: #333-336 [SI Go-25], [Kr95-282].

THE ANDREAS FLICKNER and ANNA (KREHBIEL) FLICKNER FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

7	Andreas	50	M	Laborer	1
8	Anna	46	f	Wife	1
9	Peter	21	M	Laborer	1
340	Cath	19	f	Spinster	1
1	Alma	17	"	"	1
2	Johan	11	M	Child	1
3	Benj	9	"	"	1
4	Froni	1	f	"	1

Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
337	Andreas	Friedner	50* M	Laborer	"
338	Anna	"	45 f	Wife	"
339	Peter	"	21 M	Laborer	"
340	Cath	"	19 f	Spinster	"
341	Alma	"	17 "	"	"
342	Johan	"	10 M	Child	"
343	Benj	"	9 "	"	"
344	Froni	"	1 f	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#337 Andreas Flickner (1824-1889)	father, age 50 (Fr1.a)
#338 Anna (Krehbiel) Flickner (1828-1904)	mother, age 46 (Kr2.61)
#339 Peter A. Flickner (1853-1928)	son, age 20
#340 Katharina Flickner (1857-1910)	daughter, age 17
#341 Anna Flickner (1858-1909)	daughter, age 16
#342 Johann A. Flickner (1863-1898)	son, age 11
#343 Benjamin A. Flickner (1866-1932)	son, age 8
#344 Freni Flickner (1872-1874)	daughter, age 2

Daughter Freni Flickner (#344) is presumed one of the children that died at Peabody, KS [KrHF-22]. This would indicate that the family settled directly in Kansas. At least one member of the family, Peter A. (#339), is said to have settled first in Illinois before moving to Kansas. He may have done that on his own?

The obituary of Peter A. (#339) states: "In 1874 with the Immigration of Mennonites from Russia to America also came this family. He came with his parents as an early pioneer only as a lad of 20 years to share the trials and hardships of pioneer life. He remained in the eastern part of the United States, in Illinois for a brief time to labor for his livelihood but soon came to Kansas and settled in the heart of the state in McPherson County in the vicinity of Moundridge" [1]. His marriage is recorded in McPherson Co., KS, 17 May 1876 [2].

Peter A. is one of the committee members noted for their contributions of information and memories in preparation for P.P. Wedel's 'A Short History of the Swiss Mennonites Who Migrated from Wolhynien, Russia to America and Settled in Kansas in 1874' [WePp-preface].

Other family members:

Andreas Flickner (1851-1855)	son, died in Russia
Katharina Flickner (1855-1855)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Flickner (1861-1861)	son, died in Russia
Andreas Flickner (1870-1871)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Flickner, Peter A. (1853-1928), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1928 Sep 26 p. 8
 [2]: McPherson County Marriages 1870-1915, (Transcribed)

THE *JOHANN GERING SR. and ELISABETH (GRABER) GERING FAMILY:
THE JOHANN GERING JR. and FRENI (KREHBIEL) GERING FAMILY:

Elisabeth (Graber) Gering immigrated as a widow with eight (8) children. They settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

5	Eliz. Gering	42	f	Wi fe	"	"
6	Peter	25	M	Laborer	"	"
7	Johan	23	"	"	"	"
8	Froni	23	f	Wi fe	"	"
9	Anna	1	"	Chi ld	"	"
10	Eliz	16	"	Spinster	"	"
11	Jacob	12	M	none	"	"
12	Mari e	10	f	Chi ld	"	"
13	Anna	8	"	"	"	"
14	Froni	5	"	"	"	"
15	Cath. Gering	1	"	"	"	"

Transcription:			f		Russia	U. S.
345 El i z	Geri ng	42	"	Wi fe	"	"
346 Peter	"	25	M	Laborer	"	"
347 Johan	"	23	"	"	"	"
348 Froni	"	23	f	Wi fe	"	"
349 Anna	"	1	"	Chi ld	"	"
350 El i z	"	16	"	Spinster	"	"
351 Jacob	"	12	M	none	"	"
352 Mari e	"	10	f	Chi ld	"	"
353 Anna	"	8	"	"	"	"
354 Froni	"	5	"	"	"	"
355 Cath.	Geri ng	1	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#345 Elisabeth (Graber) Gering (1833-1907)	mother, age 41 (Gr3.611)
#346 Peter Gering (1852-1925)	son, age 22
#347 Johann Gering (1850-1921)	married son, age 24 (Ge4.3111)
#348 Freni (Krehbiel) Gering (1851-1933)	daughter-in-law, age 23 (Kr3.251)
#349 Anna Gering (1873-1893)	granddaughter, age 11 mo.
#350 Elisabeth Gering (1858-1918)	daughter, age 16
#351 Jacob Gering (1861-1880)	son, age 13
#352 Maria Gering (1863-1950)	daughter, age 11
#353 Anna Gering (1869-1896)	daughter, age 5
#354 Freni Gering (1866-1902)	daughter, age 8
#355 Katharina Gering (1871-1874)	daughter, age 3

The manifest registration ages of Freni (#354) and Anna (#353) appear to be switched.

(Continued)

The obituary of the mother, Elisabeth (#345), documents the initial settlement in Kansas:

"Im Jahre 1874 ist die Familie mit der Gemeinde, ihres Glaubens wegen, nach Amerika gezogen. Sie ließen sich in McPherson Co., Kan.," [1].

The obituary of the daughter-in-law, Freni (#348), states the following: "With many other families also the family of the deceased made a home in McPherson county, Kansas, west of Moundridge" [2].

These families were situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [3].

Other family members:

Johann Gering (1828-1871)

father, died in Russia (Ge3. 311)

[1]: Goering, Elisabeth Graber (1833-1907), Christlicher Bundesbote: 1907 Oct 24 p. 6

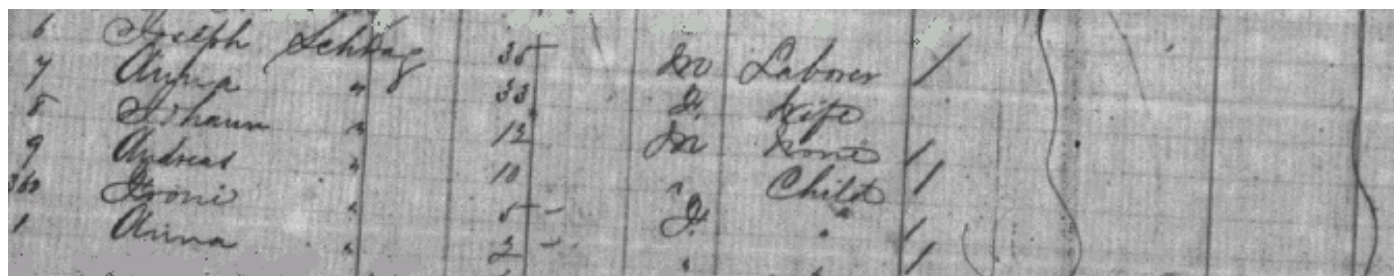
[2]: Goering, Freni Krehbiel (1851-1933), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1933 Jun 7 p. 4

[3]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed) {listed as "Garing"}

Ship-list References: #345-355 [SI Go-25], [Kr95-212].

THE JOSEPH SCHRAG and ANNA (STUCKY) SCHRAG FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription defines their family register as of 20 Aug 1874:



Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
356	Joseph Schrag	35	M Laborer	"	"
357	Anna	33	f Wife	"	"
358	Johann	12	M none	"	"
359	Andreas	10	" Child	"	"
360	Freni	5	f "	"	"
361	Anna	2	" "	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#356 Joseph Schrag (1838-1927)	father, age 36 (Sg3.443)
#357 Anna (Stucky) Schrag (1841-1916)	mother, age 33 (St4.6234)
#358 Johann J. Schrag (1861-1953)	son, age 13
#359 Andreas Schrag (1863-1899)	son, age 11
#360 Freni Schrag (1869-1940)	daughter, age 5
#361 Anna Schrag (1871-1889)	daughter, age 3

Other family members:

Anna Schrag (1865-1870)	daughter, died in Russia
Jonathan Schrag (1867-1870)	son, died in Russia

The obituary of the oldest son, Johann J. (#358), documents the family's settlement in Kansas: "He experienced a pioneer life with his parents when they came to this country, settling first at Halstead, Kansas," [1].

This family was situated in Mound Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by midyear 1875 [2].

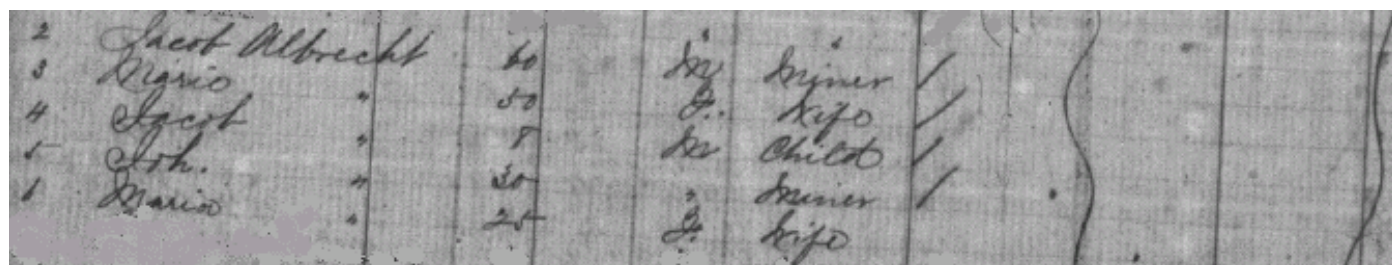
[1]: Schrag, John J. (1861-1953), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1953 Jun 4 p. 8

[2]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed), {listed as "Schrag"}

Ship-list References: #356-361 [SI Go-25], [Kr95-274].

THE JACOB ALBRECHT and MARIA (GERING) ALBRECHT FAMILY:
THE JOHANN J. ALBRECHT and MARIA (GRABER) ALBRECHT FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:

	Albrecht	Age	Sex	Relationship	Russia	U.S.
362 Jacob	Albrecht	60	M	Miner	"	"
363 Maria	"	50	F	Wife	"	"
364 Jacob	"	8	M	Child	"	"
365 Joh. *	"	30	"	Miner	"	"
366 Maria *	"	25	F	Wife	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#362 Jacob Albrecht (1815-1877)	father, age 59 (Ac3.233)
#363 Maria (Gering) Albrecht (1824-?)	mother, age 50 (Ge2.81)
#364 Jacob Albrecht (1867-1942)	son, age 7
#365 Johann J. Albrecht (1847-1933)	married son, age 27 (Ac4.2335)
#366 Maria (Graber) Albrecht (1850-1934)	daughter-in-law, age 24 (Gr3.832)
---- Johann Albrecht (1874-1888)	grand-son, born on ship

The child, Johann Albrecht (no enumeration), was reportedly born 28 Aug 1874. This date falls in the period when the steamship was over the Atlantic Ocean. Johann later froze to death in the Dakota blizzard of 12 Jan 1888 [Kr95-31]. The story is told in the book, 'The Children's Blizzard', by David Laskin (2004).

Other members of the Jacob and Maria (Gering) Albrecht family:

Anna Albrecht (1842-1842)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni (Albrecht) Kaufman (1844-1917)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #016
Anna Albrecht (1846-1846)	daughter, died in Russia
Christian M. Albrecht (1849-1911)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #210
Maria Albrecht (1851-1855)	daughter, died in Russia
Katharina Albrecht (1853-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1855-1856)	son, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1857-1862)	son, died in Russia

Other members of the Johann J. Albrecht family:

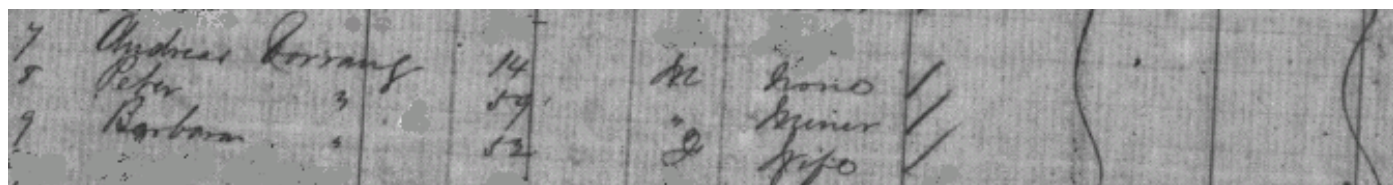
Freni Albrecht (1869-1869)	daughter, died in Russia
Maria Albrecht (1870-1871)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1872-1873)	son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #362-366 [SI Go-25], [Kr95-193, 195].

THE ANDREAS VORAN and BARBARA (KAUFMAN) VORAN FAMILY:

These were the adopted parents of Andreas Schwartz (1845-1940) whose mother and father died when he was two or three years old [Kr02-35]. They came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. They had no children of their own.

The following transcription from the ship's manifest documents their traveling arrangements:



Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
367 Andreas	Vorrang	14	M	none	"
368 Peter	"	59	"	Miner	"
369 Barbara	"	52	F	Wife	"

The surname has been transcribed 'Lorrenz' in some ship-lists [St74-25]. Writings of the name Zerger and Vorrang from this same document are provided for comparison. Notice the capital 'V' in both writings of 'Vorrang' are similar. At the same time observe the lower case 'g' in 'Zerger' is very similar to the last letter in 'Vorrang'. The opinion here is that the first letter in 'Vorrang' is not capital 'L' and the last letter is not lower case 'z' and so the surname is not 'Lorrenz'.

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#367 Peter Voran (1858-1874)	nephew, age 16 (Vn2.59)
#368 Andreas Voran (1815-1876)	husband, age 59 (Vn1.4)
#369 Barbara (Kaufman) Voran (1822-1901)	wife, age 52 (Ka3.341)

The manifest names of Andreas Voran and his nephew Peter are switched. Number 368 should be 'Andreas' and #367 should be 'Peter'.

Peter Voran (#367) is nephew of Andreas, son of Christian Voran (1818-1892), a brother of Andreas. Peter's birth family is identified on City of Richmond 08/31/1874 (same ship, #187-195).

Peter Voran died at 16 years of age, soon after arrival in Kansas on 7 Oct 1874, and according to P. P. Wedel (1960) is one of first two burials at the Hopefield Mennonite Church Cemetery [WePp-82]. The burials probably took place on 8 Oct 1874 and date the origin of the Hopefield Cemetery.

Andreas was a deacon in Russia (Kutusovka) and also in America (Hoffnungsfeld) [1].

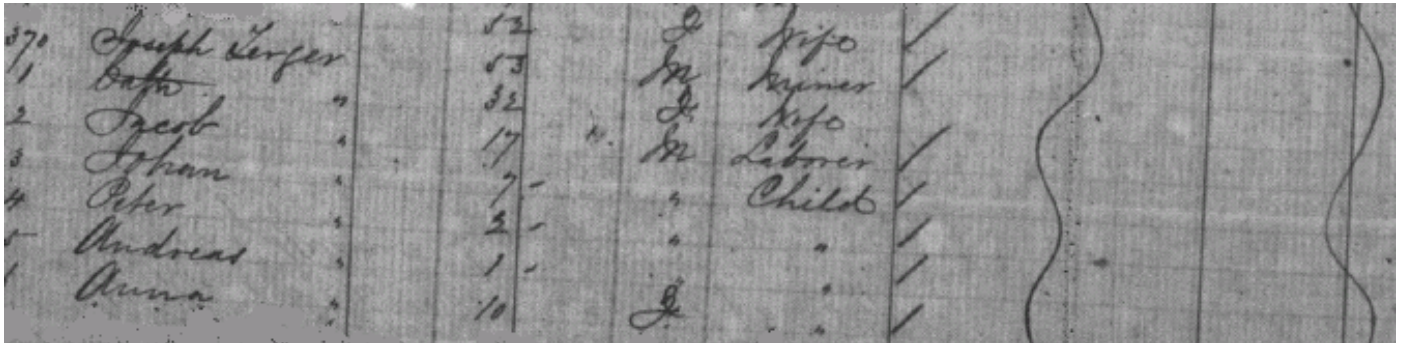
Their adopted son, Andreas Schwartz, came to America on City of Chester #1021 with his own family and settled in Dakota Territory.

[1]: Andreas Voran, Herald of Truth obituary, Dec 1876

Ship-list References: #367-369 [SlGo-25], [Kr95-299].

THE JOSEPH ZERGER and KATHARINA (WALTNER) ZERGER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation but first settled in Illinois before coming to Kansas. The following transcription documents a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they went aboard the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
370	Joseph	Zerger	53 M	Miner	" "
371	Cath	"	32 f	Wife	" "
372	Jacob	"	17 M	Laborer	" "
373	Johan	"	7 "	Child	" "
374	Peter	"	2 "	"	" "
375	Andreas	"	1 "	"	" "
376	Anna	"	10 f	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#370 Joseph Zerger (1822-1916)	father, age 52 (Zr3.312)
#371 Katharina (Waltner) Zerger (1842-1922)	mother/step-mother, age 32 (Wa2.81)
#372 Jacob J. Zerger (1857-1913)	son/step-son, age 17
#373 Johann Zerger (1867-?)	son/step-son, age 7
#374 Peter Zerger (1871-1874)	son, age 3
#375 Andreas Zerger (1873-1874)	son, age 11 mo.
#376 Anna Zerger (1864-1926)	daughter/step-dau., age 10

Passengers #372, 373 and 376 are children of Joseph's first wife, (Ac4.2323) Anna (Albrecht) Zerger (1836-1867) who passed away in Russia [2].

The obituary of second wife, Katharina #371, states the initial settlement in Illinois:

"1874 kamen sie mit vielen andern Glaubensgenossen nach Amerika; zogen direkt nach Illinois, wo sie einige Jahre blieben. Später kamen sie nach Kansas." [1].

Other family members from Joseph's first marriage:

Anna (Albrecht) Zerger (1836-1867)	first wife, died in Russia
Joseph J. Zerger (1852-1885)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #126
Katharina Zerger (1860-1867)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Zerger (1854-1856)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann Zerger (1863-1864)	son, died in Russia

Other family members from Joseph's second marriage:

Maria Zerger (1869-1871)	daughter, died in Russia
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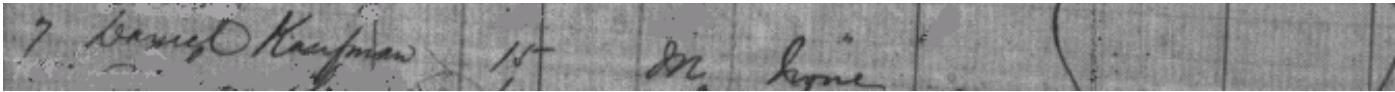
[1]: Zerger, Katie Waltner (1842-1922), Christlicher Bundesbote: 6 Apr 1922 p. 7

[2]: Zerger, Joseph (1822-1916), Christlicher Bundesbote: 13 Jul 1916 p. 6

Ship-list References: #370-376 [SlGo-25], [Kr95-308,309].

DANIEL D. KAUFMAN:

Daniel D. Kaufman immigrated as a single young man. Both of his parents were deceased at the time of immigration. He had several siblings, listed below, who also immigrated to America with their own families. The following transcription documents his registration on ship as of 20 Aug 1874:



Transcription:
377 Daniel Kaufman 15 M none " Russia U.S.

Identification and age in 1874:

#377 Daniel D. Kaufman (1856-1929) orphan, age 18 (Ka3.34d)

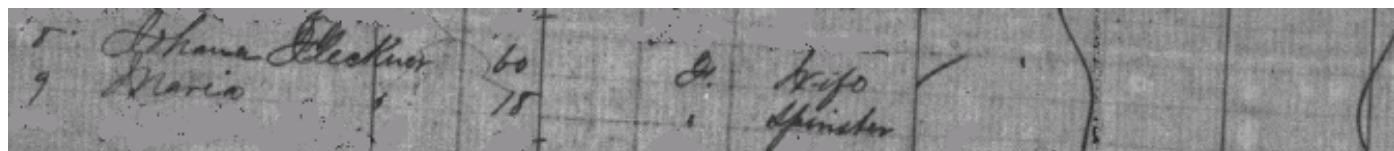
He settled in Kansas. It is not known in this study if he delayed in Illinois with close family members for a period of time before coming to Kansas? His sister, Maria, who settled in Illinois is registered nearby (#382).

Other family members:	
Jacob Kaufman (1800-1873)	father, died in Russia (Ka2.34)
Maria M. (Unruh) Kaufman (?-1862)	mother, died in Russia (Un0)
Andreas Kaufman (1846-1847)	brother, died in Russia
Maria (Kaufman) Waltnier (1849-1935)	sister, Richmond 08/31/1874, #382
Andreas Kaufman (1853-?)	brother, Chester 08/24/1874, #948
Freni Kaufman (1859-1899)	sister, Chester 08/24/1874, #949
Anna Kaufman (1862-1946)	sister, Chester 08/24/1874, #947

Ship-list References: #377 [SI Go-25].

THE JOHANN FLICKINGER and *ANNA (SCHRAG) FLICKINGER FAMILY:

Johann Flickinger's wife passed away prior to immigration. He is registered on ship with his orphan niece. The following transcription documents their immigration as of 20 Aug 1874:



Transcription:							
378 Johana*	Flickner	60	f*	Wi fe*	Russi a	U. S.	
379 Maria*	"	18	"	Spinster	"	"	

Identification and age in 1874:

#378 Johann Flickinger (1816-1890)	widower, age 58 (Fr1.8)
#379 Maria Flickinger (1854-?)	niece, age 20

Here there is not much to correlate with and the determinations are made mostly by a process of elimination.

Johann (#378) is known to have immigrated as there is a record of his burial at the Hopefield (Hoffnungsfeld) Cemetery. His parents and his wife Anna (Schrage) Flickner (1802-1872) were deceased at immigration time. There are no children known in Swiss Volhynian records for Johann and Anna. The 1880 US Census locates Johann in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas.

Maria Flickinger (#379) is daughter of Johann's deceased brother Christian (1811-1870). Her mother, Maria (Schwartz) Flickner (1819-1864), was also deceased at immigration.

They settled in Kansas. It is not known in this study if they delayed in the east before moving to Kansas?

Members of Johann's Family:

Anna (Schrage) Flickner (1802-1870)	wife, died in Russia (Sg2.43)
Katharina Flickner (1803-?)	sister, died young in Russia
Katharina Flickner (1805-1812)	sister, died in Russia
Elisabeth Flickner (1807-1811)	sister, died in Russia
Joseph Flickner (1809-1812)	brother, died in Russia
Christian Flickner (1811-1870)	brother, died in Russia
Katharina Flickner (1812-1854)	sister, died in Russia
Joseph Flickner (1814-1828)	brother, died in Russia
Anna (Flickner) Stucky (1819-1869)	sister, died in Russia
Andreas Flickner (1824-1889)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #337
Jacob Flickner (1826-1914)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #117
Joseph Flickner (1828-1828)	brother, died in Russia

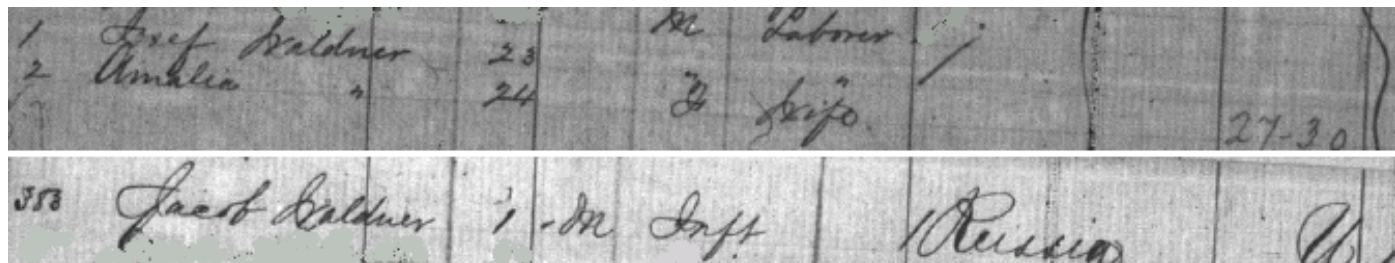
Members of Maria's family:

Christian Flickner (1811-1870)	father, died in Russia (Fr1.5)
Maria Schwartz (1819-1864)	mother, died in Russia (Sw2.12)
Jacob Flickner (1838-1918)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #295
Anna Flickner (1839-?)	sister, presumed deceased
Joseph Flickner (1841-1878)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #214
Sam/Dan Flickner (1844-1844)	brother, died in Russia
Sam/Dan Flickner (1845-1863)	brother, died in Russia
Christian Flickner (1847-1847)	brother, died in Russia
Jonathan Flickner (1848-1909)	brother, Richmond 08/31/1874, #326
Katharina Flickner (1851-1852)	sister, died in Russia
Tobias Flickner (1857-?)	brother, presumed deceased

Ship-list References: none were found.

THE JOSEPH WALTNER and MARIA (KAUFMAN) WALTNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Illinois before coming to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



<i>Transcription:</i>			<i>M</i>	<i>Laborer</i>	<i>Russi a</i>	<i>U. S.</i>
381 Joseph	<i>Wal dner</i>	23	"	"	"	"
382 Amelia*	"	24	<i>f</i>	<i>Wi fe</i>	"	"
383 Jacob	<i>Wal dner</i>	1	<i>M</i>	<i>Inft</i>	<i>Russi a</i>	<i>U. S.</i>

Identification and age calculated from genealogical records:

#381 Joseph Wal tner (1851-1913)	father, age 23 (Wa2. 85)
#382 Maria (Kaufman) Wal tner (1849-1935)	mother, age 25 (Ka3. 34b)
#383 Jacob R. Wal tner (1873-1945)	son, age 15 mo.

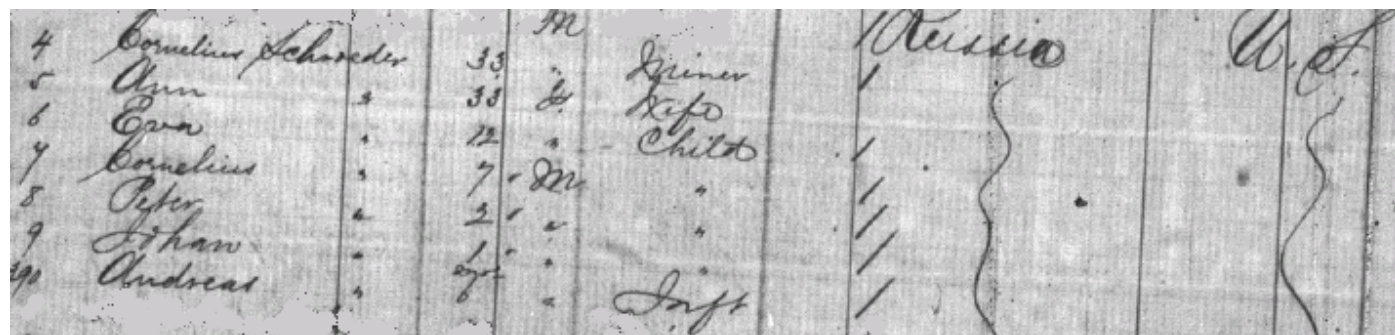
According to the obituary of child Jacob (#383) he came with his parents to Illinois and later to Kansas: "Als Kind kam er mit Eltern nach Illinois und später nach Kansas." [1].

[1]: Wal tner, Jakob R. (1873-1945), Christlicher Bundesbote, 6 Mar 1945 p. 14

Ship-list References: #381-383 [SI Go-25].

THE KORNELIUS SCHROEDER and ANNA (MAIDEN NAME UNKNOWN) FAMILY:

The following transcription defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874 the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
384	Cornelius Schroeder	33	"	Miner	"	"
385	Ann	33	f	wife	"	"
386	Eva	12	"	Child	"	"
387	Cornelius	7	M	"	"	"
388	Peter	2	"	"	"	"
389	Johan	1	"	"	"	"
390	Andreas	6m*	"	Inft	"	"

Identification and age in 1874:

#384 Kornelius Schroeder (1841?-?)	father, age 33? (Sd0)
#385 Anna (?) Schroeder (1841?-?)	mother, age 33?
#386 Eva Schroeder (1862-?)	daughter, age 12
#387 Kornelius Schroeder (1868-?)	son, age 6
#388 Peter Schroeder (1872-1943?)	son, age 2
#389 Johann Schroeder (c. 1873-?)	son, age 1?
#390 Andreas Schroeder (c. 1874-?)	son, age unknown

Very little is known about this family. Krehbiel (1995) states that they are listed in the Eduardsdorf-Kutusovka Church Book [Kr95-143].

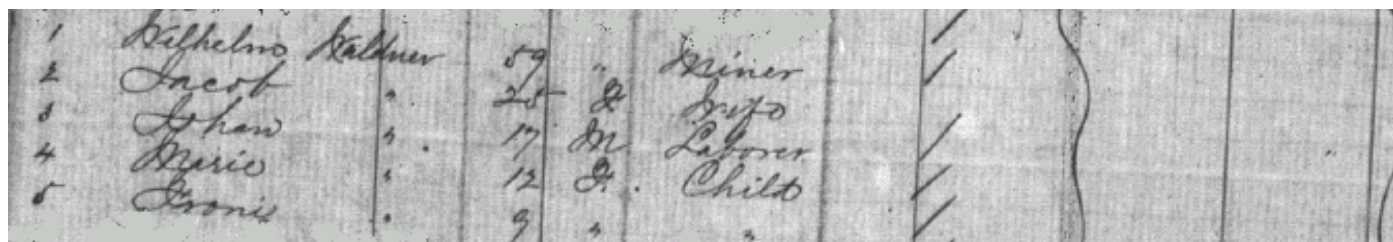
The family probably settled in Kansas. A Cornelius Schroeder is listed by Stucky (1954) as coming from McPherson Co. to Pretty Prairie, Kansas in 1884 or 1885 [1].

[1]: Stucky, Jonas A., 1954, "Epochs of History of First Mennonite Church of Pretty Prairie, Kansas, 1884-1954", p. 10

Ship-list References: #384-390 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-279].

THE WILHELM WALTNER and *MARIA (BEIER) WALTNER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S.S. City of Richmond documents the immigration and defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
391 Wilhelm	Wal dner	59	"	Miner	"	"
392 Jacob*	"	25	f	Wi fe*	"	"
393 Johan	"	17	M	Laborer	"	"
394 Marie	"	12	f	Chi ld	"	"
395 Freni	"	9	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#391 Wilhelm Wal tner (1815-1878)	father, age 59 (Wa1.8)
#392 Jacob Wal tner (1854-?)	son, age 20
#393 Johann Wal tner (1857-1933)	son, age 17
#394 Maria Wal tner (1864-1931)	daughter, age 10
#395 Freni Wal tner (1867-1932)	daughter, age 7

The obituary of daughter Freni (#395) states: "In 1874, she, with her father, brothers and sisters, immigrated to the United Stats and located in McPherson County, Kansas, in the vicinity of Moundridge." [1].

From the obituary of daughter Maria (#394): "She spent ten years of her life in Russia coming to the United States in the year 1874 with her father, three brothers, and three sisters." [2].

Other family members:

Maria (Beir) Wal tner (?-1872)	mother, died in Russia
Katharina (Wal tner) Zerger (1842-1922)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #371
Andreas Wal tner (1844-1850)	son, died in Russia
Anna (Wal tner) Dirks (1847-1886)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #155
Johann Wal tner (1849-1850)	son, died in Russia
Joseph Wal tner (1851-1913)	son, Richmond 08/31/1874, #381
Maria Wal tner (1857-1857)	daughter, died in Russia
Maria Wal tner (1859-1860)	daughter, died in Russia
Freni Wal tner (1859-1860)	daughter, died in Russia
Andreas Wal tner (1860-1872)	son, died in Russia

[1]: Stucky, Freni Wal tner (1867-1932), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1932 Jan 20 p. 3

[2]: Lindenberger, Mary Wal tner (1864-1931), Mennonite Weekly Rev.: 1931 Sep 30 p. 3

Ship-list References: #391-395 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-302].

THE CHRISTIAN ALBRECHT and MAGDALENA (WALTNER) ALBRECHT FAMILY:
 THE JOSEPH ALBRECHT and ANNA (RATZLAFF) ALBRECHT FAMILY:
 THE JULIUS NACHTIGALL and FRENI (ALBRECHT) NACHTIGALL FAMILY:

The following transcription provides family registers as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

6	Julius Nachtigall	24	M	Farmer	
7	Froni	26	F	Wife	
8	Ann	1	"	Child	
9	Ch. Albrecht	63	M	Farmer	
400	Magdalena	63	F	Wife	
1	Josef	33	M	Laborer	
2	Anna	25	F	Spinster	
3	Maria	26	"	"	
4	Christian	5	M	Child	
5	Froni	3	F	"	
6	Jacob	1	M	"	

Transcription:				Russia	U. S.
396	Julius	Nachtigall	24 M	Farmer	" "
397	Froni	"	26 F	Wife	" "
398	Ann	"	1 "	Child	" "
399	Ch.	Albrecht	63 M	Farmer	" "
400	Magdaline	"	63 F	Wife	" "
401	Josef	"	33 M	Laborer	" "
402	Anna	"	25 F	Spinster	" "
403	Maria*	"	26 "	"	" "
404	Christian	"	5 M	Child	" "
405	Froni	"	3 F	"	" "
406	Jacob	"	1 M	"	" "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#396	Julius Nachtigall (1848-?)	son-in-law, age 26 (Ng0)
#397	Freni (Albrecht) Nachtigall (1846-?)	married daughter, age 28 (Ac4. 2328)
#398	Anna Nachtigall (1873-?)	granddaughter, age 1
#399	Christian Albrecht (1812-1890)	father, age 62 (Ac3. 232)
#400	Magdalena (Waltner) Albrecht (1812-1883)	mother, age 63 (Wa1. 7)
#401	Joseph Albrecht (1841-1914)	married son, age 33 (Ac4. 2325)
#402	Anna (Ratzlaff) Albrecht (1845-1903)	daughter-in-law, age 25 (Rz0)
#403	Maria (Albrecht) Stellmacher (1846-?)	daughter, age 28 {widow ?}
#404	Christian J. Albrecht (1868-1948)	grandson, age 6
#405	Freni Albrecht (1871-1947)	granddaughter, age 3
#406	Jacob J. Albrecht (1874-1940)	grandson, age 5 mo.

Daughters #397 (Freni) and #403 (Maria) are twins, both registered at age 26. They are thought to have married in Russia on the same day, 12 Sep 1872 [Kr95-29]. Freni is registered on ship with her husband, Julius Nachtigall, but Maria's husband, Gustav Stellmacher, is not found. If the records are valid then this might indicate Stellmacher's death prior to immigration or that Maria's marriage occurred later in America (possibly Illinois)? No evidence was found to distinguish either case.

(Continued)

The obituary of grandson Christian J. (#404) states, "During the year 1874 he, with his parents, emigrated to America. They lived in Illinois a few years, after which the family went to McPherson County, Kansas ... and later to Reno County" [1].

The obituary of Freni (#405) states, "At the age of three years she came with her parents to America ... settled temporarily in Illinois, and later made their home in Kansas, first in Harvey county and later in Reno County near Pretty Prairie." [2].

There is evidence from the 1880 US Census that the family was situated in McPherson Co., Turkey Creek Township in mid-year 1880.

Other members of the Christian and Magdalena Albrecht family:

Johann Albrecht (1833-1835)	son, died in Russia
Katharina Albrecht (1834-1834)	daughter, died in Russia
Anna (Albrecht) Zerger (1836-1867)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1839-1847)	son, died in Russia
Katharina (Albrecht) Sutter (1844-1917)	daughter, Richmond 07/27/1874, #567
Elisabeth Albrecht (1849-1851)	daughter, died in Russia
Jacob Albrecht (1852-1863)	son, died in Russia

Daughter, Anna (Albrecht) Zerger (1836-1867) died in Russia. She was the first wife of Joseph Zerger (1822-1916) who along with their children immigrated on City of Richmond 08/31/1874 #370-376.

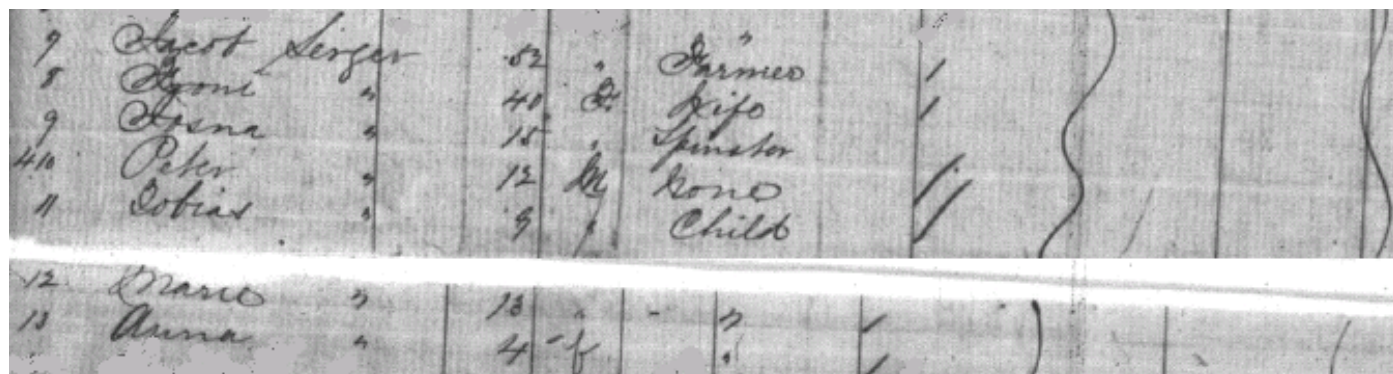
[1]: Albrecht, Chris J. (1868-1948), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1948 Apr 22 p. 3

[2]: Schwartz, Fanny Albrecht (1871-1947), Mennonite Weekly Review: 16 Oct 1947 p. 3

Ship-list References: #399-406 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-193].

THE JACOB ZERGER and FRENI (WALTNER) ZERGER FAMILY:

This family came to America with the Kutusovka Congregation and settled in Illinois before moving to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
407 Jacob	Serger	52	"	Farmer	"	"
408 Freni	"	40	f	wife	"	"
409 Josna	"	15	"	Spinster	"	"
410 Peter	"	12	M	none	"	"
411 Tobias	"	8*	"	child	"	"
412 Marie	"	13	"	"	"	"
413 Anna	"	4	f	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#407 Jacob Zerger (1825-1913)	father, age 49 (Zr3.313)
#408 Freni (Waltner) Zerger (1835-1921)	mother, age 39 (Wa2.27)
#409 Joshua Zerger (1858-1910)	son, age 16
#410 Peter Zerger (1863-1927)	son, age 11
#411 Tobias Zerger (1864-1923)	son, age 10
#412 Maria Zerger (1860-1934)	daughter, age 14
#413 Anna Zerger (1870-?)	daughter, age 4

The obituary of Peter Zerger (#410) states the following: "The family at first settled temporarily in Illinois where they lived for a short time, then they moved to Kansas and settled in McPherson County" [1], "by 1877" [2].

Other family members:

Jacob Zerger (1856-1867)

son, died in Russia

Freni Zerger (1874-1922)

daughter, born after immigration

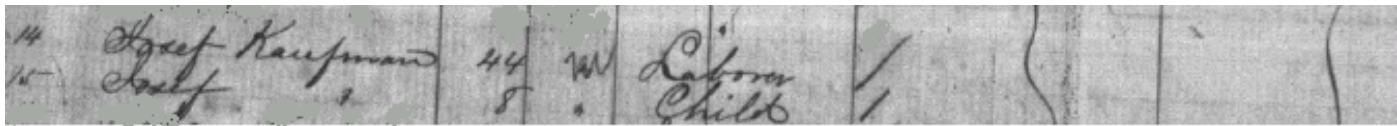
[1]: Zerger, Peter (1863-1927), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1927 Dec 21 p. 6

[2]: The Josua & Freni Stucky Zerger Story, p. 6, SMCHA, <https://swissmennonite.org>

Ship-list References: #407-413 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-309].

THE JACOB P. KAUFMAN and MAGDALENA (RIES) KAUFMAN FAMILY:

Jacob P. Kaufman and one of his sons were apparently delayed from coming to America on the S.S. City of Chester with the rest of their family. The following transcription documents their immigration on the S.S. City of Richmond as of 20 Aug 1874:



Transcription:
414 Josef Kaufman 44 M Laborer Russia U.S.
415 Josef " 8 " Child " "

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#414 Joseph P. Kaufman (1830-1880) father, age 44 (Ka3.334)
#415 Joseph J. Kaufman (1869-1954) son, age 7

The greater part of this family is identified on City of Chester 08/24/1874, #968-973. The reason Joseph and his son did not come with the mother and the rest of the children is a matter of speculation. It is presumable that the family regrouped in New York.

The family settled in Dakota Territory.

Ship-list References: #414-415 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-243].

THE JOHANN J. KREHBIEL and ANNA (STUCKY) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

The indications are that this family settled in Illinois before moving to Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:

16	Johan Krepel	48	M	Miner	Russia	U. S.
17	Anna	42	f	Wife	"	"
18	Anna	22	"	Spinster	"	"
19	Barbara	29	"	Wife	"	"
420	Jacob	18	M	Laborer	"	"
1	Joseph	11	"	Child	"	"
2	Tobias	10	"	"	"	"
3	Hanna	8	f	"	"	"
4	Froni	5	"	"	"	"
5	Peter	1	M	"	"	"

Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
416 Johan	Krepel	48	"	Miner*	"	"
417 Anna	"	42	f	Wife	"	"
418 Anna	"	22	"	Spinster	"	"
419 Barbara	"	29	"	Wife	"	"
420 Jacob	"	18	M	Laborer	"	"
421 Joseph	"	11	"	Child	"	"
422 Tobias	"	10	"	"	"	"
423 Hanna	"	8	f	"	"	"
424 Froni	"	5	"	"	"	"
425 Peter	"	1	M	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#416 Johann J. Krehbiel (1826-1891)	father, age 48 (Kr2.32)
#417 Anna (Stucky) Krehbiel (1833-?)	mother, age 41 (St3.646)
#418 Anna Krehbiel (1850-?)	daughter, age 24
#419 Barbara Krehbiel (1852-1926)	daughter, age 22
#420 Jacob P. Krehbiel (1855-1939)	son, age 19
#421 Joseph Krehbiel (1858-1936)	son, age 15
#422 Tobias J. Krehbiel (1862-1923?)	son, age 12
#423 Johann C. Krehbiel (1865-?)	son, age 9
#424 Freni C. Krehbiel (1868-1958)	daughter, age 6
#425 Peter Krehbiel (1872-?)	son, age 22 mo.

Jacob P. (#420) is the maternal grandfather of Harley J. Stucky (1920-2005). who compiled "The Swiss (Volhynian) Ship List 1874". [SVdb].

The 1880 US Census locates the family in Tazewell Co., Illinois, village of Hopedale [KrHf-19].

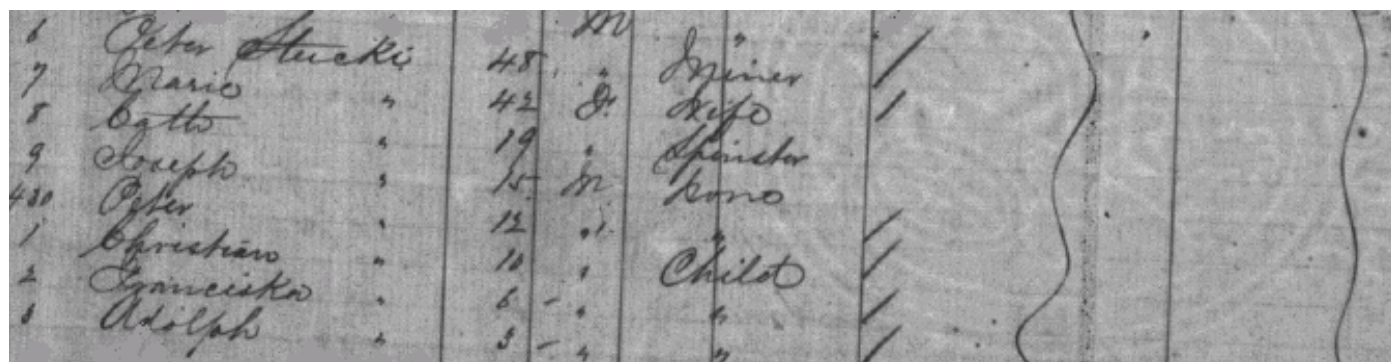
Other family members:

Johann Krehbiel (1851-1863) son, died in Russia

Ship-list References: #416-425 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-250].

THE PETER C. STUCKY and MARIA (KAUFMAN) STUCKY FAMILY:

This family came to America and settled in Kansas. The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
426 Peter	Stucki	48	"	Miner	"	"
427 Marie	"	42	f	Wife	"	"
428 Cath	"	19	"	Spinster	"	"
429 Joseph	"	15	M	none	"	"
430 Peter	"	12	"	"	"	"
431 Christian	"	10	"	Child	"	"
432 Franciska	"	6	"	"	"	"
433 Adolph	"	3	"	"	"	"

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#426 Peter C. Stucky (1826-1892)	father, age 48 (St3.629)
#427 Maria (Kaufman) Stucky (1833-1889)	mother, age 42 (Ka3.371)
#428 Katharina Stucky (1854-1895)	daughter, age 20
#429 Joseph P. Stucky (1859-1921)	son, age 15
#430 Peter P. Stucky (1862-1888)	son, age 12
#431 Christian P. Stucky (1864-1918)	son, age 10
#432 Freni S. Stucky (1867-1940)	daughter, age 7
#433 Adolph P. Stucky (1871-1942)	son, age 3

The obituary of youngest son, Adolph (#433) states: "In 1874 he with his parents came to America settling in McPherson county, Kansas" [1].

Other family members:

Maria Stucky (1851-1854)	daughter, died in Russia
Benjamin Stucky (1853-1853)	son, died in Russia
Peter Stucky (1857-1858)	son, died in Russia

The family of the mother Maria (Kaufman) Stucky (#427) remained in Russia when the congregations left Europe in 1874. Her mother, Katharina (Gering) Kaufman (1811-1884) along with her brother, Napoleon R. Kaufman (1862-1929) immigrated in 1877 aboard the S. S. Switzerland [2]. Her father, Joseph Kaufman (1813-1896), is known to have immigrated probably after 1877 but this has not been confirmed by ship records.

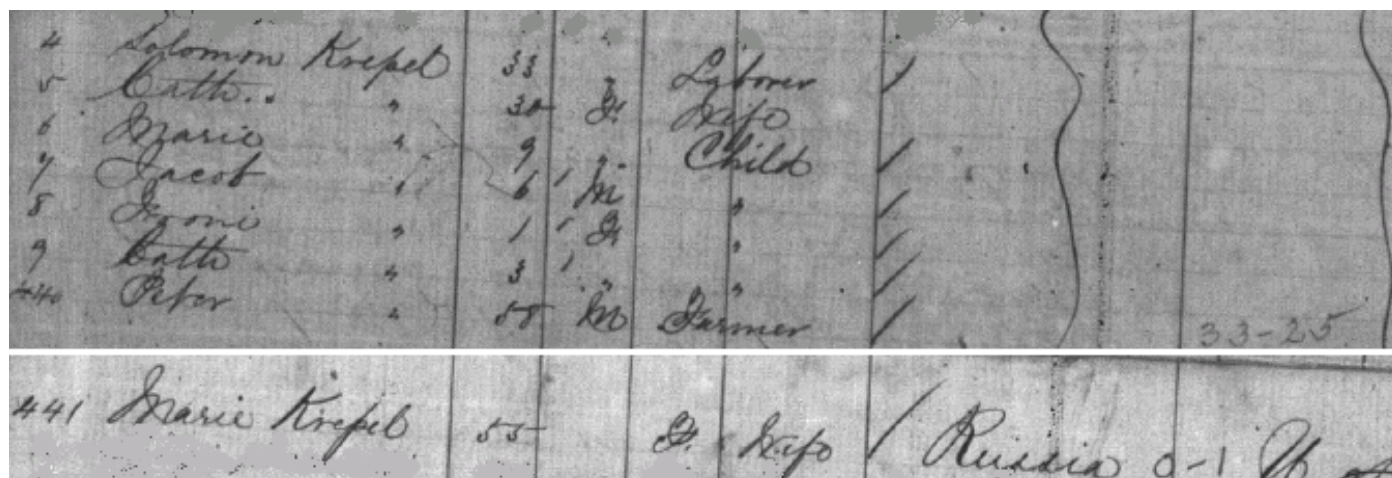
[1]: Stucky, Adolf P. (1871-1942), Mennonite Weekly Review: 1942 Jun 11 p. 8

[2]: Schrag, Vernon C., 2017, "On the Swiss Volhynian Immigrants Who Came to America After the Main Groups Left Russia in 1874", p. 11

Ship-List References: #426-433 [SI Go-26], [Kr95-293].

THE SOLOMON KREHBIEL and KATHARINA (PREHEIM) KREHBIEL FAMILY:
THE PETER KREHBIEL and MARGARETA (STRAUSZ) KREHBIEL FAMILY:

The following transcription from the Manifest of the S. S. City of Richmond defines a family register as of 20 Aug 1874, the day they boarded the steamship at Liverpool:



Transcription:			M		Russia	U. S.
434	Solomon Krepel	33	"	Laborer	"	"
435	Cath	30	f	Wife	"	"
436	Marie	9	"	Child	"	"
437	Jacob	6	M	"	"	"
438	Freni	1	f	"	"	"
439	Cath	3	"	"	"	"
440	Peter	58	M	Farmer	"	"
441	Marie Krepel	55	f	Wife	Russia	U. S.

Identification and age in 1874 calculated from genealogical records:

#434 Solomon Krehbiel (1844-1927)	father, age 30 (Kr3.234)
#435 Katharina (Preheim) Krehbiel (1847-1926)	mother, age 27 (Pr2.15)
#436 Maria Krehbiel (1865-1895)	daughter, age 9
#437 Jacob Krehbiel (1868-1874)	son, age 6
#438 Freni Krehbiel (1873-1874)	daughter, age 1
#439 Katharina Krehbiel (1871-1874)	daughter, age 3
#440 Peter Krehbiel (1814-1878)	grandfather, age 58 (Kr2.23)
#441 Margareta (Strausz) Krehbiel (c.1823-1881)	grandmother, age 51? (Ss1.6)

The children, Jacob #437, Freni #438 and Katharina #439 are all thought to have died at Halstead during the first days in Kansas [KrHf-24].

The Solomon Krehbiel family was situated in Turkey Creek Township, McPherson Co., Kansas by mid year 1875 [1].

Other members of the Peter and Margareta Krehbiel family:

Jacob Krehbiel (1837-1837)	son, died in Russia
Katharina (Krehbiel) Schwartz (1838-1908)	daughter, Richmond 08/31/1874, #037
Barbara Krehbiel (1840-1844)	daughter, died in Russia
Johann Krehbiel (1849-1854)	son, died in Russia
Maria Krehbiel (1852-1862)	daughter, died in Russia

[1]: McPherson Co., Kansas 1875 Census (Transcribed)

Ship-list References: #434-441 [SI Go-27], [Kr95-252].

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA : APPENDIX

THOSE NOT FOUND: The following individuals could not be found in ship records for the main groups:

GRABER, DANIEL J. (1846-1880):
GRABER, MARIA (SUTTER) (1813-?):

There is considerable evidence that (Gr3.735) Daniel J. Graber immigrated to America as his death appears to be remembered by the memorial at the Salem-Zion Cemetery in South Dakota which lists those who are interned in unmarked graves.

He was a son of (Gr2.73) Johann G. Graber (1810-1850) and (Su2.22) Maria (Sutter) Graber (1813-?). His mother's date of death, recorded 1926 [Kr95-297], is questionable as she would have been 113 years of age at passing. It is likely that her date of death is mismatched with the records of (Su3.235) Maria G. (Sutter) Graber (1846-1926) who was married to a different Johann G. Graber. Daniel's mother is also not found by ship record and it is presumable that she died in Russia prior to immigration as nothing further is known of her.

Daniel had one sibling known living at the time of immigration. This was Maria (Graber) Schwartz (1842-1919) who came to America with the first half of the Zahoriz Congregation on the S.S. City of Richmond 05/18/1874, #902. Daniel is not found registered with her.

It is thought that Daniel married an 1874 immigrant, (Gr3.579) Maria Graber (1859-1934) in Dakota on 28 Dec 1875 [1] and so his immigration can be expected prior to that date. [Kr95-65]

Daniel is listed as the informant for his family in the 1880 Federal Census.

[1]: KrJw, p. 78 [SVdb].

KLASSEN, AGNETHA (1823-1890) (Ks0):
GRABER, MARIA (1849-1921) (Gr3.663):

Maria is Agnetha's daughter from her first marriage. No ship records were found for either of them.

Agnetha was married to Jacob Graber (1809-1853). There is evidence that she was remarried to one named Jacob Bacher (Becker) while still in Russia [Kr95-93]. She most likely immigrated with other groups. The same is so for Maria who married Heinrich Foth in Russia [SVdb].

An immigration date 28 Nov 1874 is suggested but could not be associated with any known New York arrival [SVdb].

Both of Maria's brothers, Agnetha's sons, are identified City of Chester 08/24/74 #904 & #908 but neither Agnetha or Maria are found with them.

RIES, DAVID (1851-?):

At the time of immigration in 1874 David Ries (Rs2.2b) was the eldest unmarried child from his father's second marriage. On the basis of his marriage record to an 1874 immigrant in 1878, (Kr3.331) Maria Krehbiel (1857-?), it is thought that he did in fact immigrate to America [Kr95-120]. He would have been about 23 years of age in 1874.

His parents and younger siblings are identified with the Kutusovka Congregation on the S.S. City of Richmond 08/31/1874, #310-317 but David is not identified with them. At the same time he is not found with any of his older half-siblings.

It is possible that he immigrated with his parent's family but was accidentally omitted from the ship's manifest?

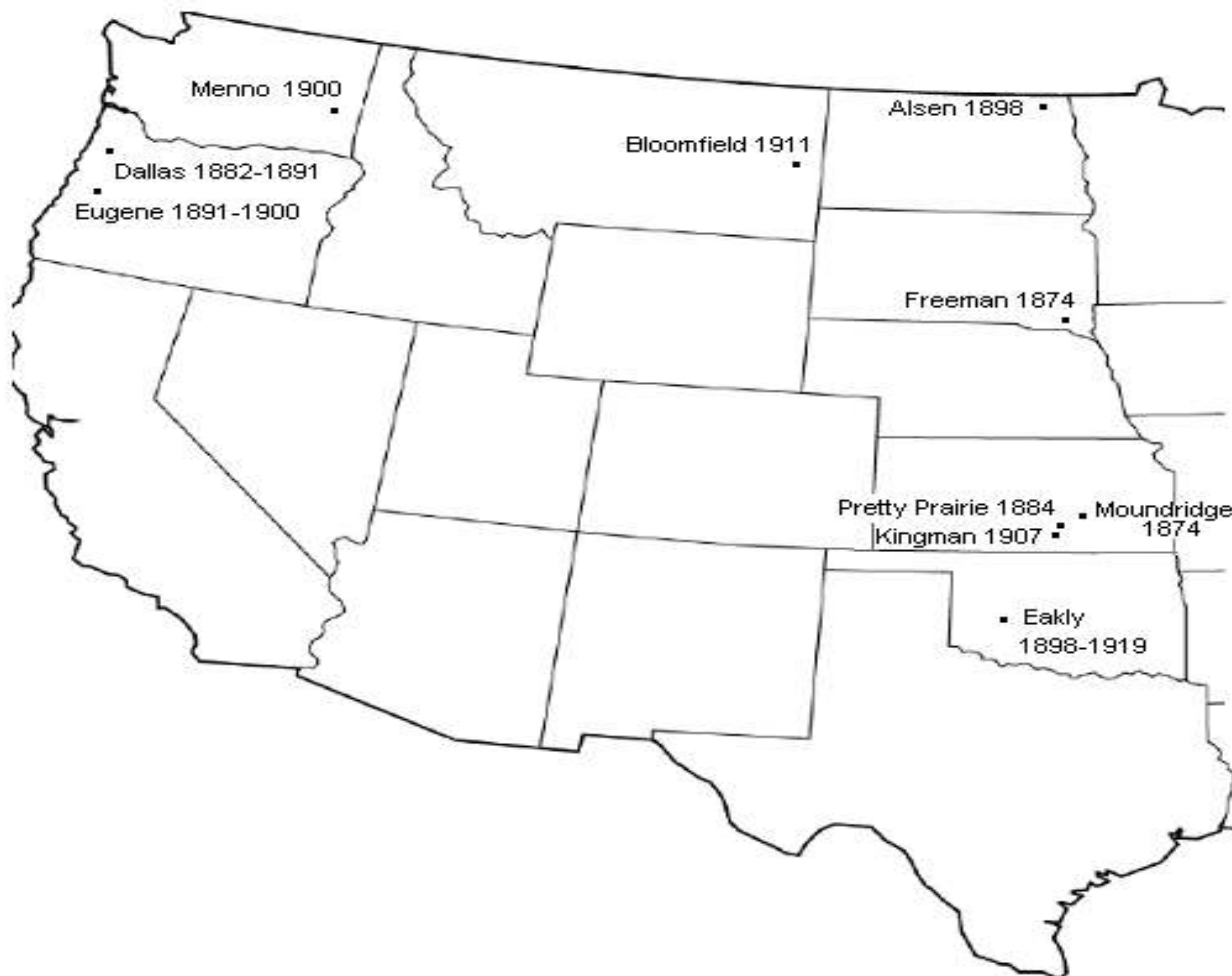
SCHRAG, JOSEPH (1816-1875?) (Sg2.75):

No ship record could be located for this man. Three of his sons are found on City of Chester #705-707, #708 and #710-715 but he is not found with them.

His date of death 1875 if accurate would indicate that he could have immigrated? There is an inscription at Salem-Zion Cemetery Monument for unmarked graves which reads: "Joseph Schrag 1816-1875".

His death is also reported 19 Jan 1852 from four sources in which case he would have died in Russia [VoBo, Volhynian Ch. Book Num. Three, p. 9; GrAr-466; WaGa-52, Kr95-266.

AMERICAN SETTLEMENTS:



Swiss Volhynian settlements in America are defined on the basis of established Swiss volhynian Churches.

KREHBIEL CODES:

In his 1995 publication, 'Swiss Russian Mennonite Families Before 1874', J.W. Krehbiel introduced a numbering or coding system for individuals. An example is the code for Andreas D. Schrag: Sg2.86. He is the second generation from the patriarch Johannes Schrag (Sg0) and is the sixth born of the eighth born.

The most useful property of the system is that it can identify an individual uniquely. This is helpful when dealing with European born folk where many often used and reused the same given names and one is sometimes uncertain as to who is being referenced.

In later works Krehbiel changed some of the codes. The codes used in this report are unchanged as they were defined in 1995 [Kr95-vii].

ENGLISH HAND SCRIPT:

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj
Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss
Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

IDENTIFICATION OF SWISS VOLHYNIAN IMMIGRANTS FROM RUSSIA : APPENDIX

CROSS-REFERENCE TO STUCKY (1974) SHIP-LIST ENUMERATIONS:

The following tables are provided to aid those who wish to compare the ship-lists provided by Harley J. Stucky (1974), 'Mennonite Ship List Swiss Volhynian 1874' with the information provided in this study:

City of Richmond 05/18/1874:
Manifest: [St74-2, 3]:

875 - 882	.....	1 - 8
883 - 892	.....	9 - 18
893 - 896	.....	19 - 22
897 - 900	.....	23 - 26
901 - 907	.....	27 - 33
908 - 913	.....	34 - 39
914 - 916	.....	40 - 42
917 - 924	.....	43 - 50
925 - 929	.....	51 - 55

City of Richmond 07/27/1874:
Manifest: [St74-5..7]:

487 - 494	.....	1 - 7 (missing 1)
527 - 529	.....	not listed
555 - 558	.....	8 - 11
559 - 560	.....	12 - 13
561 - 565	.....	14 - 18
566 - 571	.....	19 - 24
572 - 580	.....	25 - 33
581 - 588	.....	34 - 41
589 - 593	.....	42 - 46
594 - 604	.....	47 - 57
605 - 609	.....	58 - 62
610 - 615	.....	63 - 68
616 - 625	.....	69 - 78
626 - 632	.....	79 - 85
633 - 637	.....	86 - 90

City of Chester 08/24/1874:
Manifest: [St74-11..16]:

697 - 783	.....	not listed
784 - 788	.....	1 - 5
789 - 798	.....	6 - 15
799	.....	16
800 - 807	.....	17 - 24
808 - 811	.....	25 - 28
812 - 818	.....	29 - 35
819 - 823	.....	36 - 40
824 - 829	.....	41 - 46
830 - 833	.....	47 - 50
834	.....	51
835 - 837	.....	52 - 54
838 - 842	.....	55 - 59
843 - 849	.....	60 - 66
850 - 852	.....	67 - 69
853 - 860	.....	70 - 77
861 - 863	.....	78 - 80
864 - 867	.....	81 - 84
868 - 876	.....	85 - 93
877 - 880	.....	94 - 97
881 - 885	.....	98 - 102
886 - 896	.....	103 - 113
897 - 903	.....	114 - 120
904 - 908	.....	121 - 125

City of Chester 08/24/1874:
Manifest: [St74-11..16]:

909 - 918	.....	126 - 135
919 - 925	.....	136 - 142
926 - 931	.....	143 - 148
932 - 936	.....	149 - 153
937 - 940	.....	154 - 157
941 - 954	.....	158 - 171
955 - 966	.....	172 - 183
967	.....	184
968 - 973	.....	185 - 190
974 - 982	.....	191 - 199
983 - 990	.....	200 - 207
991 - 994	.....	208 - 211
995 - 1001	.....	212 - 218
1002 - 1005	...	219 - 222
1006 - 1009	...	223 - 226
1010 - 1011	...	227 - 228
1012 - 1014	...	229 - 231
1015 - 1020	...	232 - 237
1021 - 1025	...	238 - 242
1026 - 1028	...	243 - 245
1029 - 1031	...	246 - 248
1032 - 1036	...	249 - 253
1037 - 1038	...	254 - 255
1039 - 1040	...	256 - 257
1041 - 1043	...	258 - 260

The enumerations for the S.S. City of Richmond 08/31/1874 are identical in both lists.

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